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VOL. XXII NO. 126 BOMBAY TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

MAHATMA ON REVISED HARIJAN PROGRAMME

Predominantly A Collecting Tour

Wishes To Come In Contact With As Many Harijans & Sanatanists As Possible

Reaches Bombay On June 14th, Ahmedabad On June 27th, And Karachi On July 7th

KENDRAPARA, May 28.

Speaking on the revised Harijan programme for the remaining provinces, Gandhiji said:—"After the rich experiences I am having in Orissa, this programme does not please me at all, but no province save Bengal was willing to forego my visit altoether. Almost all the provincial workers agreed that the walking tour was better. It was urged that a walking tour for three or four days would be a mockery, and the spiritual effect would be missed if it was closely intermixed with railway and motor travelling. A compromise was, therefore, effected and the revised programme was the result. Its peculiarity lies in my being in one and the same place in each province during the whole of my stay there.

THAKKAR BAPA'S DECISION.

I see that Thakkar Bapa has made an exception in favour of the United Provinces which is not one but many provinces. This obviates the mad rush. The revised programme becomes a predominantly collecting tour and not one for the delivery of my message.

I would, however, like workers to meet at these places and gather the results of the past six months' tour, and discuss the future plan of work. If I am to do this solid work I must not be taken from place to place to receive purses or to address meetings.

During my stay in each Province, there should be no appointments for me to go anywhere. Beyond one public meeting, and one women's meeting where desired, there should not be other functions. I should like to come in touch with as many Harijans and Sanatanists as possible."

PROVISIONAL PROGRAMME.

Mr. Gandhi's provisional Harijan tour programme is as follows:—

11th June, foot pilgrimage in Orissa.

12th June noon leave Balasore for Bombay via Kharagpur and Nagpur by the Bombay Mail.

14th June morning arrive in Bombay.

June 14th to 18th stay in Bombay city.

19 to 25th stay in Poona.

26th June leave Poona for Ahmedabad.

June 27th to July 4th stay in Ahmedabad.

5th July stay at Ajmer.

6th July leave for Karachi.

7th to 11th July stay at Karachi.

11th July leave Karachi for Lahore.

13th to 17th July stay at Lahore

18th to 31st July stay in United Provinces (Benares and Cawnpore).—A.P.

FRENCH ACE'S ATLANTIC FLIGHT

First Attempt For Air Link Between France And S. America

SAINT LOUIS, May 28.

The Atlantic flight from Senegal to Brazil is begun by the French ace Jean Marmoz. Flying in an Arcenciel he took off at three hours. This is the first French attempt with official backing to make a commercial air link between France and South America. The aero-plane must make three double-journeys before the service will be recognised.—Reuter.

CYCLONE HAVOC

Heavy Casualties In S. America

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, May 28.

Three are dead and thousands injured and damage estimated at ten million pesos is caused by a cyclone which swept conception.

It was heralded by a violent hailstorm. Hundred workmen's houses are demolished, one of which was swept along bodily for 50 yards.—Reuter.

GENL. SHUMSHERE-JUNG IN LONDON

Received By Foreign And India Offices Representatives

LONDON, May 28.

General Shumsherejung arrived at Victoria Station. He was welcomed by representatives of Foreign and India Offices and others, including the Central Hindu Society who garlanded and presented an address, welcoming the General to London, as the only representative independent Hindu State, declaring his presence had been proved that the Hindu religion was real living force.

The General told Reuter he was glad to be in London. He felt already at home. He is looking forward to seeing the King and offering him the order of Rajanya.

General's wife, an invalid, was carried in a stretcher to a motor ambulance, wherein she was conveyed to the Mission's Headquarters at Hyde Park Square. The Mission was officially welcomed at Dover by the Mayor of the Corporation.

The General will lay a wreath at the Cenotaph on 29th May and be received in audience by the King the next day. Thereafter he visits places of interest, witnesses tropping of colour on 4th June and Derby on 6th June.

Sir Samuel and Lady Hoare on behalf of the Government are giving party at the India Office on 8th June.—Reuter.

Portraits Of Iyengars To Be Unveiled

MADRAS, May 28.

It is understood that during the forthcoming visit to Madras Dr. B. C. Roy and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will unveil the portraits of Mr. S. Srinivasa Aiyengar, formerly president of the Indian National Congress, and late Mr. A. Rangaswami Aiyengar at Ranade Hall and Congress House respectively.

The South Indian National Association and the Mahajana Sabha claim the two patriots' association, invaluable help and service. United Press.

KARACHI-BOMBAY Ry.

No Prospect Of Early Decision

ONLY 2 p. c. RETURN ON CAPITAL OF 6 CRORES?

SIMLA, May 28.

The Associated Press understands that the report on the prospect of the Karachi-Bombay railway has been received by the Government and that it is calculated that the line may not yield more than two per cent return on a capital of about six crores which will be required to construct the line. The question will be considered by the Government of India in the light of various issues involved.

Firstly, there is already the sea route which is cheap; secondly, the diversion of traffic from sea to rail would cause unemployment among those engaged in coastal traffic. As against this, the construction of the line would lead to employment and the use of stores and material. Unless therefore advantages and disadvantages can at least be evenly balanced there seems little likelihood of a favourable decision being reached at an early date.—A.P.

HANDICAPS TO INDIAN STUDENTS

Dr. Quayle's Warning To Parents And Guardians

LIMITED ADMISSION IN WESTERN COLLEGES

SIMLA, May 28.

The folly of sending Indian students to foreign countries without ascertaining beforehand their qualifications and fitness for prosecution of studies abroad has been emphasised by Dr. Quayle in his report on the work of Education Department in the High Commissioner's office for 1932-33.

Dr. Quayle with whom Sir Bhupendra Mitra High Commissioner for India agrees says:—

It is of utmost importance that Indian parents and guardians should carefully assure themselves that the requisite training is not available in India and that the would-be students in every way are fitted by physique, temperament, training and assurance of adequate financial resources profitably to prosecute further studies in the West.

The result is that numbers of young Indians come to this country, who are not only unable to derive any benefit from their sojourn but definitely suffer in health, pocket and peace of mind.

The total number of students which the universities and colleges of British Isles can accept is limited and a substantial majority of admission must necessarily go to those whose homes are in British Isles. Most of the remaining vacancies are filled by students coming from all parts of the British Empire and of this overseas contingent about three fifths come from India.—(United Press.)

CALCUTTITES ROBBED OF RS. 20,000

Gangster's New Way Of Fleecing Simpletons

CALCUTTA, May 28.

A severe punishment was awarded by the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate to a gang of youngmen belonging mostly to respectable families who had entered into a criminal conspiracy to cheat the public of Calcutta and outside, by inducing people to sit for a kind of a game of beads, eventually compelling them to part with a large amount of money.

Evidence on record shows that this gang succeeded in fleecing some up-country businessmen to the extent of Rs. 20,000 in the course of the last 6 months.—United Press.

J. P. C. REPORT

Further Delay In Publication?

DIEHARDS' HOPE OF WHITTLING IT DOWN MORE

MADRAS, May 28.

The latest private advices from London, says a message to the "Hindu" from Allahabad, clearly indicate further delay in the publication of the Joint Parliamentary Committee report, as a result of inflexible Diehard opposition and manoeuvres.

The report, it is believed, will not be issued in June, but in August.

Opinion in informed circles is, adds the message, that the greater the delay in publication of the report, the more are the chances of its being further whittled down.—United Press.

London.—The Indian community held a reception in honour of the Nawab and Begum of Ramour, who accompanied by his retinue, arrived from Paris in a specially chartered Imperial Airways 20 seater airliner.—Reuter.

BAN ON CONGRESS

Govt. Still Consider Removal Question

NO OBSTACLE TO COMMITTEES FUNCTIONING IF BAN IS NOT LIFTED?

SIMLA, May 28.

Enquiries at the Home Department, the Government of India failed to elicit any definite information as to what decision the Government would take regarding the desirability of lifting the ban on the different Congress Organisations.

The Government of India are still consulting Local Governments, and as soon as opinions from all Provincial Governments are received at Simla, the authorities hope to make some sort of announcement, which may be expected at this week end or early next week.

Opinions have been expressed in non-official quarters that even if the Government decide not to withdraw the banning orders, they may not put any obstacle to the Congress Committees' functioning in furtherance of the election campaigns to be conducted in the name of the Congress—United Press.

First Woman Candidate For Assembly

BEGUM MAHOMED ALAM DECIDES TO STAND ON CONGRESS TICKET

LAHORE, May 28.

The "United Press" authoritatively learns that Begum Mahomed Alam has definitely decided to stand for the Assembly election on Congress Ticket from the Central Muslim Constituency comprising the districts of Lahore, Amritsar etc.

She will be the first Congress woman candidate in India contesting for an Assembly seat.

Begum Shah Nawaz is likely to be her rival lady candidate from this Constituency. Sheikh Sadiqhussain is representing this constituency in the Assembly at present.—Free Press.

STOP PRESS

LAND CUSTOM CORDON.

KARACHI, May 28.

The inroduction of a landcustom cordon throughout the boundary between Tharparkar District of Sind and the Cutch State is believed to be one of the recommendations of Mr. H. M. Patel, I.C.S. the officer deputed on special duty by the Central Board of Revenue to investigate the alleged smuggling of silver into British territory in Sind, via the adjoining States, whose ports it is stated received large consignments of silver from the Persian and other ports, duty free.—A. P.

MAHATMA AT KENDRAPARA.

KENDRAPARA, (Orissa) May 28.

After halting at Salar and Bhagabatpur, Gandhiji and party arrived at Kendrapara last night. He addressed a largely attended public meeting to-day.

A feature of the reception given to him here was that a large number of Mussalmans marched in a procession to meet Gandhiji at a place two miles from Kendrapara, and garlanded him amidst shouts of "Allahoakbar." Gandhiji is observing silence to-day.—A. P.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, May 28.

The following are the closing scores of first class cricket matches which commenced on Saturday:—

Hampshire vs. Kent:—Kent 472 (Akers Douglas 88, Herman five for 125). Hampshire 359 for seven (Arnold 75, Moore 137).

Gloucestershire vs. Somerset:—Somerset 225 and 156 for eight (Bennett 54, Case 71 not out). Gloucestershire 275 (Page 83, White six for 96).

Derbyshire vs. Yorkshire:—Yorkshire 99 and 271 (Barbar 71, Davidson 61, Mitchell six for 96). Derbyshire 102 and 73 for two.

Northamptonshire vs. Sussex:—Sussex 445 for five and declared. Northamptonshire 243 (J. Parks four for 34) and followed on 81 for 1.

Nottinghamshire vs. Essex:—Essex 262, Nottinghamshire 454 for 2 (Keeton 68, Harris 153 Hardstaff 130 not out, Carr 66 not out).

Lancashire vs. Surrey:—Lancashire 263 and 82 for 2, Surrey 324 (Hobbs 116, Sandham 78, Booth five for 92.)

Oxford vs. Free Foresters:—Oxford 411 (Seamer 146 Robertson Glasgow five for 80) Free Foresters 379 for nine (Lowndes 79, Comber 54, Howell 99 not out).—Reuter.

ANGLO-JAPANESE TALKS.

TOKIO, May 28.

The Japanese will accept incitation for naval talks with Britain as a preliminary to the Washington Conference. Intimation to this effect will be submitted by the Foreign Minister for the Cabinet's approval to-morrow.

Instructions to Ambassador Matsudaira also stress the belief that there is no need for the Conference to rediscuss the Nine-Power Far Eastern treaty and the questions already discussed by the League and the Naval Conference should therefore only discuss defences and naval strengths.—Reuter.

Mayor's Relief Fund To Close On 31st May

CALCUTTA, May 28.

At a meeting of General Committee of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund held to-day it was decided that the Mayor's fund should be closed from May 31st next.

It was further decided that in the event of any subscription being received for the Mayor's fund by the Imperial Bank after that date such amounts would be credited by the Bank to the Viceroy's Fund for which also the Imperial Bank acts ac the Honorary Secretary.—United Press.

Out To Break Strike By Hook Or Crook

Millowners' Desperate Attempts

Eunuchs Engaged As Pickets

POLICE VAN ESCORTING MILL-OWNERS' PROPAGANDA LORRY

A notable feature in the Mill Strike situation on Monday was the vigour with which the millowners carried on their counter propaganda to break the back of the strike. Every possible avenue seemed to have been explored. The services of eunuchs were requisitioned as pickets. A motor lorry escorted by a police van, went through the whole Mill area carrying volunteers inviting the strikers to come back to work and in addition a copious supply of leaflets was freely distributed among the strikers.

The strikers contented themselves with a few pickets (women) in the absence of the spectacular demonstrations and processions, which have been banned by the order of the Commissioner of Police. There were no meetings held in the Mill area on Monday evening, and everything was quiet.

The strikers claim that the attendances at the Mills now kept open (about 23 in number out of the 57), is sufficient proof that the majority of the Girni Kamgars are not going to be lured by the propaganda of the millowners. The strikers assert that they are determined to hold out until their demands, for a fair and square deal, are granted.

(EARLIER REPORT ON PAGE 8)

Young Nationalists To Strikers' Rescue

The Hon. Secretary of the Young Nationalists League writes:

The Managing Council of The Young Nationalists' League at their meeting held on Sunday passed a resolution protesting against firing, and lathi charges on the strikers and arrests of their leaders and expressed its wholehearted sympathy to the strikers in their just fight. It further resolved to help the Joint Strike Committee by collecting funds for them.

The Workers of the League will carry with them the receipt books issued by The Joint Strike Committee. The Citizens are requested to contribute toawrds the fund and thus help the just cause of the strikers.

Nagpur's Sympathy With Bombay Strikers

NAGPUR, May 28.

Reference to the Congress Working Committee's resolution at Patna, expressing sympathy with the strikers at Bombay, Nagpur and other places, is made in a communication which the local strike committee has addressed to the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee requesting the latter body to help the strikers financially or otherwise.—A.P.

BOMBAY'S ADDITIONAL JUDGE

Mr. Faiz B. Tyabji Appointed

SIMLA, May 28.

The Governor-General in Council has appointed Mr. Faiz Badruddin Tyabji, Bar-at-law, to act as Addition Judge, Bombay High Court, from 18th June to 28th February 1935 (both days inclusive).—A.P.

ADMIRAL TOGO ON DEATH-BED?

Emperor Raises Him From Count To Marquis

TOKIO, May 28.

The 87-year old Admiral Togo, the maker of modern Japanese navy, is lying on his death-bed, suffering from cancer of the throat.

The Emperor, to-day, raised him from the rank of Count to Marquis.

The illness has cast a gloom on the Navy Day celebrations arranged for commemorating the 29th anniversary of his victory over the Russians at Tsushima Straits.—Reuter.

LAVAN PRASAD NOT FASTING

Fetters Removed And Health Generally Good

JAMNAGAR May 28.

With reference to the telegrams of Mr. Manilal Kothari in connection with the hunger-strike of Lavan Prasad, the "United Press" is given to understand by a semi-official source that Lavan Prasad is not fasting in the Central Jail.

His health is generally good. The fetters have been removed and his just and reasonable demands were met. Instead of juvar wheat diet as asked for, he is being given such food which he usually takes.—(United Press.)

BANDITS DERAIL TROOP-TRAIN

35 Japanese Killed And Many Wounded

HARBIN, May 28.

Bandits have derailed and attacked a Japanese troop-train near Muling. It is believed 35 Japanese are killed and many wounded. After the derailment bandits who had ambushed nearby, raked the train with rifle fire.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a B.Sc. teacher for teaching Science and Mathematics. Salary Rs. 45. Apply to President, A. V. School, Hansot. 2463

Wanted—Typist Clerk for general work, any nationality. Apply with lowest pay and qualification to Box No. 2461, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently Lady Doctors, Qualified Nurses, B. P. N. A. Teachers, B. A. B. T., S. T. C., B.Sc., B.Ag., Lady companions, Stanographers knowing Accounts. Apply stating salaries—Certificates Box No. 1000, "Bombay Chronicle." (2458)

Wanted a Hindu, qualified Anglo-Gujarati High Class Tutor, preferably resident of Khar. Will have to teach every day, including holidays and Sundays. Apply stating age, qualifications, and salary required, to Box No. 2455, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a clerk, knowing book-keeping. Apply with qualifications Box No. 2456, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—For a Girls' High School an experienced Gujarati Graduate Teacher having ideals of national education and service. B.T. or S. T. C. preferred. Apply immediately with full particulars: Box No. 100 C|o The "Bombay Chronicle". (8440)

Wanted by the Tropical Insurance Co. Ltd., Secretary for Bombay Branch. Salary Rs. 200|300 according to abilities plus travelling and all office expenses. Applicants capable of securing sound organisation and guaranteed business and willing to deposit cash security Rs. 2,000|3,000 need only apply to Head Office, P.O. Box 130, Delhi. (8416).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

A Hindu Graduate seeks employ-ment in any capacity. Please write to Box No. 130, "Bombay Chronicle."

Accountant with 12 years experi-ence seeks employment in any firm. Knows typing. Best references. Box No. 131, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

Airy well lighted single, double rooms, attached baths, independent water, electricity, children playgrounds in healthiest new buildings of Cassum Mitha. Rent Rs. 8→12—20 and 30. Near B. B. Rly Station, Lower Parel, Ferguson Road. Apply on premises or Phone 20656 after 2 p.m. (2381)

15. HOUSES & FLATS WANTED.

Wanted—A big room by a Con-sulting Specialist, near Flora Fountain and Bori Bunder. Lift essential. Write with particulars and rent to Box No. 128, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

Available immediately — Office-Premises 2300 sq. ft. overlooking Bruce Road on 1st floor, Bombay House. Very suitable for Solicitors or Commercial Firms, being close to High Court and Banks. Rent Rs. 275. Apply Mr. Mistri, on 2nd floor. (8450).

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

Ford 1932 Eourer, in excellent condition. Brand new tyres. Rs. 2,500. No offers. Apply Box No. 127, "Bombay Chronicle."

49. HOMOEOPATHY.

Homoeopath Dr. G. B. Patel M.B., (Homoeo, Cal.), Consulting Physician for Chronic diseases. Cancers, Tonsils, Tuberculosis &c. Treated medically . Consultation dates:—1st, 2nd, 15th and 16th. 375, Hornby Road (11 to 4) p.m. 364, Kalbadevi Road (9-11) a.m. (4 to 7) p.m. Phone:—60133. (2449)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Bombay Suburban District School Board.—Local Board English Classes at Chembur. The English Classes attached to the Local Board Marathi Primary School at Chembur are recognised by the Department of Public Instruction this year. Students from these classes can secure admission to any recognised High School or Anglo-Vernacular School without any difficulty. Parents and guardians are therefore requested to register the names of their children in these classes, as early as possible, when the School re-opens after Summer Vacation. G. B. Dev, Chairman, School Board, B. S. D. Andheri. M. V. Pradhan, Administrative Officer, School Board, B. S. D., Andheri. Dist. School Board Office, Andheri, 25th May, 1934. (8458)

Non-Matrics can pass Intermedi-ate in 18 months. Details from General Education Academy, 65, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi. (2467-A).

The South Indian Education So-ciety's School, Matunga.—The date of re-opening of the School is postponed from June 4th to June 5th, June 4th being a Public Holiday on account of King's Birthday. The Head Master will be in attendance at the School premises daily between 8 and 10 a.m. and between 5 and 7 p.m. for a week before the re-opening of the School for admission of new pupils. (2423).

Wanted—For "School for Electri-cians," Ludhiana (Govt. Recognised), students of every qualifications. Course one year. Prospectus Free. Principal. (2428).

Wanted candidates to qualify Sub-Engineers, Overseers, P. W. Inspectors through correspondence instruction. British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (2418)

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Applications are invited from respectable and influential gentlemen to represent Sterling Insurance Co., Ltd., Delhi as its Chief Agent for Bombay. Handsome office allowance and liberal commission to a really capable worker. Candidates with organising capacity and who can guarantee business need apply stating terms acceptable to Managing Director, Connaught Place, New Delhi. (2465)

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition, particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Beswada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O Box No. 322, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale one No. 110 Anglo-Ame-rican High Rolls for seed crushing with five rolls of 16" x 48". Mehilal Ice Factory and Oil Mills, Chandausi. (2412).

Wanted—Two Rolls for grinding Atta, Maida, new or secondhand, good, working order. Apply with full details, Sitaram Harparshad, Gujranvala, Punjab. (2466).

103. LIVE STOCK

Bantams are Birds of Beauty in Poultry World. Prices of adult fowls in this Breed rule very high during the proper Breeding Season which generally commences in November. We have for sale beautiful Golden and Silver Sebrights, Old English Duckwing Bantams, Japanese, White, Black, Black Tailed White and other varieties are offered at comparatively very low prices. Send for our Clearance Circular No. 357, The Asiano Poultry Farm, No. 11, Connaught Road, Poona.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Kulu Cherries, 6lb. Basket Rs. 4 4 as. All charges paid. Dobi-Kuttai Estate, Kulu. Punjab.

149. PHOTOGRAPHY.

Photographs of Indian National-ist Leaders. True and attractive pictures. Apply Box No. 126 "Bombay Chronicle."

Prof. Gupta's Studios, 65, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi. Scenerios in classical Hindi, ready for sale. Telephone 26369. (2467).

Commercial photographs of machines, buildings, plants, etc., for advertisement or other purposes done at cheap rates. Counsic Bros., Marker Building, Bombay No. 4.

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted—A Shade for storing tim-ber near Bhindi Bazaar and Mahomedali Road. Rent must be cheap. Write to Box No. 129. "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per Insertion.
1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "PACIFIC MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 27th May, 1934, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 4th June, 1934, that day being a Public Holiday (KING'S BIRTHDAY) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J.G. RIDLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 24th May, 1934. 8442.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has retired from the Partnership of the Indo Stationery Mart and the Model Printing Press at Gokha St., from 22nd May, 1934.
Dated 29-5-34.

(Sd.) DADUBHAI TULSHIBHAI PATEL. 8456.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

The INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, the only agricultural Institution in India, offers 2 years' professional courses of instruction and research to Bachelors of Agric. & of Science with Botany, and awards M.Sc. degree to successful candidates. Candidates also admitted for D.Sc. in Agric. Bot. and Plant Physiology. Excellent Lab. & Farm facilities. Session commences July 1. For Prospectus (150 pp. Re. 1/4) apply to the Head of the Institute. 8454.

P.W.D.

SEALED TENDERS in F-2 form will be received in the office of the undersigned upto 2 p.m. (S.T.) on 15th June. 1934. for the following works:—

NAME OF WORK.	Estimated Cost Rs.
1. Constructing a masonry bridge over the Pinjal river in mile 9/2 of Khodala Mokhada road.	11,500
2. Special repairs to Bombay-Poona Road, miles 32. 33, 45 and 62.	12,600
3. Special repairs to miles 1 and 2 of Dharamtar Campoli Road.	4,800
4. Making additions and alterations to blocks A and B of the Police Lines and block C in the compound of the Mamlatdar's Kacheri at Murbad.	4,670

2. Blank tender forms with specifications can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per form per work on any working day during Office hours except on 15th June, 1934.

3. Each tender should be accompanied by a Chalan for the amount noted on each tender as earnest money paid into any Government treasury or the Imperial Bank of India, without which no tender will be considered.

4. The Executive Engineer does not bind himself to accept any or the lowest tender and no reason for the acceptance or rejection will be given.

(Sd.) C. G. KALE,
Executive Engineer,
Thana Division.
Ex. Engineer's office,
Thana, 26th May, 1934. 8453

Public Notices

P.W.D.

TENDERS will shortly be invited for constructing a large Masonry Bridge costing about Rs. 3 lakhs over Patalganga Tidal River in mile 7/6 of Pen Panvel Road. Intending contractors are advised to see the site and facilities for obtaining stone, sand, water, etc., before rains commence. Information can be had from this office on working days between 3 and 5 P.M.

(Sd.) C. G. KALE,
Executive Engineer,
Thana Division.
Thana, 26th May 1934.

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & Co

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1,386 BALES COTTON (MOGHLAI, BERAR, BENGAL, ETC.).

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 30th May, 1934, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at the Cotton Depot Sewree opposite Wadia Godowns on the Port Trust Plot by order of the Insurance Offices concerned the above mentioned damaged cotton that salved from the fire that occurred in the godown of Messrs. Toolsiram Gurdasram.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

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*Ginyo Maru	9000	31 May	12 June
Tokiwa Maru	6972	17 June	26 June
Toyama Maru	7090	30 June	13 July.
Tottori Maru	5973	18 July	27 July

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

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	Tons	Leave Colombo
Kashima Maru	10000	29 May.
Yasukuni Maru	12000	9 June

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	Tons	Leave Colombo
Terukuni Maru	12000	4 June.
Hakusan Maru	10500	20 June.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Tatsuta Maru	17000	20 June
Asama Maru	17000	4th July.

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

	Tons	Leave Kobe
Heian Maru	11600	23 June
Hikawa Maru	11600	16 July.

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Pacific Maru	27th May	1st June
Keifuku ,,	30th ,,	4th ,,
Havana ,,	3rd June	12th ,,
Shunko ,,	9th ,,	21st ,,
Argun ,,	23rd ,,	7th July
Kaisho ,,	9th July	21st July
Celebes ,,	24th ,,	8th Aug.

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THE LAST DAY
6-30 & 10 p.m.
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SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 26.
Pacific Maru, Nakamura, Kobe.
Havildar, Hamilton, Calcutta.
Gurna, Pyves, Moulmein.

DEPARTURE.

Bombay, May 26.
Baron Dechmont, Clark, Navlakhi.

LOADING.

Bombay, May 28.
Steamer Nawab for Rangoon.
" Barenfels for Hamburg.

S S Pacific Maru:—The O S K steamer Pacific Maru arrived in harbour on Monday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Havildar:—The T M Coy's steamer Havildar arrived in harbour on Monday from Calcutta, with a cargo of 6928 tons of coal.

S S Gurna:—The BISN Coy's steamer Gurna arrived in harbour on Monday from Moulmein with a general cargo and rice.

S S Baron Dechmont:—The J Mackintosh Coy's steamer Baron Dechmont sailed yesterday for Navlakhi with ballast.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, May 28.

S S Dalgoma, for London.—2 bales animal skins, S A Noor; 2 bales animal skins, A K A Rasool, 2 bales animal skins, K Lalbhai; 37 bales animal skins, D Abraham and Sons 1355 bags masoor, A Govindji; 13 bags gum karoya, T Dawoodbhai.

S S Barenfels, for Hamburg:—9 bales cow hides, D Abraham & Sons; 18 bales cotton fly, M Chandulal and Co; 110 bales cotton fly V P Maskai; 107 bales cotton fly, Chimanlal and Sons; 306 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 238 bags gum karaya, D Mavji and Co.

For Afo:—25 drums castor oil, Svastika Oil Mill.

For Rotterdam:—33 bales wool raw, E Mavji and Co. 3450 bags myrabollum, C Jivanlal and Co.

For Antwerp:—50 bales wool raw, D Abraham and Sons; 40 bls cotton waste, P Das and Co; 80 bales cotton fly, V P Maskai 95 bales cotton fly, Indian Produce Export Co.

For Copenhegan:—53 bales cotton thread waste, M Chandulal & Co.

For New York:—50 bales cotton waste, M Chandulal and Co.

For Chios:—14 bales buffalo skins, D Abraham and Sons.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw, K Devchand and Co.

S S Tiberton, for St. Vincent:—7962 bags flax seed, Ralli Bros.

S S Pacific Maru, for Kobe:—500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co; 1700 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha, Ltd; 523 bales cotton raw, B Maheshwari; 1100 bales cotton raw, V Ladha and Co; 200 bales cotton raw, Langley and Co; 500 bales cotton raw, S Karamshi and Co; 100 bales cotton raw, Sassoon J David and Co; 300 bales cotton raw, M Amersey and Co., 200 bales cotton raw, H Nensey and Co.

For Osaka:—300 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co; 500 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha, Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 28.

S S Masula; Agents M M and Co., from London:—22 drums varnish, 90 dms disinfectant fluid, 40 dms turpentine, 228 dms lubricating oil, 108 cases insulators, 140 c|s syrup, 50 c|s safety fuses, 100 c|s cement, 30 c|s machinery, 25 c|s printing ink, 60 drums colour, 161 c|s tyres, 32 c|s wall paper, 110 c|s borax, 164 c|s boot protectors, 53 c|s jam, 30 c|s flooring, 33 c|s sherry, 137 c|s gin, 50 c|s fruit salt, 79 c|s confectionery, 26 c|s newspapers, 17 c.s playing-cards, 50 c|s paper, 170 c|s motor covers, 180 c|s beer, 124 c|s O'stores, 120 c|s preserves, 50 c|s creosote oil.

From Oslo:—50 bales millboards.

From Rotterdam:—200 bales straw boards, 25 cases cotton yarn.

From Chereute:—195 cases brandy.

From Bordeaux:—102 cases brandy, 12 c|s wine.

From Middlesbro:—129 bundles expanded metal, 80 bundles steel plates, 82 bdls steel joists, 126 bdls steel bars, 200 bdls steel circles, 122 bdls washers, 1149 bdls steel sheets, 10100 bags and 120 casks chemicals.

From Antwerp:—620 bundles steel rods, 4398 bdls steel hooks, 1520 bdls steel circles, 50? bdls steel angles, 37 bdls steel channels, 215 bdls steel nails, 589 bdls steel joists, 350 bdls steel rivets, 200 bdls steel sheets, 44 bdls screws, 262 bdls screws, 800 bdls cement sheets.

S S Mahratta; Agents K Giron

(Continued in col. 6)

(Continued from column 7)

and Co., from Liverpool:—128 cases looms, 51 c|s bobbins, 36 c|s boot protectors, 40 c|s tragon, 34 c|s soap, 136 c|s covers, 66 c|s tyres, 50 c|s cycle rims, 89 c|s E'ware, 30 c|s lime juice, 220 c|s glassware, 75 c|s screws, 43 c|s brassware, 30 c|s valves, 52 cases tiles, 280 c|s machinery, 50 cases paper, 61 bundles plates, 374 bdls bars, 3646 bdls G C sheets 52 drums distemper, 54 dms paint, 25 dms varnish, 115 dms dyes, 1317 dms chemicals, 46 cases silk yarn, 507 c|s cottons, 156 c|s cotton yarn, 275 bales newspapers.

From Glasgow:—1419 cases stoneware jars, 217 c|s tyres, 34 c|s E'ware, 192 c|s nails, 991 cases sugar machinery, 75 c|s ale, 448 c|s whisky, 60 c|s wine, 25 c|s beer 50 c|s newspapers, 35 drums disinfectant, 90 drums pitch, 93 bdls steel tacks, 80 bdls steel circles, 251 bdls steel bars, 643 bdls steel plates, 1313 bundles steel sheets, 79 bdls pipes, 181 bundles boiler fittings, 451 bundles structural material, 94 pieces weights, 1291 bundles tubes, 80 cases cottons.

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NOW SEE 'EM IN ACTION

FRIDAY NEXT

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PLEADER'S TRAGIC DEATH

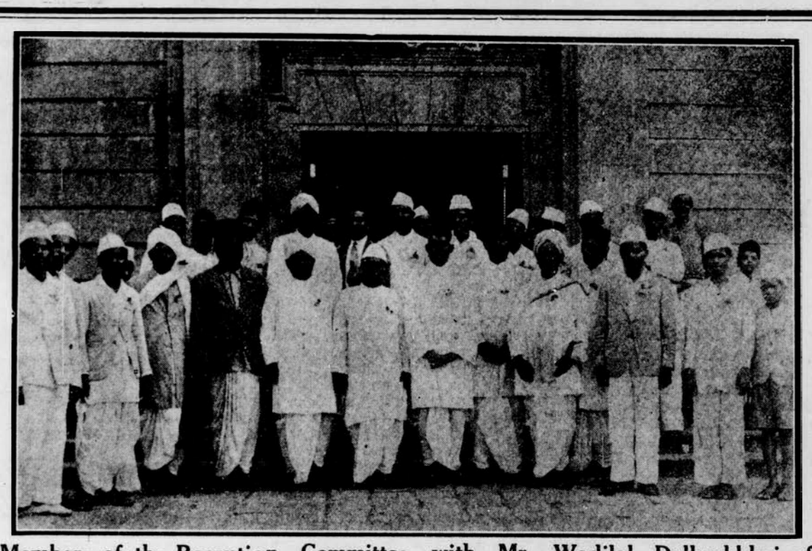
Accidentally Falls From Platform And Is Killed By Moving Train

Mr. Kashinath, Trimbak Gadre a young pleader aged 25, met with a tragic death at the Dadar railway station on Saturday night.

It appears that he was standing on the edge of the down platform talking to somebody when a local train was just moving out. He slipped and fell down and was run over by the train.

When the train was pulled up his mutilated body was found under the last bogy.

At the inquest held on the body on Monday the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of "death due to accident.



Members of the Reception Committee with Mr. Wadilal Dalkushbhai of Ahmedabad, President (sixth from right), of the Bhawsar Kshatriya Conference held on Sunday.

WHY IS IT CALLED "SUPERFINE"?

CERTAINLY NOT BY CHANCE!

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Motor Lorry And Car Smashed In Collision

Driver Of Car Makes Himself Scarce After Accident

A motor-lorry and a motor-car were smashed in a serious collision that took place on Monday noon at the junction of Elphinstone Road and De Lisle Road. The driver of the car, immediately after the collision, ran away from the scene, and inquiries are being made by Sub-Inspector Paranjpye of the De Lisle Road Police Station. :No one was, however, hurt in the collision.

Car and Lorry Collide.

Motor-lorry No. Y-2235 was being driven along Elphinstone Rd. towards Cadell Road on Monday at about 1 p.m. and when it was nearing the junction of Elphinstone Road and De Lisle Road, Car No. Y-165, coming from De Lisle Road towards Mahaluxmi dashed against the lorry. The vehicles were smashed and drivers received a severe shaking, but without any serious injuries.

Driver Bolts After Accident.

It is alleged that the driver of the car, after the accident, made himself scarce.

Sub-Inspector Paranjpye arrived on the scene and made inquiries.

COOLIE'S TRAGIC FALL

Brick Archway Of Godown Collapses While Being Dismantled

Rama Pandoo, coolie, met with a tragic death when along with five other coolies, he was engaged in dismantling a very old brick archway in the godown of the Maneckjee Petit Mill, on May 25.

The wall on which they were standing gave way and they all fell down.

Rama Pandoo fractured his right rib whereas the others escaped serious injuries. He died that night at the J. J. Hospital where he was removed for treatment.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

SURPRISE RAID

Ganpat Govind Was Keeping Gaming House In Fuel Depot, Police Allege

Sub-Inspector Kothawalla of the Byculla Police, on receipt of information to the effect that Dawood's Fuel Depot, at Ghorupdeo Road, was a gambling den, got a warrant issued and raided the place on the night of May 24, and arrested nine persons.

He found the marked coins and 119 "opening and closing" slips and a few rupees.

Of the nine arrested men who were placed before Mr. Nadkarni, the 6th Presidency Magistrate, on Monday, Ganpat Govind is charged with keeping the gaming house and the other eight with gambling.

The case is postponed to the 7th June and in the meantime, all the accused are released on bail.

Lily Brand Barley
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Fresh FULL grown grains.
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SUICIDE OR ACCIDENT?

Mystery Surrounds Death Of Woman Found Burnt In Room

Mystery surrounds the death of a Hindu married woman, Diwalibai Nagindas, aged 25, whose dead body was discovered under most tragic and suspicious circumstances, in a room in Narayan Bawa building at Bhuleswar on Saturday afternoon.

A schoolmaster, who resides in the same building, heard painful moans coming from the deceased's room which was opposite to his own.

On going to the door he found smoke issuing from the room.

The door was securely fastened from within. Suspecting that it was a case of fire he brought a bucket of water and poured it into the room through the ventilator.

On returning with a second bucket he found the door open and the burnt body of the deceased lying on the doorway.

The Coroner's jury at the inquest held on Monday, on body were not unanimous in their verdict.

Whereas two of them looked upon it as a case of accident the other three members thought it as a case of suicide.

DILLINGER HUNT CONTINUES

Police Utilise Bootleggers' Motor Cars

NEW YORK, (By Mail)

Police searching for "Killer" John Dillinger, America's "Public Enemy" No. 1," are forced, for lack of newer material, to use old cars confiscated from boot-leggers in the days of Prohibition.

Not possessing sufficient arms, the police have had to be equipped with machine-guns captured from other criminals.

These disclosures were made by the Department of Justice in asking Congress to vote £400,000 for the purchase of more guns and for the payment of additional police.

It was stated that last week the Department was forced to ransack its crime museum to find weapons with which to hunt Dillinger. Machine-guns taken from Harvey Bailey, Albert Bates and Machine-gun Kelley were removed from their showcases and distributed to Government agents.

The Attorney-General proposes to ask Congress for sufficient funds to engage from 200 to 300 additional agents and equip them not only with guns but with fast motor-cars, too.

BOGUS PUNTERS IN TEA-SHOP

Magistrate Remands Alleged Gamblers Arrested In Mazagaon Raid

On receipt of information to the effect that gambling was carried on in a bogus tea-shop in Love Lane, Sub-Inspector Kothawalla, of the Byculla Police sent a bogus punter with marked coins.

Later on, on the strength of the warrant issued by Deputy Commissioner Wilkins raided the place and arrested eight people.

He also found, besides the marked coins Rs. 150 and three hundred and sixty betting slips.

The arrested persons were placed before Mr. Nadkarni, the 6th Presidency Magistrate Monday Four of them are charged with keeping a gaming house and the other four are charged with gambling.

The case is postponed to June 7 and in the meantime the accused are all released on bail.

MORE WORKERS ATTEND MILL

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, May 28.

There was again a slight improvement in the textile strike situation to-day. When the Swadeshi mill opened this morning, the number of operatives, who attended, was 814, showing an increase of 164 over Saturday's figure.

Messrs. S. V. Parulekar and Y. D. Gokhale, Bombay labour leaders, addressed a meeting of the strikers on Sunday morning.

CASE POSTPONED.

Judgment, which was to be pronounced on Saturday last by the Resident Magistrate of Kurla in the case in which Madan R. Shetty and six other strikers are charged with obstructing the passage of the operatives of the Swadeshi mill on May 15 last, was deferred to June 2 next, because T. T. Suryayanshi, one of the accused, was not present in court, owing to his detention by the Bombay City Police under the Emergency Powers Act.

DIVERSION OF BOMBAY'S TRADE

Govt. Of India's Inquiry Completed

Mr. W.W. Nind, a member of the Central Board of Revenue, who started his inquiry last Tuesday, on behalf of the Government of India, into how far the financial position of the Bombay Port Trust is affected by the diversion of trade, has completed his work. He returned to Simla on Sunday night.

NOT TO BE TRIED BY SAME COURT

Accused Already Convicted At Girgaon Applies For Transfer Of New Case

Before he underwent a previous conviction of four months in jail, Ganesh Krishna Badve, reported to be notorious and blacklisted, was called before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Magistrate, Girgaum to answer another charge on four counts for alleged forging of responsible documents and thereby cheating the Post Office.

The accused appeared in the Court to-day a tab bearing all the previous convictions tacked on to his shirt near the breast.

He asked that his case might be transferred to the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court in view of the fact that all his previous convictions were passed by the same court.

He also submitted that an application to the same effect had already been made and that he was waiting to receive orders.

The Magistrate granted the application.

BOMBAY HINDU MAHA SABHA

Reception Committee Arrangements For Conference

"The Jt. Hon. Secretary, of the Second Session of the Bombay City and Suburbs Hindu Maha Sabha Conference writes:—

"At a meeting of the Reception Committee held on Sunday last in Girgaum, the following Office-bearers were elected.

Presidents Dr. N. D. Savarkar, Dr. M. B. Udgaonkar, Mr. S. L. Silam, Dr. D. G. Abhyankar, Mr. P. M. Bhagwat, Mr. Rewashankar Tulsidas Adhikari.

Jt. Hon. Treasurers Mr. G. B. Pathare, Mr. V. R. Bhide, Mr. S. S. Navre, Dr. A. F. Naik, and Pandit Vijayashankarji.

An Executive Committee has been appointed consisting all the Office-bearers with Dr. M. B. Velkar as Chairman.

"Various Committees have been formed to carry on the work of the Conference.

"All enquiries, Correspondence etc. should be directed at the Office of the Conference, situated at Daily Prabhat Building, Khatav Wadi, Girgaum Naka. The Office will remain open for enrolment of Members of Reception Committee and of Delegates, between 8 a.m. and 9-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m."

The Conference will be held in Bombay on 23rd and 24th of June next under the Presidentship of Dr. B. S. Moonje.

KURLA MUNICIPAL BYE-ELECTION

Mr. A. H. Pirjada Elected Councillor

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, May 28.

Mr. A. H. Pirjada has been declared elected a councillor of the Kurla Municipality.

At the bye-election held on Saturday last Mr. Pirjada secured 248 votes, defeating his rival Mr. Abdulla by 81 votes.

This seat was rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. Mahomed Yasin, who represented the Muslim constituency of the Station and Takia Roads ward.

Mr. Pirjada who was appointed a special recovery officer, acted as Chief Officer of the Municipality for a few months last year.

MEANT TO COMMIT SUICIDE

Letter Produced At Inquest On Student Who Took Opium

At the inquest held on the body of Harshadrai Natralal Dave, a medical student, the jury returned a verdict of death due to suicide by opium poisoning.

The deceased, whose dead body was found on Saturday morning in his room in Amroli Building, Girgaum Back Road, had written a letter which was found under his pillow to the effect that he was commiting suicide.

Handwriting And Character

Is your handwriting a reliable index of your character and temperament? With the aid of a new device, known as an electric pencil, psychologists are trying to settle this question scientifically in a laboratory at Budapest, Hungary. When a subject grasps the pencil and writes, a curve is simultaneously registered upon an automatic recorder. The speed of the writing is shown by the total length of the curve, and the height of each loop above a base line measures in grams the force used, while the number of impulses used in setting down a word is shown by the frequency with which the line is crossed. This the curve provides a precise analysis of the handwriting.

Amritdhara lotion for throat	Price Re.	1
Amritdhara ointment for sores & ulcers	,, Re.	1
Amritdhara balm for pain	,, Re.	1
Amritdhara lozenges for children	,, As.	4
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COD LIVER OIL

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Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

RADIO SETS TO CURE TOOTHACHE?

NEW YORK (By Mail.)

Dentists in New York are sceptical of a claim made by Dr. J. S. Oartel, of Wilkinsburg, that toothache may be cured by wireless waves.

In an address at the convention of the Pensylvania Dental Society, Dr. Oartel said that his experiments showed 30 per cent. of the germs in diseased teeth could be killed by placing the molar between sending and receiving plates of a simple short wave set.

Up to now the experiments had been confined to extracted teeth, but Dr. Oartel suggested the time would soon come when toothache would be charmed away by inducing the patient to bite his radio set.

Sports Jottings From Here and There

MAKE THE CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA A SUCCESS

By Sportsman.

For the last few days, the "talk of the town" has been of course the Cricket Club of Inda. Since the publication of the report that the Club will be housed in Bombay, I have had talks with several prominent sportsmen who acclaimed the announcement with one voice. Owing to the location of the Board of Control for Cricket in India at Delhi, Bombay which has always prided herself as the home of Indian Cricket, has been sore about it all. There were many cricketers who looked at that body from a step-motherly point of view. But the present decision of the Board of Control has flooded away all that bitterness from their minds and they have now been worked up to a high pitch of enthusiasm. This will go a great way in achieving the object which the promoters have laid bare before the public.

AN AMBITIOUS IDEAL.

A look at the rough sketch of the plan which the Secretary of the Board has placed before us will perhaps throw many a weak-hearted fellow off his feet. And a sceptic may allow a cynical smile of two to escape his sealed lips. But I do not see anything absurd or unattainable in the ideal—although a very ambitious one it is, no doubt. A big playing ground with a stadium around it accommodating fifty to sixty thousand people, a palatial Club house, with residential quarters for teams visiting Bombay, eighteen tennis Courts, six lawn and twelve hard courts, a swimming pool and parks for parking cars for members and the public. These are some of the items which constitute the programme.

ITS INITIAL SUCCESS.

The Executive of the Board have scored their initial success in enlisting the active sympathy and support of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. I have learnt on very good authority that a plot of land in the reclaimed area near the Churchgate Station has already been leased to the Club. The seed has been well sown. It now depends upon the local sportsmen to join this Club in their hundreds to make it a thorough success. Let Bombay justify her proud title.

NON-COMMUNAL CHARACTER.

It was only the other day while talking with a friend who is a very prominent sportsman of Bombay, about the communal character of our clubs and gymkhanas which has forced both of us away from their precincts, he suggested to me to work up a scheme for establishing a non-communal Club. He promised me his wholehearted co-operation in the project. It should not be anything like the high-brow stuffs which exist in Bombay, I told him. We should pay greater attention to playing fields and training of promising players and athelets than to building palatial club-houses which have been more or less a curse to the rising generation.

BIG CLUB HOUSES A CURSE.

In the old days when greater attention was paid to out door sports in the absence of sufficient facility for indoor games, and of arm-chairs for idle critics, several giants were born in the cricket field who raised the position of Bombay to the highest level. Since the appearance of these big Club houses, the giants have only become a story of the past. And Bombay's leading position has been seriously challenged on all sides. My friend agreed with my view.

MAKE AN IDEAL SPORTING GROUND.

While we were moving in the matter and enlisting support of our friends, this very agreeable piece of news has taken the field. We are not at all sorry that our scheme has gone by the board. On the other hand, we are mighty glad that our dream is going to be fulfilled long before we had expected. But there is one aspect of the thing I do not particularly like. It is the high brow character of the plan. I want the Club to be a real and ideal sporting ground—and not a preserve for the idle rich and opportunist Europeans.

W. I. F. A. AND HOCKEY.

After the local hockey clubs decided to form an Association of their own, the W. I. F. A. called all their affiliated clubs to a meeting to sound their views again. Twelve clubs against ten decided to remain under the protecting wing of the Football Association. But the protector would not have them any more, because the dissatisfied clubs refused to owe their allegiance to the Association any more. So, from October next, the W. I. F. A. will wash their hands off Hockey for ever.

WELCOME DECISION.

I think the decision is good in the interest of both football and hockey. The losses incurred by the W.I.F.A. in running hockey tournaments would have pressed down this body which has certainly been doing some good work in connection with Association football. While handicapping them in their own activities, it would not have rendered much help in the progress of hockey. Divided love and attention rarely pay. A separate body, on the other hand, is sure to strain every nerve to effect the successful growth and development of its pet child. I understand the clubs are meeting again on Monday to effect a provisional committee to frame rules and do all the preliminary work in bringing the Association into being. I am assured their will be no difficulty about a playing ground this time. Financial question also will not come in the way of its birth. My best wishes are with the promoters of the New Association.

CHALLENGE TO PROMOTERS.

By the way, I want Hodgins, Nagporewalla and Co. to take the dart which Sotonian has thrown at them through the columns of the shrieking Baby of Bori Bunder to heart. He expects the promoters to fail in their attempt and go, hat in hand, to the W.I.F.A. asking for pardon. If they have any guts in them—which I hope the sponsors possess in a fair degree—they should see to it that Sotonian's expectations are belied ere long.

COLABA UNITED PUNISHED.

I do not think the W.I.F.A. could overlook the unsportsmanlike conduct of the Colaba United with equanimity. Indescipline and arrogance on either side, are sure to sound the death-knell of all sports. The Colaba players have given this sort of unsporting exhibition before. So they could not expect any quarters from the ruling body. While I have been an unsparing critic of the W.I.F.A., I cannot but uphold their present decision. I am glad that Dadoo, Krishna and Ramchander have expressed regret for their action. I hope the others will follow suit. I want Indians to be sporting to the care and take a defeat—rightly or wrongly—in a thoroughly sporting manner.

AUSTRALIANS THIRD DRAW.

The Australian Tourists registered their third drawn game of the tour when Hampshire met them last week. Batting first, the home side knocked up 420, to which Mead and Lowndes contributed 139 and 140 respectively. These two batsmen defied the Australian bowling and punished it most severely. But for them, the visitors would have gained an easy victory. So all honour to the two. Mead by the way, recorded his one hundred and forty-third century of his career.

The visitors made a very bad start losing three of their best bats for 2, 0, 0, the respective scorers being Woodfull, Brown and Bradman. Then McCabe and Darling stopped the rot and went on to score 79 and 96 respectively. The latter was indeed unfortunate in missing second century by just four runs. When Chipperfield came on the scene the back of the home bowling was completely broken, and he showed no mercy in flogging it right and left. He was particularly strong at the leg. In an unbeaten innings of 116 runs, he notched one six and sixteen fours. The Australians closed their innings with 433 in their favour. Baring bowled faster than ever and was so successful in his initial spell that he captured three wickets for six runs, his victims being Woodfull, Bradman and Brown. His chances for inclusion in the first Test are fairly bright.

ARNOLD'S CRAVE STAND.

The Australian bowling came on top again in the second innings. For a total of 169 runs, they lost seven wickets, O'Reilly and Fleetwood Smith capturing four and three wickets respectively for 34 and 86 runs. Arnold was the only batsman who withstood the visitors' attack bravely and carried his bat home for 109 runs. Excelling in straight driving, he recorded one six and 14 fours.

After the Hampshire's declaration, the Tourists made a bold attempt to hit up quick runs. But it failed in that the first decade was all that they could muster, losing Darling in the bargain. Thus the match ended in a draw.

NAWAB OF PATAUDI'S DOUBLE CENTURY.

After missing his century by three runs against Essex the other day, the Nawab of Pataudi scored a brilliant double century (214) and remained not out against Clamorganshire last week-end. I have no doubt his present form will give him an assured position in the tests this year.

The right start to a busy day is a sound night's sleep—FRY'S 4 FOODS IN 1 insures a deep sound sleep

Wakeful nights and disturbed sleep are often the result of faulty feeding. You can make sure of a good night's rest by regularly drinking Fry's 4 Foods in 1. This chocolate flavoured drink has a double action. It induces restful sleep and creates new energy. Every drop of it improves health and gives you fresh vigour.

Remember to drink it every day. A teaspoonful in a cup of Milk is a valuable meal in itself.

4 Foods in 1 was prescribed by 3,200 Indian Doctors.

FRY'S 4 FOODS IN 1

MALT-MILK-COCOA-LECITHIN

CONTENTS UNTOUCHED BY HAND:

Stockists:—WILSON & Co., P.O. Box 2, MADRAS; CAMA NORTON & Co. 23, Medows Street, BOMBAY; NUSSERWANJEE & Co., Machi Miani Rd., KARACHI; SHIMWELL & BROS. (Calcutta) Ltd., P.O. Box 2, CALCUTTA; S. ZAMIR-UL-HAQ, Fatehpuri Chandni Chowk, DELHI.

BRADMAN'S 160 IN 130 mts.

Middlesex Collapse In Second Venture

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY 10 WICKETS

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 23.

Bradman played another brilliant innings (scoring 60 in 50 minutes) when the match between Middlesex and the Australians was continued to-day. The weather was dull, but the wicket continued to be good.

Darling was out at 141. He was concerned in the partnership of 132 for the third wicket with Bradman, but Darling only scored 37 out of these. Bradman was out to a remarkable catch by Hulme in front of the pavilion. The fieldsman caught the ball as he was falling. Bradman who hit 27 fours, and one six scored at a very fast rate, his 160 having occupied him about 130 minutes. He gave no apparent chance.

KIPPAX'S IMPRESSIVE GAME.

Kippax who hit six fours was particularly impressive when executing his famous chop stroke through the slips, but he was prone to edge the ball in that direction.

Chipperfield was caught and bowled in attempting to pull. At lunch the score was 319 for six wickets.

On resumption there was a sudden collapse, Enthoven getting his hat trick in his first over. His victims were Grimmett, Ebeling and Wall.

The Australians were all out for 345, Enthoven returning an analysis of four for 59.

MIDDLESEX COLLAPSE.

Middlesex suffered collapse in their second innings, and were all out soon after tea for a total of 114.

At tea they had lost six wickets for 83 runs. Price was caught in slips at 22, while Hulme and Hart were clean bowled, at 23 and 45 respectively. Hendren stayed until 83 came on the board, but was then out to a very hard return catch to Grimmet.

(Later)—The Australians won by 10 wickets.

Scores:—

MIDDLESEX (1st Innings)	258
AUSTRALIANS—1ST INNINGS.	
Woodfull l-b-w, b Smith	0
Ponsford l-b-w, b Smith	0
Bradman c Hulme b Peebles	160
Darling c Price b Smith	77
Kippax l-b-w, b Robins	56
Chipperfield c and b Enthoven	35
Barnett b Smith	40
Grimmet c Price b Enthoven	8
Ebeling, s Price, b Enthoven	0
Wall b Enthoven	0
O'Reilly (not out)	7
Extras	½
Total	345

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—Smith 4/97, Enthoven, 4/59, Judge, 10/41, Robins 1/61, Peebles 1/83.

MIDDLESEX (2ND INNINGS).	
Price c Ebeling b Wall	9
Hart b O'Reilly	23
Hulme b Ebeling	0
Hendren c and b Grimmett	35
Robins c Kippax b O'Reilly	12
Allen l-b-w b Grimmet	0
Newman, b Grimmett	2
Enthoven c Woodfull b O'Reilly	19
Smith b Grimmett	0
Judge (not out)	1
Peebles c Chipperfield b Grimmett	8
Extras	5
Total	114

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—Grimmett 5/27, O'Reilly 3/34, Ebeling 1/21, Wall 1/27.

AUSTRALIANS (2ND INNINGS).	
Darling (not out)	9
Barnett (not out)	14
Extras	6
Total (for no wkt.)	29

CHARITY FOOTBALL MATCH

It was decided at a meeting of the council of the Calcutta Football League held on the Calcutta ground with Mr. A. K. Basu in the chair, that the first charity match of the season to be played on the Calcutta ground on June 2, will be between Great Britain and India.

A sub-committee was formed consisting of Messrs. A. D. Melville, A. Preston, I. T. St C Pringle, D N Guin, P Gupta and Sgt. Major Barker to select the sides.

BANGALORE POLO TOURNAMENT

BANGALORE (By Mail)

Six teams, the Royal Deccan Horse (holders), Hyderabad Lancers, Mysore Lancers, Madras Sappers and Miners, the Melville Blues and Venkatgiri have entered for this year's Bangalore Polo Tournament for the Maharaja of Mysore's challenge cup to begin on May 29 All the above teams and the 14th Field Brigade, Royal Artillery are taking part in he junior handicap polo tournament for the challenge cup presented by the Raja of Bobbili. Venkatagiri are the holders.

KING'S REGIMENT WINS MATCH

Exciting Football At Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, May 28.

Two regimental teams in the forefront of football in India, and frequent finalists in the most important civilian and military tournaments in the country, the Yorks and Lancs from Kamptee, and the King's (Liverpool) Regiment, opposed each other in a game of football packed with excitement from start to finish.

The Yorkshiremen, who have recently joined this brigade in place of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment at Kamptee, made their first appearance in football in this station.

The game was a great exhibition, the visitors dominating in the first half, and scoring two goals in this period without response. In the second half the King's played up, and practically confined play to the visitors' territory. The King's scored four goals in this period without the visitors being able to respond, thus winning the match by four goals to two.—(United Press.)

AMERICAN RACERS ABROAD

Noted Drivers Show Skill At Tripoli

Pete De Paolo and Lou Moore, two of America's premier automobile race drivers, represented the United States in the Italian Sweepstakes at Tripoli, recently the American Automobile Association has announced.

America's representatives, it was disclosed, drove two of the fastest cars in the country—Miller Specials.

Moore, who made his debut at Indianapol's six years ago, never has raced on a foreign track. The veteran De Paolo, however, already has represented the Stars and Stripes on alien speedways.

Following the 356 mile, dollars 20,000 Italian classic, the Americans returned home in time for the 500 mile Grand Prix at Indianapolis, May 30. They plan to embark on an extended invasion of Europe.

SLEEM TAKES SET OFF CRAWFORD

Perry Defeats Hopman In French Hard Court Tennis

PARIS, May 27.

In the French Hard Court Championships, Crawford, Hughes, Austin Menzel and Perry reached the last eight.

Crawford beat Sleem 0/6, 6/1, 7/5, 6/0. Sleem's strategy in slowing the game and skying the ball non-plussed the holder preventing him employing his favourable drives off a rising ball.

Huges beat Hecht 6/2, 6/3, 2/6 6/4.

Austin beat Artens 6/4, 6/0, 6/3

Menzel beat M McGrath 6/2, 6/2, 6/3.

Perry beat Hopman 6/2, 6/3, 6/3

In the second round of the Men's Doubles Boussus and Bernard beat the Prince of Cutch and Bhandari 6/4, 7/5, 6/3.

In the third round of the Women's Singles Signorina Valerio beat Miss Nuthall 6/4, 6/4.

HOCKEY AT JUBBULPORE

Christ Church Beats Cantonment Sports Club

JUBBULPORE, May 28.

Meeting for the third time in the Chitham League hockey tournament to decide the destination of the shield in the senior division, Christ Church Club and the Cantonment Sports Club "A" once again played each other to a standstill, before a crowd numbering thousands.

The play opened at a cracking pace, with the Cantonment team attacking strongly, and within eight minutes of play, they opened scoring through Bhayalal. Stung by this reverse, Christ Church played up and after persistent pressure were rewarded with the equaliser through Lovegrove, the interval arriving with the teams level terms.

On resumption, Christ Church gave the Cantonment defence a busy and anxious time. Next followed a period of midfield play, the second and deciding good came in dramatic fashion, when a free hit towards the Cantonment goal was followed up by the Christ Church forwards, and the Cantonment custodian, thinking that the ball was going out of play, let it pass, but it struck the post and came into play, Lovegrove netting with a beautiful shot with the reverse side of his stick. This reverse took the sting out of the Cantonment attack, and Christ Church now dominated the game for 'kicks.'—(United Press.)

Exaggerated Report

BOMBAY, May 28.

The Associated Press published a message on May 21 stating inter alia, that "no less than twelve ocean going steamers will call at Jaffarabad this month to unload sugar" etc.

This is incorrect. Sugar traffic has passed through Jaffarabad but the report that twelve steamers are expected at Jaffarabad is greatly exaggerated.—A. P.

Threat To Jubbulpore Civic Committee

Employing Ex. C. D. Convicts, Defying Govt's Order?

Grants To Be Stopped If They Do Not Formally Dissociate Themselves From Movement

JUBBULPORE May 28.

The Jubbulpore Municipality having defied the Local Government's order by employing ex-Civil Disobedience convicts, though no rule, debarring them from employment, exists in the C. P. Municipalities Act, the Revenue Secretary to the Local Government has addressed the Commissioner, Jubbulpore division to the effect that Government considers that the action of the Municipal Committee, Jubbulpore in re-employing the six ex-C. D. Prisoners in its service and refusing even to consider their removal amounting to encouragement of their illegal activities against Government. Government is not prepared to continue financial assistance at the cost of public funds to a committee which encourages or connives at such activities.

GRANTS TO BE STOPPED?

Government would not however object to their employment if the persons concerned formally dissociate themselves with similar movements in future. The Municipal Comimttee should be informed accordingly and told further that until a satisfactory reply is received to this reference, Government will withhold such grant from the committee as it thinks fit.

AFTER WARNING.

It may be recollected that on receiving a preliminary warning regarding the employment of such men, the Jubbulpore Municipality appointed Mr. Nityendra Nath Seal, another jail returned prisoner as secretary on probation.—(United Press.)

DERBY CALL-OVER

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 28.

The following is the call-over on Derby:—

7/4 Colombo

10/1 Umidwar (taken and offered)

21/2 Easton (Offered) 100/9 taken)

100/9 Windsor Lad (offered) 12/1 (taken)

18/1 Iozingaro (offered) 21/1 (taken)

25/1 Admiral Drake

28/1 Tiberius (Taken and offered)

28/1 Alishah (offered) 33/1 (taken)

33/1 Valerius (offered) 40/1 (taken)

33/1 Medieval Knight (offered)

35/1 Badruddin (offered) 40/1 (taken)

40/1 Bonsman (taken and offered)

40/1 Achtenan (offered) 45/1 (taken)

55/1 Patriot King

66/1 Berestol

100/1 Rathmore (taken and offered)

100/1 On top and Hornsevrise offered

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Vaishakh Vad 1, 1990.
Muslim—Safar 15, 1353.
Parsi—Adar 25, 1303.
Sunrise—6h. 1m.
Sunset—7h. 11m.
High Water—12-28, 15-1.
Low Water—5-28, 0.3

WEDNESDAY, May 30.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.

THURSDAY, May 31.

Results of Matriculation Examination, University Building, 2 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR — "Madame Spy." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m

REGAL—"Queen Christina." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Peach O'Reno." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Wonder Bar." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"A Bill of Divorcement." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Girl Without A Room." Daily at 3-30; 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Moulin Rouge." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m

WEST-END—"Gun Sundary." Daily at 2-45; 5-15; 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MINERVA—"Chandidas." Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Khak-ka-Putla." Daily at 2-45; 5-15; 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL — "Educated Wife." Time as usual.

PALACE—"That's A Good Girl." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Akash Wani." Daily at 5; 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR—"Letty Lynton." Daily at 5; 7-30 and 10 p.m.

THE EDWARD—Dhobi Talao Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Maurice Chevalier in Love Me To-night.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per S.S. "Rajputana" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 31st instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The N Y K Steamer "Ginyo Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 27th instant, and is due to arrive here on Thursday morning the 31st May at daylight.

HINDI SCHOOL MATUNGA.

A Class for beginners will be started from the 1st June. Those who wish to join can register their names at the Napoo hall between 8-30 and 9-30 p.m.

BOMBAY'S REQUEST TO NIZAM.

A public meeting of Hindu Citizens of Bombay was held in Arya Samaj Mandir Bombay Girgaum to request H.E.H. the Nizam of Hyderabad to withdraw the case against Pandit Ramachandra Dehlvi and others which is being tried at Bidar Court.

2ND WEEK!

Warner Bros. Wonder Show

Still Going Strong at

THE CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

THE MIGHTIEST AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISE UNDER THE SUN.

'WONDER BAR'

WITH

10 STARS
600 CUTIES
5 SMASH SONGS

DRAMA! DANCES! COMEDY!

TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m. Commercial Bulletin. 12 noon Indian Selected Hour. 1 p.m Bombay Market: Opening rates. European Lunch Time Music. 2 p.m. A relay from the Rotary Club.

5 p.m. Ladies' Hour. Miss Bachubai Wagle on "Peace of Mind" (in Marathi). 5-30 p.m. Relay of music from the Capitol Cinema. 7 p.m. "Sporting Topics". 7-30 p.m. "Postman's Knock" A repeat performance by request. A Radio Musical Comedy. 8-45 p.m. Topics of To-day. 9 p.m. Weather report and News Bulletin. 9-15 p.m News in Hindi. 9-30 p.m. Popular songs Bai Sunderabai. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

6-15 p.m. Time Signal from Big Tom. News Bulletin.
6-30 p.m. Medvedeff's Balalaika Orchestra.
7 p.m. Torquay Municipal Orchestra.
8 p.m. Light classical concert.
8-45 p.m. B B C Dance Orchestra
9-30 p.m. News Bulletin
9-45 p.m. Variety programme

S. I. W. SOCIETY'S SCHOOL.

The School will re-open after the Summer vacation on Friday June 1. New admissions will be closed by the 10th June.

CONDOLENCE MEETING.

In memory of late Sir Jugmohundas Vurjeevandas the head of the Kapole Bania community, there will be a public meeting of the caste today (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Kapole Wadi Hall Panjrapole, C. P. Tank Road

LECTURE ON INDIAN MUSIC.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation and All-India Federation of Young Theosophists, Prof. Shrikrishna Ratanjankar, Principal of the All-India Marris College of Hindustani Music and pupil of Mr. Bhatkhade, will give a "Demonstrative Public Lecture on Indian Music" to-day (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

ENGLISH MAILS.

The outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rajputana" with the Mails from London of 17th instant arrived at Aden at 7 a.m. on the 27th idem and left there at 11 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 3 p.m. on Thursday the 31st instant.

The "Rajputana" will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at midnight the same day.

Vizag & Cocanada Infected With Small Pox

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The Government of Madras announce that for the purpose of Paris Sanitary Convention, 1926, it is notified for general information that the town and port of Vizagapatam and Cocanada are declared infected with small-pox.

Italian Minister In Kabul Dead

SIMLA, May 28.

The death a week ago of the Italian Minister in Kabul, Signor C. F. Mariano, is confirmed.

He reached Kabul only a month ago travelling thither via Russia by air.

It is understood that he was suffering from lung trouble on arrival and accepted the post in the hope that the dry climate of Gabul might restore his health. —A. P.

GRILLING HEAT IN NAGPUR

Six Fatal Cases Of Stroke In Two Days

NAGPUR, May 28.

Enquiries show that several cases of heat-stroke, six of which proved fatal, occurred in the city during the last two days. The victims include two children. These deaths are an indication of the intense heat, which Nagpur is experiencing at present.—A.P.

The REGAL EVERY HOUSE PACKED
(FULLY AIR-CONDITIONED) TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The Theatre Magnificent Free List Suspended Book Now

M-G-M presents

Garbo QUEEN CHRISTINA

The Soul-Stirring Story of a Woman who Gave up her Throne for Love!

17 ARRESTS

Sequel To Alleged Assaults And Stone Throwing On Mahomedali Road

BAIL OFFERED TO ALL ACCUSED

Seventeen Muslims of the Mahomedali Road locality who were arrested on Saturday night on suspicion that they were responsible for a number of assaults on pedestrians were placed before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Second Court, Mazagaon on Monday afternoon by sub-Inspector Hakim of the Dongri Police:

Applying for remand of the accused for ten days, Mr. Hakim said that they were arrested for loitering in a suspicious manner and that they were unable to give a satisfactory account when accosted.

Mr. Hakim further stated that the arrests were effected after several complaints in the past few days of assaults on pedestrians and stone-throwing at passing cars had been received.

The Magistrate offered bail in the sum of Rs. 25 each or in default a remand till June 7.

Nirmal Vana Training Camp

Mr. Janaki Saran Varma, Headquarters Commissioner and Camp Director, Nirmal Vana Training Camp, Sitlakhet (Almora), writes:

"The camp has been in full swing since 20th inst. The special feature of this year's activities is the addition of a Rover section and a Girl-Guide Captains section. There are altogether 63 candidates for the various classes, including 13 girl-guide Captains. Some of these campers have come from places outside U.P., such as Pilani, Sekhawati-Lachchmangarh (Jaipur), Udaipur (Mewar), Calcutta etc. The number of insructors and members of the staff is 15.

The opening of the camp was performed on the 20th inst., when the Camp Director gave a brief account of the origin and past history of the Nirmal Vana Camps."

Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ld.

DRAWING TO REDEEM STOCK ON BOMBAY REGISTER.

We are requested to publish the following:—

"In connection with its issue of First Mortgage Debenture Stock, the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., will, in accordance with clause 2 of the conditions endorsed on the stock certificates, hold a drawing for the redemption of stock on the Bombay Register at their Registered Office, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, at 3 p.m. on the 5th bune 1934 of a certain amount of Debenture Stock for purposes of redemption.

A simultaneous drawing will be held on the same day and at the same hour at Capel House, New Broad Street, London, E.C. 2, in respect of stock registered on the London Register."

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains.	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6-15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7-50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9 00
Madras Express	10-15
Deccan Queen	10-25
Poona Mail	11-40
Punjab Mail	13-15
Nagpur Express	14-40
Poona Fast Passenger	16-00
Poona Express	19-10
Allahabad Express	20 45
	Departures.
Allahabad Express	7-15
Poona Express	8-00
Poona Fast Passenger	12-00
Madras Express	13-45
Poona Mail	15-30
Punjab Mail	16 05
Deccan Queen	17-15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21-15
Nagpur Express	21-30
Madras Mail	22-00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL 23 00

Mail, Express and Passenger trains Arrivals at Bombay Central.

	H.M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5 50
No. 20 Up Delhi Express ...	6 15
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	6-45
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 50
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail on Saturdays	9 05
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 50
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20-55
Departures from Bombay Central.	H.M.
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8-45
No. 9 Down Passenger	8-55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13-35
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail ...	20-25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail ...	21 15
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail ...	21 30
No. 19 Down Delhi Express ...	22-00
No. 7 Down Passenger ...	22-15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

*On Saturday only for Passengers going to Europe 9 05

Shrimati Sumaben Kapurchand Jariwalla, President of the All-India Bhavsar Kshattriya Mahila (Ladies') Conference which held its first session in Bombay on Monday at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY

Authorities Clear Misunderstandings

The following statement has been issued on behalf of the Muslim University Aligarh, by the Acting vice-Chancellor and the Pro-Vice-Chancellor.

The resignation of Sir Ross Masood from the Vice-Chancellorship of this University has undoubtedly deeply moved the Community and is deplored by every well-wisher of this Institution to which he has rendered great services during his term of Office. but it is undesirable that this should be made the cause of certain highly coloured statements that have recently appeared in the daily Press which are detrimental to the prestige and reputation of the premier educational institution of the Musalmans of India.

We therefore assure the public that the unfortunate differences of opinion between Sir Ross Masood and the Court will not effect the teaching and normal residential life in this University. There will be no alteration in its present policy of academic activity; in fact it, is hoped to open, in July next, M. A. and Honours Classes in Urdu.

Parents intending to send their sons to this University, and all others wishing to join, may do so with confidence that the teaching and traditional life of the University will not be in any way impaired.

ELECTIONS IN TAMIL NADU

Call To District And Taluk Committees

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, May 28.

The Manager of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee writes to say that Congress membership books are being printed and will be sent to all mofussil places for enrolling Congress members in Tamil Nadu Secretaries of various district and Taluk Congress Committees and Congress workers are requested to put themselves at once in communication with Tamil Nadu Congress Committee after getting detailed instructions from the All-India Congress Committee.

Congress membership books will be sent to all moffusil places. District and Taluk Congress Committees are requested to write for membership books to Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, and not arrange to get the books printed locally.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

The Viceroy granted an interview to Sir Abdul Qadir at Simla on Saturday.

Their Excellencies lunched with the Viceroy's Staff at Annandale and afterwards attended the horse show on Saturday.

Their Excellencies left Simla to spend the week-end at Mashobra on Saturday.

His Excellency accorded interviews to Mr. T Sunara Rao Nayudu, Mr A P L N V N Adimuthu Pillai and Rao Bahadur D Krishnamurthi at the Ootacamund Secretariat on Saturday morning

His Excellency attended the garden party given by the Ministers at Hobart Park Ootacamund on Saturday afternoon.

The marriage of Princess Indira Raje, second daughter of the Maharaja of Dewas, Junior with Shrimant Sardar Sarjerao Bapusaheb Sitole was celebrated at Dewas with great pomp on Saturday evening. Among the distinguished guests present were Saheb and Maharani Saheba of Indore, Her Highness the Maha-The'r Highnesses The Maharajarani Chandravatibai Saheba of Indore, Their Highnesses Rajasahibs of Narsingarh and Sailana, Princess Kamladevi of Gaekwar Princes Khanderao and Udesingrao Gaekwar, Lt. Col. Macnabb, and his Staff, Lt Col. Robson, Mr. and Mrs. Fitze, Yuvarajas of Dewas, Senior and Sitamau, Sir G. B. Pradhan, Mr. and Mrs. Hardy, Sir James Roberts and Sir Hukumchand.

Sir Mahomed Habibullah, Dewan of Travancore, was at home on Sunday evening to the members of the two Houses of Legislature at Trivandrum leading officials and non-officials.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer arrived at Trivandrum on Sunday evening from Bombay where he had gone to attend the Bhopal Conference.

GIRL DUG UP FROM HAY HEAP

Tells Police Tale Of Her Abduction And Detention

SIMLA, May 28.

The tale of her abduction and detention told to the police by a girl rescued on Friday shows that after a tiff with her brother's wife, she went down hill near some servants quarters. There she was questioned by a washerwoman about the cause of her roaming aimlessly. Touched by the sympathy shown to her, she unburdened her mind to the woman.

Two Muslim washermen who were hearing her went aside and after a brief consultation laid their hands on the girl and shut her up in a cellar. She was warned not to cry. The same night the two washermen took her to a jungle where they kept her till 4 a.m. She was almost unconscious when she was taken in a rickshaw to a house past Lakkar Bazaar where she vehemently objected to a proposal to embrace Islam. She narrated then a long story of being moved at night between jungle and several houses until she was dug up from a heap of hay by some Hindus.

Mr. M. R Firth, Crime Inspector, is personally supervising the investigation. The medical report on the girl has been obtained by the police. Two Muslim washermen were arrested last night while an old Muslim woman, already in custody, has been let off, as the girl said that she had not seen her before. A Muslim employee of a local printing press is wanted by the police. The girl is lying ill at her relatives residence.

The police authorities deny that there has been any other abduction case in Simla recently.—A.P.

"JALABALA"-"MAHMUDI" COLLISION

Marine Court Records Evidence

As a sequel to the collision which occurred at sea on the night of December 10, last, 70 miles off Bombay between "Jalabala" belonging to the Scindia Steam Navigation Company and a prow called "Mahmudi," the Marine Court presided over by Sir Hormuzdiar P. Dastur recorded further evidence on Monday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay.

The result of the collision was that "Mahmudi" was wrecked and two of her crew were drowned.

Captain A. E. Trick, Master of the "Jalabala," stated that on December 10, the vessel was on its way to Bombay from Cannanore. At 10 p.m. after he had relieved the Chief Officer, he received the usual report that all the lights of the ship were burning. Soon after he heard the warning bell struck, which indicated that some vessel had been sighted. He saw a white light about 200 feet away on the starboard side and immediately ordered the helmsman to divert the route by 5 degrees and to pull "hard to port." This order was carried out.

BEFORE THE COLLISION.

Witness said that he was not able to discern whether the white light was at the masthead or what it was, when he first sighted it. But almost immediately thereafter he saw a sailing vessel heading across the bow. He sent out a warning message to stop, but before anything could be done the collision occurred. If the prow had been stationary the collison would not have occurred. Immediately after the collision witness heard a bell ringing and the shouts of the crew of the "Mahmudi." He ordered the lifeboat to be lowered, and within a few minutes the boat which was in charge of the Chief Officer was by the side of the wreck.

KILLED AS RESULT OF IMPACT

After 50 minutes' search, it was found that two men were missing. All the rest were rescued and brought up on board the ship. The witness formed the opinion that the two men must have been killed as a result of the impact.

Mr. Caroe of Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, who represented the Scindia Steam Navigation Company then cross-examined the witness. Further hearing at this stage was adjourned.

PARSIS NEED INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS TRAINING

Principal Davar's Views On Reorganisation Of Economic & Educational Position Of Community

The following is a statement of views by Principal Sohrab R. Davar, on the circular issed by Lady Navajbai Tata, Mr. J. K. Mehta, Mrs. J. K. Mehta and Mr. D. J. Irani relating to the reorganisation of the Parsi economic and educational position:

Your Circular letter embodies well thought out ideas which if properly developed through the co-operation and help of as many of the best men and women of our Community as we can get together, is sure to lead us to the goal we all have in mind, viz., to leave behind us an organisation—or at least the foundation of same which would preserve the lead and good name of our Community in India which our Ancestors, thanks to their practical wisdom, perseverence and communal love, have left behind them as the most valued legacy.

QUESTION OF DOLES.

On the question of doles I am one of those who think that—the system should be strictly applied to those who are too old or otherwise incapacitated for work. In all other cases work should be found by all possible efforts, either in concerns worked both by Parsi and non-Parsi employers through the influence of our best men in most fortunate positions.

HOUSING OF POOR.

I am in entire agreement with your suggestion on this question of housing of our poor. It is an urgent necessity which must be taken in hand immediately. I believe that the problem of housing of middle classes has been already solved, thanks to the efforts of some of our generous members of the Community as well as to others well directed organisations and business lines.

EDUCATION PROBLEM.

When approaching the educational problem we should not lose sight of the fact that we are predominantly a business Community. Our greatest conquests and triumphs have been recorded in the world of business. When I was a boy the great regret of the generation that was passing away at the time and which is now extinct, was that the new generation of the day had abandoned business of their forefathers under a false notion that that was a calling for the illiterate. They considered that once they had drunk deep at the fountain of the so-called cultural education in Arts Colleges there was nothing so degrading as working in a business office.

BUSINESS TRAINING.

The result was disastrous for a time to our business Community. Thanks however to a sustained agitation in our Parsi Newspapers a revival came in just at the time when everything appeared to slip out of our hands as far as the business world was concerned. Our University men as well as other well educated took to business and virtually saved the situation. What we should therefore consider most essential first step in any educational organisation we may formulate is the question of providing adequate business education on practical lines to the youths of our Community. We have in this City two Parsi Charitable Schools claiming to impart some sort of business training. I am sorry to state that both those Institutions are in a hopelessly backward and inefficient position, though large sums are sunk there.

FOR BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Our first requirement is thus a properly appointed business College under carefully selected Trustees, who understand both business and business education, preferably some of them at least should be business educationists. I can formulate a scheme under which a business College imparting both Diploma and University Degree teaching can be most successfully and efficiently worked primarily for our Community on an endowment of not more than fifteen lacs of rupees.

PARSI CO-OPERATIVE BANK.

With regard to our youths trained for the business world we can with great and good result help those who are most deserving and are in want of financial assistance for starting business of their own on small line with loans, on the lowest possible rate of interest providing such safeguards by way of security as may be possible. Here a well conducted Parsi Co-operative Bank would prove a great advantage. I agitated over quarter of a century ago for the establishment of such a Bank in our Parsi Newspapers—particularly in Pateti Number of the Sanj Vartman who gave great prominence to my scheme for such a Co-operative Bank and Co-operative Stores. Later the idea was taken up by some most enthusiastic and well-meaning members of the Community. Unfortunately the schemes for want of efficient organisation on most scientific lines, have not succeeded to the extent they should have.

TECHNICAL AND AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

You will pardon me when I state that I believe in a diversion of our agricultural class—or what remains of them—to business education, rather than encourage them to keep on working on their parents' lands in the villages. The last named idea seems to me more sentimental than practical. Looking to the conditions prevailing in India I am afraid the poor agriculturist stands very little chance of making good for many years to come. The question of industrial training is no doubt one worthy of our serious consideration, though here too I should emphasise the greater value of a business education of that type and class which would help us in creating really independent businessmen, rather than more clerks in business offices.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

Personally I am in complete agreement with your proposal of a separate College for women but considering the small number of Parsi Girls who would be forthcoming this problem can best be considered from a non-communal stand point. Our Hindu and Mahomedan Countrymen are I am sure as anxious as we are to see a separate College for women and would no doubt co-operate with us if we approach the right type of leaders of these Communities.

WASTED SCHOLARSHIP MONEY.

I have had considerable experience in connection with the grant of Scholarships by a large number of educational Trusts founded by members of various Communities, castes, etc. It will come as a surprise to you that most of these Scholars have proved indifferent Students. There are of course a few brilliant exceptions. Generally, where he Scholarship money is presented without an agreement to refund same out of future earning, the scholar in majority of cases get indifferent and fail to appreciate the value of the grant or the education which is made so easily available to him. I should in all cases strongly plead for granting Scholarships not only to those who appear to be brilliant Scholars from their past record of studies, but also on business lines, i.e., providing for a repayment out of future income in all cases.

RELIEF FOR UNEMPLOYED.

I am in entire agreement with the other proposals such as for the immediate relief of the unemployed, home for homeless girls, proper financing of Sir Ratan Tata's Industrial Home whict is undoubtedly worthy of our appreciation and help and last but not the least a considerable expansion of the Parsi Hoonershala.

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BOMBAY TUESDAY MAY 29, 1934

ECONOMIC PLANNING

"Economic planning" is the favourite slogan of the day all the world over. In India, too, it has become the fashion to employ it both by the Government and the larger industrialists. But the import of the phrase as applied to Indian conditions ought to be different from that in the Western countries where it is suggested as a possible device for effecting "economic internationalism" as an antidote to "economic nationalism" which is a less open form of national jealousy and self-aggrandisement liable at any time to break out into hostilities on the battlefield. It will take a long time for India to enter into the current of internationalism in that sense, notwithstanding the nominal honour, futile in practice, that is accorded to her in gatherings like the World Economic Conference.

Government's Apathy

The fact is India is still, like China and other Eastern countries, except Japan, in a backward or lower state of industrialism. This is not surprising if it is remembered, strange as it may appear, that only during the Great War was it realised by the Government "that a stronger industrial India would be a greater military asset," of course, for the Empire! But still no consistent industrial policy solely in the interests of India has been adopted by the Government. In the meantime western countries, including Britain which was a free trader before the war, have strengthened themselves further by entrenching themselves behind higher and thicker walls of protection and tariffs. India's position as a field of vast foreign investments, guaranteed by political considerations, has been further complicated as evidenced by the presence of various "Safeguards" in the proposed Constitution. The policy of "Discriminatory Protection" tardily accepted and grudgingly applied has naturally been ineffective in its purpose. Inadequately encouraged by the State and thrown upon popular sentiment, the Swadeshi movement could be but a a partial, attempt to solve the problem though it opened the nation's eyes to the facts of the situation and the possibilities of the country becoming industrially great and strong. So in the case of India "planned economy" assumes a new significance of understanding the present industrial position in the light of past history and in relation to the recent tendencies of commercial and industrial policies in other countries in the world; and then of knowing how to advance, and not the least, of becoming aware also of the various obstacles in the path.

Two Pillars

"Maximum production and a national outlook are the two pillars," Messrs. C. N. Vakil and M. C. Munshi say in their latest book, 'on which the industrial policy of this country must be based, as in other countries." The publication, "Industrial Policy of India," (published by Longmans and priced at Rs. 5), is a valuable and opportune addition to the series of "Studies in Indian Economics" edited by Mr. Vakil. The fundamental principles which should govern industrial planning in any country are clearly explained with their special application to India. The terse but cogent classification of industries is an aid to grasp the various aspects, with the underlying unity, of the problem. The failure of "Discriminating Protection" to achieve its purpose is demonstrated through a critical examination of the policy in its actual operation. The reader will also understand therefrom the defects in the proposed Constitution so far as it concerns encouragement to industrial development. The main interests in the study centres round a detailed and comparative examination of the customs tariff "In view of its growing importance as the principal instrument of our industrial policy." The present tariff policy is defective in that it is now applied at the wrong end or to wrong parties" regardless of its benefits accruing to the large mass of consumers. The parlous condition, to which the textile industry is reduced, with the strike in the City as its sharpest manifestation, is but an instance of the same. In other countries tariff policy is devised methodically with a far-reaching aim, as a means of fostering and strengthening their industrial position in relation to their business rivals; whereas in India it has been haphazard, a financial expediency to balance the general budget. To rectify this gross defect will be the immediate task of those who will take upon themselves the future administration of the country. To them and others who seek enlightenment and guidance on the proper ordering of India's economic destiny, the present publication will prove valuable. The central theme of the book, on the the tariff problem is Mr. Munshi's and formed a thesis for the M. A. examination. The Bombay University made a grant towards its publication. The "Alma Mater" and the "alumni" alike deserve congratulations.

Indefensible And Unjust.

The Bikaner State authorities have just published a Bill called the Foreigners Bill to deal with foreign subjects, who reside in the State, either temporarily or permanently, or pass through or travel therein. The Bill, when enforced, will empower the State officials to expel any "foreigner," that is, any Indian not belonging to the Bikaner State, without necessarily giving any reason. It further requires every "foreigner" to report himself to the State authorities within 48 hours of his arrival, and give all particulars about himself. No "foreigner", it provides, shall travel in or through the State, without a permit. No reason is given whatsoever to justify this extraordinary measure which, besides giving State-officials wide and arbitrary powers, which are liable to be misused, places indefensible restrictions on Indians. That such a measure should be contemplated constitutes sufficient condemnation of personal rule. British Indians and State subjects are too closely united in interests and relationship to be treated as distinct "nationalities" as in Europe. The spirit underlying this measure is wholly opposed to all federal principles, and the proposed federation of the Indian States with British India will be a misnomer, if the States are allowed to isolate themselves to the detriment of the people of the rest of the country.

Progressive Russia.

Twenty years ago Russia and India were equally backward in education. Now Russia has not only made a most remarkable progress in mass education, but is also sufficiently advanced to make innovations and experiments. The success of the Soviet educational system has, it is reported, attracted a number of American teachers, who will shortly visit Moscow to take up studies at the Soviet University. They want to learn how the Soviet organise mass education through their factory schools, academies and camps. The educational conditions in our own country—which, as we said, was as educationally backward as Russia only a few years ago—present a striking contrast to the remarkable achievements and progressive tendencies of the Soviet. The percentage of literacy shows no marked improvement—the quinquennial report reveals appalling illiteracy—and the system of education in our schools, colleges and universities is as futile as it is antediluvian. Moreover, it is unsuited to our special requirements and conditions. Yet so far from embarking on innovations and experiments our rulers are still apologising for their inability to reduce illiteracy to something lower than 90 per cent. Poor, impoverished Russia, under the barbarous Bolsheviks has liquidated illiteracy in ten years. India the "heritage" of civilized Britons like Lord Lloyd is where she was.

AN INDIAN TRAGEDY

Eloquent Figures Of High Mortality, Disease And Malnutrition

Specially Reproduced for "The Chronicle" from the Parisiain Review "LU".

The "Bulletin of Hygiene" publishes, in a recent issue, certain interesting facts, viewed from a medical and hygienic standpoint, about the life of Indian women. In 1933, the British Indian Government ordered an inquiry conducted by the medical services in the villages. Its scope included the frequency and character of diseases, diet, consumption of alcohol, births and deaths, as well as hygienic conditions, which generally, obtained amongst the population, especially, the Indian women. Here are the results of the inquiry.

41 per cent. of the British Indian population suffer from chronic diseases (in the 20 per cent. of cases, the diet does not contain the minimum nourishment).

The mortality is 245 amongst 1,000 inhabitants.

13 million Indians suffer from venereal diseases

3,660,000 inhabitants suffer from "night blindness," a disease caused by deficiency in vitamin A.

The infant mortality mounts to 18 per cent.

Death Amongst "Coolies."

The same "Bulletin" reproduces a report by Margaret J. Balfour on the health conditions existing amongst the workers engaged in the plantations in Assam.

The mortality amongst mothers is on the average 42 in 1,000. The average figure, it must be remembered, is noticeably exceeded in certain cases:—For instance, in one of the plantations referred above, Margaret Balfore noted 256 deaths in 1,000 births during the previous year.

In the majority of cases, the cause of death is pernicious anemia during pregnancy. The figures gathered in the plantations indicate:

40 per cent deaths caused by anemia;
33 per cent deaths caused by heart diseases, and
10 per cent deaths alone caused by puerperal (milk) fever.

The form of anemia of much frequency happens to be secondary anemia which is caused by marshiness and intestined parasites.

Toll Of Ignorance

In a recent issue of "The New Orleans Medical and Surgical Journal," Dr. H. W. Knight has published the terrible details of the primitive methods in midwifery, practised amongst Indian women. The religious prejudice prohibits men from attending to pregnant women and it is futile to speak of the indigenous village midwives who have no sort of special training outside their empirical knowledge.

Tre new-borns are paced on bare ground and have no bed clothes of any kind. Their mortality is enormous: pneumonia, titanus and digestive troubles are the principal causes of death.

The indigenous midwives are absolutely ignorant about the position of the child in the internal womb and quite frequently the delivery is caused with the aid of small forceps with the result that the child is crippled or mutilated for life.

"I have had occasion to observe," says the author of the article in the above-mentioned journal, "that, the pregnant women after delivery developed gangrene in the maternal region as a result of the operation of force and the anatomy in the interine canal is similarly gravely afflicted."

Child Marriages

The detail that interests us is reported from the "American Journal of Medicine" (1934, p. 304) and which, we imagine, is a result of child marriages (the British authorities have fixed 15 years as the minimum age for marriage of girls. The number of unions amongst those who have not yet reached the age of consent is quite enormous. In 1921 alone, eight and a half million marriages of this kind have been recorded: in 1934 the number recorded was 12,250,000. This was attributed to the systematic disregard shown by the population to the laws and regulations (the increase of 44 per cent by far considerable as the figures in increase of population do not exceed 10 per cent).

Malnutrition

In the "British Medical Journal" of 1933, two doctors who studied the causes of the high infant mortality amongst Indians, have come to the conclusion that in the south of India where women are nourished on polished rice (which is deficient in Vitamin B) the death rate is three times over and above that in the north where the principal nourishment consists of wheat.

Inspite of these lamentable

(Continued on next page).

RUSSIA AND GERMANY : Contradictions Of German Diplomacy Exposed: Soviet's Model Relations With Turkey

(By A. AZIZ AZAD.)

MOSCOW, April 29.

The German Government has stirred world opinion once more by her recent short-sighted diplomatic act of refusing Mr. Litvinov's proposal to sign a special pact of non-aggression between Germany and the U.S.S.R. guaranteeing the independence of the Baltic States.

By this refusal Germany has revealed an attitude which will undoubtedly work against her own interest. The Baltic States were formerly afraid of the U.S.S.R. in which they saw a menace to their own independence, because they had been Russian colonies before the war and the Bolshevik Revolution. The new effort of Soviet Russia and Germany's response to it prove conclusively that not Russia but Germany is keeping a jealous eye on the small, weak countries of the Baltic.

CONTRADICTIONS

"Izvestia", the leading newspaper of the Soviet Government, commenting on Germany's refusal to guarantee the Baltic States independence writes in an editorial:

"The German refusal put great responsibilities on her. The German statesmen must understand one thing: the entire world knows and will remember that the U.S.S.R. proposed to Germany a concrete means of improving the atmosphere and relieving the strain in Eastern Europe, and that Germany has refused to accept these means, basing her refusal on arguments not to the point. The Baltic States will have to make their own conclusions from this fact and will search new ways for safeguarding and defending their independence. As concerns the U.S.S.R., it will continue its policy of peace-strengthening and warning against war no matter whence it comes."

Another influential newspaper, "Pravda", writes:

"German diplomacy could not hide the contradictions existing between the words and deeds of Fascist-Germany, whose real programme is that of expansion in Eastern Europe. Germany could not find a single convincing argument on which to base her refusal. Germany's basic motive is obvious; she does not want to bind herself by an obligation which would hinder her aggressive policy towards the Baltic States."

"The Moscow Daily News" writes:

"It is quite clear that the German Government does not desire to assume any obligations, and tries to hide this fact by bringing forward exceedingly unconvincing arguments. Germany's reply to the Soviet proposal cannot but arouse the gravest suspicions not only in the Baltic States, but throughout the world."

JAPAN AND SOVIET UNION

The statement of the spokesman of the Japanese Foreign Office concerning Japanese political control of China, which has proved a bomb-shell all over the world has passed remarkably unnoticed here. Not a single newspaper has commented on the Japanese statement, and but a single Soviet statesman has expressed an opinion about these ambitious plans of Japan. The Soviet Press's taking such a line and the Government's conducting such a policy, probably indicate the fact that the U.S.S.R., which has considerable interests in China has decided to keep quiet, because it knows all the European Powers are interested in the Chinese market and will duly check such movements on the part of Japan for safeguarding, their own interests, thus as a matter, of course, guarding the U.S.S.R.'s interests as well. That the Soviet Government has decided not to worsen its relations with Japan, which have already reached a delicate point, and that it wants to follow the "Wait and see policy" and have her say at the end,—these two facts are thus made evident.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY

With the approach of the greatest Soviet festival, May Day, Kemalist Turkey again has the opportunity to demonstrate the cordial relations that exist between her and Soviet Russia.

Some days ago the chief conductor of the orchestra of the President of the Turkish Republic, Mr. Zeki Bey, and the violinist, Mr. Ekram Bey, arrived in Moscow. They entertained large audiences in Moscow and displayed great skill and musical talent.

To attend the "Red Festival", three Turkish aeroplanes with representatives of the Turkish military aviation corps, under the command of Colonel Jelal Bey, have arrived in Moscow. The guests have been accorded an extremely friendly reception in Moscow and have flown over the city several times, escorted by hundreds of Soviet aeroplanes.

The Turkish army, too, has sent a well-composed military delegation under the leadership of General Emil Pasha to participate in, and represent the Turkish army at, the parade of the Red Army which will take place on the morning of the first of May. Soviet-Turkey relations have been termed by M. Litvinov as "a model which, if copied by other nations, would make war and misunderstandings among the nations impossible."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

THOMPSON'S DEFENCE.

Sir John Thompson is right and he is doing the barest justice to the National Government in asserting that "the policy evolved at the Round Table Conference was laid before Parliament a few weeks after the General Election and approved." This implies quite truly that the White Paper enjoys Parliamentary sanction. Parliament, of course, is free to repudiate it when again seized of the question. That it will not do so may be taken for granted. But, considering the complexion of Parliament and considering that the generality of Tory members of Parliament is temperamentally more inclined towards the Die-hards than towards the "National" Government it is equally likely that the White Paper will be modified to approximate to some extent to the die-hard demands. What is perfectly certain is that the White Paper will not be improved upon even according to the halting perfunctory "Joint Memorandum." Our Liberal and Progressive friends had better not try to deceive themselves.

JAWAHARLAL IN JAIL.

A strong protest must be entered against the manner in which Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to be treated in the Dehra Dun jail. According to Mr. R. S. Pandit, whose interview appears in the "Hindustan Times" of Delhi, Jawaharlal is kept in isolation without a fan and not allowed proper facilities even to take walks. He has also lost eight pounds in weight. In the Alipur Jail, as Mr. R. S. Pandit points out, he was given sufficient opportunity for excercise in fresh air. Why this change? Why this change from the treatment meted out to him formerly in Dehra Dun itself? Pundit Jawaharlal is now a sort of "habitual" accustomed to restraints and restrictions, but the attitude of the U.P. Government, especially now that Congress has withdrawn Civil Disobedience, needs some explaining.

LEES ON INDIAN COTTON.

While "India" has accepted the Mody-Lees Pact as a legal obligation, Sir William Clare-Lees is presumably fulfilling his part of bargain by speaking a few words in praise of Indian cotton so that Lancashire may be persuaded to patronise Indian cotton also if possible. For, he paid, a fortnight ago at Manchester, "a tribute to the tremendous progress in technical ability' which had been made in Indian cotton production during the past eight or nine years. Since the Agreement did not involve any specific obligation on the part of Sir William and those he represents, we ought, we suppose, express gratitude to him for putting in a good word in favour of Indian cotton.

LEAD TO MODY.

Sir William Clare-Lees, further, took the opportunity of contrasting Bombay with Ahmedabad. "He was not much concerned with the mills in Bombay." They did not offer any serious competition. "But in Ahmedabad they were going much further, both in the finer counts they were now spinning and in the proficiency they had acquired, not only in weaving, but in dyeing and bleaching." Then he proceeded to the vital part of his address to the Textile Institute:

"All that meant that they at home had to go another step forward. They had to adapt themselves, in this time of transition, to new ways and to develop the technical side so as to find the maximum employment for people in this country"

Here is something for the sponsors and defenders of the Mody-Lees Pact to ponder over. Here is also a lead by the British patriot Sir William Clare-Lees for the Indian patriot Mr. H. P. Mody. Meanwhile the contrast is instructive.

IN TROUBLED WATERS.

In its irrepressible zeal to blacken the character of the Indian National Congress and every body connected with it, the "Times of India" sought to startle its politically-minded readers by splashing the report "Confusion in the Congress" in its Monday's poster. But the readers, after going through our contemporary's Simla correspondent's rodomontade—which was thus sought to be "featured" by the journal—must have felt sadly let down, for the so-called "confusion" apparently lay only in the mind of the correspondent and could nowhere be found in the correspondent's report of Congress activities. Simply because a rank communal organ here and there cannot see eye to eye with the Congress leaders and indulges in strong criticism, it is futile to suggest that there is "Confusion in the Congress." That communal fanatics in both Hindu and Muslim circles should accuse the A. I. C. C. of leanings towards their respective "enemies," is itself a proof that this body has adopted the very wise middle path of strict impartiality. But within the Congress ranks themselves there is absolutely no "confusion" as is sought to be made out. It is sheer dishonesty to suggest that Mahatma Gandhi talked "contemptuously" of the Swarajists" at any time. But any false story seems handy enough in some quarters to seize and broadcast.

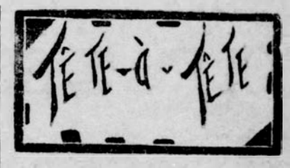
CEYLON MUST WAIT.

Ceylon, like India, is steadily coming to realise that she cannot have self-government as a gift from the British nation, but must secure it by her own inherent strength. If any of her politicians had fondly imagined that their country would be treated on a par with the British Colonies, like Canada and Australia, which have attained Dominion Status, they must have become thoroughly disillusioned by now. The Ceylonese have no racial affinities with the British such as the people of Canada and Australia have, and, therefore, do not inspire the same feelings of kinship and respect in the "mother-country" as the Canadians and Australians do. If South Africa and Ireland have achieved an independent status, they have done so because they had developed sufficient national strength to enforce their demand for self-government. It is impossible to imagine that so impertinent a reply to a request for a deputation to wait on the Minister would have been given by the Colonial Office, if such a request had come from thoroughly disillusioned by now. Canada, Australia or South Africa and not from Ceylon. We have no doubt that Ceylon will profit by the lesson taught her, albeit it is a bitter one.

Press Views

'Who' Missed The Bus?

With the shallow and supercilious remark that the Congress has "missed the bus," Mr. Jinnah has left for England. We do not see anything in the Patna decisions which can be construed as "missing the bus," and it is a pity that the absence of the President of the Muslim League should allow of much loose talk, present and prospective, about communal unity. As far as the Congress is concerned, the technical position has been explained in the course of Pandit Malaviya's statement. The resolutions of the Congress committed the country to the choice of joint electorates, and there is nothing in the Communal Award precluding the possibility of an agreed settlement, without which antagonism must go on without end, to the ruin of the country.—"Hindustan Times."



Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is reported "is allowed the daily 'Statesman' and electric light, but no fan."

The electric light is very necessary to relieve the deep extra darkness inflicted on him daily.

No fan is necessary because the 'Statesman" would do service for one, thereby providing Jawaharlal with some exercise also.

* * * *

Sir Mohamed Iqbal thinks it is a mistake to suppose that Socialist ideas in India are entirely due to Russian propaganda.

For this compliment to Indians' own sense much thanks.

And we are delighted to return the compliment by proclaiming that it is a mistake to suppose that Communalist ideas in India are entirely due to ———which remind us.

* * * *

"How," asks Mr. Jog, a Congressman, "do the Nationalists amongst the Mahasabhites and Mahasabhaites amongst the Nationalists reconcile their profession with practice, their convictions with their actions"?

By the simple process of not doing it, brother. But the real fact is that there ain't none such.

* * * *

"England Requires More Key-men"

She does. Lock at the large number of unlocked Churchills, Lloyds, Mosleys, etc., etc.

* * * *

"The Government of Bombay have been guilty of lack of imagination in dealing with (strike) problem."

—The "Pioneer"

This is intriguing, the U.P. Education-Ministerial organ deprecating "lack of imagination."

* * * *

"There fall to the lot of an acting Governor many new duties and some new pleasures," said H.E. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, addressing a gathering of Simla Scouts and Guides on the Empire Day.

The slight mistake in the placing of the two adjectives, is usual; but his Excellency need not have modestly qualified "Governor."

* * * *

"Every industrial country in the world is watching Japan with attention" says the financial editor of the "Manchester Guardian."

The watching brief on India's behalf is, of course, very kindly held by Britain.

* * * *

It has just struck us that, except for the knighthood which ought to be bestowed without further delay, Mr. H. P. Mody resembles Sir William Clare Lees in almost all prominent respects.

Sir William is retiring from his Presidentship of the Textile Institute of Manchester. Mr. Mody is retiring from his Presidentship of the Bombay Millowners' Association.

Sir William signed the famous Mody-Lees Pact. Mr. Mody too signed the famous Mody-Lees Pact.

Sir William is much concerned about the danger of Ahmedabad to Lancashire. And so is Mr. Mody.

* * * *

"DISARMAMENT HOPES REVIVED"

—Headline in Anglo-Indian Daily.

To be re-buried so that they may again be revived to be re-buried.....

* * * *

The measure to control the entry into, and passage through, Bikaner of foreigners contains, we are unreliably informed, a proviso to the following effect. "Provided that, notwithstanding anything in Geography, Anthropology, Dictionary, etc., the definition of a foreigner shall in no case apply to (1) Europeans whether visiting the territory of H.H. on business, pleasure or "Shikar" and (2) Officers of any of the British Indian or Indian Indian Governments.

* * * *

An upcountry confrere doesn't know how a Khan Bahadur reacts to truth.

These ignoramuses! Why, he reacts like a solvent of it.

* * * *

CHESSY FINANCE

"More money," he sighed. "You're always wanting money. This life's like a game of chess. Nothing but cheque, cheque, cheque."

"And," she replied, "if you don't give me more it will be even more like a game of chess. It will be pawn, pawn, pawn."

Story Of Saudi-Yemenite Feud

Will Imam Hold His Own Against Ibn Saud?

Grand Mufti's Efforts To Bring About Peace

(SPECIAL TO THE "CHRONICLE.")

The hope that ultimately the Imam of Yemen will be able to hold his own against Ibn Saud was expressed by a prominent Arab merchant doing business in Bombay when interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle". The Imam of Yemen, he said, had been taken unawares by the Saudis but a large part of Arabia was with the Imam who had far superior resources than the King of Hedjaz and the recent victories of Ibn Saud were not a true index of the situation.

Moreover he was very hopeful about the efforts of the Grand Mufti of Palestine who, along with some other prominent Muslims, is in Taif on a peace-mission.

Over a cup of excellent Arab tea and a plate of the famous desert dates, he told the "Chronicle" representative the whole history of the Saudi-Yemenite feud. He said that it could be traced back to the time when Ibn Saud conquered Hedjaz. The Idrisis, who govern Tohama, are all Shafiis and not Shiahs like the Imam of Yemen. They thought they would find Ibn Saud a better master and accepted his hegemony. They soon found, however, that they were in a worse condition and some of them asked the Imam to take up the Government of Tohama. Accordingly the Imam sent his soldiers and occupied a portion of the country.

Map showing scene of operation in the Hedjaz-Yemen war.

DIVISION OF NEDJRAN.

Another cause, he said, was the division of Nedjran. This territory, which naturally forms a part of Yemen, was partly under the Imam and partly under Ibn Saud. The Imam started sending his soldiers to Nedjran with a view, presumably, to occupying the whole of it. This Ibn Saud resented and prepared to fight. He said the division should remain as it was when he had conquered Hedjaz while the Imam claimed the whole of Nedjran as a part of Yemen.

Ibn Saud, King of Hedjaz and Nejd.

THE ADVERSARIES.

There is a great difference, continued the Arab, between the two adversaries. The Imam is very stingy with his money which he has in plenty. His country is far richer than Hedjaz and his treasury is reputed to be full. The King of Hedjaz, on the other hand, rules over a barren tract and lacks money. But he is a clever tactician and a cleverer diplomat. All the time since his rise to power he has been strengthening his army.

IMAM'S MISTAKE

He sent a delegation to Yemen to make a treaty with the Imam about the possession of Nedjran and Tohama. The Imam made the mistake of detaining the delegation though afterwards he released them. In the meantime Saud's army was ready and now getting a convenient excuse, his forces advanced on Yemen and took the Imam unawares. That is why Ibn Saud has so far been successful. If the struggle lasts for some more time the Imam will be able to hold his own for three good reasons:—

(1) He is the richest man in Arabia.

(2) He has the support of the major part of Arabia. Ibn Saud, being a Wahabi is not very popular.

(3) His country is mountainous and, therefore, impregnable.

GRAND MUFTI'S MISSION.

The merchant is in regular correspondence with the Grand Mufti of Palestine who along with Mohamed Ali Pasha, Shaikh Bey Arsalan and Hashim Bey Alatasi, the Nationalist leader of Syria, has been in Taif for the last three months. All these prominent Muslims are engaged in efforts to bring about peace between the two warring Powers and to save Arabia from more bloodshed and feud. Recent advices from the Grand Mufti show that he and his colleagues are still hopeful of bringing about peace.

SOLDIERS FIGHT FOREST FIRES

R. A. F. Aeroplanes Co-operate With Fireman In Aldershot

LONDON, May 28.

Two R.A.F. aeroplanes, hundreds of soldiers and despatch-riders carrying messages from one part of the area to another, co-operated with firemen in fighting the huge Heath forest fires, near Blackdown, Aldershot.

The flames covered an area of seven miles long and five miles wide. The whole battalion of the 2nd Royal West Kents failed to check the flames, and contingents of the Welsh Guards, Coldstream Guards and the Lifeguards, under canvas nearby, rushed to the scene, while the 'planes directed the operations.

Owing to the dense smoke the soldiers wore gasmasks, while the exploding bullets dropped by soldiers during training, were an added danger. Six square miles of countryside were destroyed.

The fire has been brought under control but the soldiers have been encamped nearby as a precaution.—Reuter's Special.

NEPALESE AFFIRM SOVEREIGN INDEPENDENCE

Establishment Of Legation In London Welcomed

LONDON, May 28.

The visit of General Bahadur Shumshere marks an interesting and important change in the policy of Nepal, states the "Times" in a leader. The establishment of the Nepalese Legation in London may indicate not only the desire of the Maharajah's Government to affirm their sovereign independence, but also appreciation of the importance of maintaining close diplomatic contact with the friendly British Government, who have the same interests in Central Asian peace.

On this side further strengthening of the old and tried friendship will be warmly welcomed. To-day Nepal is entering a new life. Its social, economic and political independence is the expression of national faith and it speaks well for the wisdom of past Governments in India that they respected the instinctive sentiment of the Gurkhas and thus won their confidence and friendship.—Reuter's Special.

TURKEY TO REPUDIATE TREATY OF LAUSANNE

GENEVA, May 27.

It is learned from a usually well-informed source that Tewfik Rushdi Bey, the Turkish Foreign Minister, will make a very important statement at the meeting of the General Commission in regard to the Straits of the Dardanelles and Bhosphorus, indicating that Turkey no longer considers herself bound by the demilitarisation clause in the Treaty of Lausanne.—Reuter.

JETPUR TALUKDARS' PROGRESSIVE MOVE

Plans To Suppress Evils Of Excessive Subdivision

WADHWAN CAMP, May 28.

The evils of excessive subdivision and fragmentation of the Jetpur Taluka among no fewer than 18 Talukdars, with and without jurisdictional rights and the consequent necessity of maintaining the Jetpur Taluka Court and its appurtenances at a cost of Rs. 2,00,000 a year have for some years been making themselves keenly felt by the petty Talukdars and the people at large.

The late Durbar Shree Bawavala Saheb of Vadia saw the perils of fragmentation of his territory and brought about its compactness and concomitant prosperity of the Vadia State by a suitable exchange of territorial limits with Durbar Shree Amaravala Saheb of Thanadevli achieved similarly gratifying results by exchanging territorial limits with Durbar Shree Rawatvala Saheb of Bilkha.

By far the most important milestone of progress is about to be passed through the joint efforts of Durbar Shree Muluvala Saheb who would be in possession of the compact areas under Jetpur and Mendarda whilst the similarly consolidated areas under Bilkha and Chital would go to Durba Shree Rawatvala Saheb. The settlement officer appointed by the Western ndia States Agency has already succeeded in bringing about thoroughly satisfactory exchanges of territories at Mendarda among the Talukdars concerned.—United Press.

SIMLA GIRL KIDNAPPING

Police Still Busy Investigating

SIMLA, May 28.

The nature of police investigation into the Simla Kidnapping Case, which excited great sensation here last week, seems to be the general talk of the town. The girl who hails from a village in the Multan District and has seen a modern city only for the first time in her life, was rescued by a band of volunteers at the dead of night from a secluded hut in the outlying part.

It is alleged that the police searched neither the place of rescue, nor the places where she is alleged to have been kept well guarded by Goondas.

It is further alleged that the culprits mentioned by the girl, have up till now, been untouched nor their residences searched. Another regrettable feature of this case has been, it is reported, the responsible medical officer's refusal to examine the girl, because, it was past 4 p.m. on Saturday, despite the personal intervention by some high Police Official. Ultimately, she was examined by a lady Doctor yesterday noon, 40 hours after she had been rescued.

The investigation has now been entrusted to two officers with joint responsibility, but the delay in bringing the offenders to bcok, whose number seems to be many, has aroused keen dissatisfaction, especially because organised conspiracy against women, have hitherto been unknown in Simla.—United Press.

SMUGGLING THROUGH KATHIAWAR PORTS

Clarifying Attitude Of Govt. Of India

SIMLA, May 28.

As some misunderstanding is likely to be caused by recent news telegram about what is believed to be the attitude of Government telegram about what is believed to be the attitude of Government regarding smuggling through Kathiawar and French ports, it may be mentioned that, what the previous message intended to convey was that the Government has had no evidence of smuggled goods being sold in British India. The authorities concerned are ever watchful and welcome any proof that may be submitted regarding the smuggling of goods, and that if as a result of their inquiries, or as a result of evidence submitted by non-official agencies, smuggling is proved to be in vogue, they would take steps to put the matters right.—A.P.

Mrs. Burges Explains Objects Of Red Cross Society

(From A Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

Mrs. Burges of the Red Cross Society visited the Sakhi Mira School on Saturday last. She went round the different classes and was pleased to see the cheerful and smiling faces of the little ones. Diwan Vastiram, the Manager of the School, spoke a few words of welcome to Mrs. Burges. Mrs. Burges then addressed the girls. She gave a brief history of the Red Cross Society—its origin, its international growth and its aims and objects. She emphasised its great educational value. "Promotion of health and hygiene, service to others and the fostering of international fellowship," these were the three broad principles for which the Red Cross Society was working. She described how each girl could serve the poor by saving pies from the daily tips which they received from their parents.

A teacher of the school then said a few words. He pointed out how the ideals of the Red Cross Society were being literally practised in the Sakhi Mira School. Mrs. Burges was exceedingly glad to hear that the girls of the Sakhi Mira School contributed Rs. 85 to the recent Bihar Earthquake Fund.

AN INDIAN TRAGEDY

(Continued from previous page).

hygienic and alimentary conditions which affect a large majority of Indian population, the population does not decrease in these serried ranks of humanity. In 1921, the population was registered at 318,942,480 souls. In 1933, this number passed the limit of 352,837,778. 42 million increase in 12 years!

PLOT TO BLOW UP NEWS AGENCY

Police Discover Dynamite Bomb In Vienna

VIENNA, May 27.

The police this morning discovered a bomb outside the stock exchange building which also contains the offices of the official Austrian news agency, and Reuter and other news agencies.

The bomb is said to have contained 4½ lbs of dynamite timed to explode at 6 p.m. when the official news agency begins to work on Sunday.—Reuter.

GIVE PREFERENCE FOR IRISH GOODS

Then We Will Treat Britain Likewise, Says De Valera

DUBLIN, May 27.

We say to the British, "We will give you preference for your goods when you give us preference for ours," said Mr. De Valera in a speech to a gathering of 10,000 persons at Clifden, County Galway, to-day.

Mr. De Valera declared that they must fight this fight to a finish. He believed they were going to win through. They were determined not to pay.—Reuter.

DEATH OF EX-PRINCIPAL OF ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE

POONA, May 27.

The death occurred of the Rev. Father E. Blatter, S.J. at St. Xavier's parochial house last night.

Father Blatter, was born in Switzerland on December 15, 1877. He joined the order of the Society of Jesus in 1896. He came to India in 1903 and was the Professor of Biology for a cople of years at the St. Xavier's College.

He again went to England and came back in 1915, and became the Principal of the St. Xavier's College in 1921. Father Blatter was a member of the University Reforms Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay.

Alleged Insult To Islam By Delhi Arya Samaj Missionary

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 28.

In connection with the case against Pandit Ramchandraji, a famous Arya Samaj Missionary of Delhi, for alleged insult to Islam, Mr. Baji Krishna Rao, a prominent Ayra Samajist of Secunderabad, and Mr. Chandulal, Secretary of the Arya Samaj of Hyderabad have sent separate telegrams to H. E. H. the Nizam, demanding that the prosecution should be heard by a European Judge from British India.

When the Panditji was about to deliver an address some days back in connection with the anniversary of the late Justice Keshav Rao, an order signed by the Commissioner of the City Police was served on the organisers of the meetings, prohibiting Pandit Ramachanderji from delivering his address. This came as a surprise to the audience and many of Panditji's friends and admirers including several ladies and Harijans observed fast on the next day as a mark of protest.—(United Press.)

Charges Framed Against Labour Leader

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Charges under section 18 of Press Emergency Powers Act and section 109, I.P.C. read with section 18 of Press Act were framed against Bankim Mukherjee, a labour leader by the Chief presidency Magistrate to-day for distributing as also aiding and abetting publishing of May Day manifestoes in English, Bengali and Hindi.

Prosecution alleged that the accused addressed a labour meeting organised at the instance of the All-India Trade Union Congress on May 1 last, at Ochtorlony Monument.

The accused pleaded not guilty. The hearing is adjourned till June 8.—United Press.

PAYMENT FOR GERMAN IMPORTS

Cut In Allotment Of Foreign Currencies For June

BERLIN, May 28.

The Foreign Currency Control Department has cut down the allotment of foreign currencies for June in payment of imports to ten per cent of the average requirements.

Controlled imports in wool, cotton, skins, hides and base metals are receiving special treatment.—Reuter's Special.

INSURANCE OFFICER CHARGED WITH CHEATING

Employees Allege Security Deposits Have Not Been Returned To Them

Dramatic scenes were witnessed in the Court of Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate on Monday evening when Mr. Bishamber Nath, Special Officer in Bombay of the Sunshine Insurance Ltd., Lahore came in response to an immediate summons served on him to answer a charge of cheating.

On a complaint filed by Mr. Pestonji Dadabhoy Hodivala, an employee of the firm, that a sum of Rs. 500 deposited with Mr. Nath as security for the post of cashier in the firm had not been returned to him and as the complainant alleged that Mr. Nath was about to leave Bombay, the Magistrate on the application made by Mr. K. D. Ghasvalla, Advocate, issued an immediate summons on Mr. B. Nath.

Mr. Nath admitted that a sum of Rs. 500 had been deposited with him by the complainant and prayed for time to return the amount. Mr. Ghasvalla for the complainant pointed out that several employees of the firm had been led to believe that the appointments that were being given to them were lucrative ones and deposits had been taken from them all. All the employees were youths and they had been served with notices terminating their services, but the deposits had not been returned.

Mr. Ghasvalla also stated that the complainant had good grounds to believe that the accused was about to leave Bombay.

ACCUSED PULLED UP BY COURT

The accused received a severe admonition from the Magistrate when he addressed the Court in a oud tone and tried to shout down the complainant's advocate. "I am a lawyer from Lahore and belong a respectable family" said Mr. Nath, and asserted that he had conducted several important cases there.

The Magistrate informed the accused that one of the allegations against him was that he had not been enrolled.

At this stage another employee also informed the Court that he had also deposited Rs. 500, and was unable to get it back.

The Magistrate asked the accused whether he was willing to pay the complainant immediately. "They were all youths without any sort of experience and have been entrusted the jobs of cashiers, and large deposits," the Magistrate said, "had been taken from them."

The accused pleaded for time and the Magistrate ordered the accused to enter into a bond for Rs. 500 and to deposit Rs. 125, with one surety in like amount. The accused was also directed to give an undertaking not to leave the jurisdiction of the Court till the morning of May 30th.

WOULD BE SURETY QUESTIONED.

One of the employees of the accused volunteered to stand as surety. Before he was accepted the Magistrate questioned him:—

Magistrate:—What is your salary?

Answer:—Nothing has been fixed as yet. I have recently joined the firm.

Magistrate:—Have you also deposited any money?

Answer:—You need not worry about it.

The Magistrate called the surety into the witness box and told him that the answer given by him amounted to contempt of Court. The Magistrate, said that he was only taking the precaution of finding out whether the surety was worth anything at all. "You are a man who admits, that you have nothing at all. You pay only Rs. 17 as rent. You want the Court to accept your bond for Rs. 500?"

APOLOGY TO COURT.

The surety Ram Narain apologised to the Court, and prayed that a serious view may not be taken of his answer to the question.

The Magistrate gave him a severe warning and accepted the apology.

The Sunshine Insurance Ltd., has its Office in Bombay at Bible House, Hornby Road.

DISARMAMENT BUREAU MEETS

Henderson On Disparaging Statements

CONVERSATIONS OF RECENT WEEKS RECAPITULATED

GENEVA, May 28.

The bureau of the Disarmament Conference assembled this afternoon after a long adjournment. Mr. Henderson, opening, said that numerous statements had been circulated disparaging the future of the Conference, some of which seemed to be of a defeatist character. He hoped the Bureau would unanimously recommend the General Commission that gravity of the situation more than ever demanded unflagging determination to pursue effforts towards a Security Convention.

The Chairman recapitulated the trend of conversations of recent weeks, including a reference to the French note of 17th April, stating that it could not agree to immediate reduction of its armaments which would be accompanied by immediate re-armament of a qualitative character of the Powers bound by military clauses of the Treaty.—Reuter.

OUT TO BREAK THEIR OWN RECORD

French Airmen's Failure

NEW YORK, May 28.

The French airmen Codes and Rossi, who were making attempt to break their own long-distance flight record, landed at North Truro, Massachusetts. They failed to achieve their object.—Reuter.

"DIFFICULT FLYING."

Codos and Rossi wirelessed at 11 p.m. Nova Scotia summer time "We are flying over Nova Scotia. Flying is difficult. Visibility is ni. All is going well."

£520 For Anstey's "Vice-Versa" Mss.

(Special Cable).

LONDON, May 28.

The manuscrip of Anstey's novel "Vice Versa" fetched £520 at Sotheby's sale.

BROADCASTING IN RURAL INDIA

Col. Hardinge Welcomes Kirkee Experiment

SIMLA, May 28.

Welcoming the scheme for high-power shortwave broadcasting from Bombay via Kirkee to be carried out by the Indian State Broadcasting Service in co-operation with the Indian Radio and Cable Communications Company, Colonel Hardinge, who has been in India on benalf of the Village Welfare Association of England, in a statement to the Associated Press, stresses the need for two separate programmes, one to suit the taste of the peasantry in the villages and the other to cater to the needs of the educated and leisured classes.

SHORT WAVE HIGH CLASS SERVICE.

The inauguration of an all-India short wave high class service of programmes for educated members of the population will have the further advantage that it will substantially lessen the otherwise inevitable temptation to raise the standard of the rural medium wave services of programmes in an endeavour to cater through them not only for the peasantry but also for the educated members of the rural population such as, landed proprietors. The result would be to satisfy neither this latter class for whom an adequate daily programme could not be maintained from an upcountry provincial centre nor the peasantry for whom rural services may well prove of inestimable value but only if the simplest programme suited to their needs is provided.

WELCOME EXPERIMENT.

The Kirkee experiment is therefore to be welcomed and it is to be hoped that those who have had the vision to conceive so desirable a public service may be rewarded for their commendable initiative by striking success.

Col. Harding sails on June 19 and expects to return to India about the end of July. He has been helping various Governments in connection with rural broadcasting schemes and expects that Peshawar Rural Broadcasting Project will be opened if possible in October.—A. P.

Rubber Restriction Bill Passed

SINGAPORE, May 28.

Legislative Council has passed the rubber Restriction Bill.—Reuter's Special.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING

Three Girl Student's Narrate Their Experiences

RAWALPIDI, May 27.

A case of alleged kidnapping of three Hindu girls, students of a local girls' school by a pathan is reported.

It is stated that the girls were going home during recess when they were met by a Pathan who had a tonga waiting.

It is alleged that he told them that he would take them to their mothers and persuaded them to get into the tonga. Apparently they were then rendered unconscious by some means, and when the girls woke up they found themselves near Marir Bridge about four miles from city and alone. A Sikh gentleman motoring to his office found them walking without any companions, but his enquiries did not evoke satisfactory replies from the girls who were apparently too overcome by fear. While returning from his office he again found them and suspecting mischief he gave them a lift to their school where the girls narrated their story in presence of their teacher.

The police are investigating the matter but no further details are available.—A. P.

"IT IS SIMPLY DISGUSTING"

Position Of "Maha Sabha Nationalists"

CAWNPORE, (By Mail.)

"How do the Nationalists amongst the Mahasabhites and Mahasabhites amongst the Nationalists reconcile their profession with practice, their convictions with their actions?" asks Mr. Jog, a prominent Congress leaders. He says "there has been much reshuffling of ideas and ideals and this will result in the complete breakdown of institutions after the election warfare is over, if not earlier." The compromising position of the Nationalists and pseudo-Nationalists amongst the Mahasabhites is simply disgusting; he adds, and perhaps only justified on the ground that sincerity truth, honesty and faithfulness have different meanings at different times with the diplomats and politicians.

The fiction must be avoided, he says.

Readers' Views

INDIAN ART IN LONDON

Lord Brabourne's Appeal For Funds

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As the Chairman of the Regional Committee of Western India which has been formed to select work for the exhibition of Modern Indian Art in London, to be held this winter at the Burlington Galleries under the auspices of the India Society, I would ask you to kindly to publish the enclosed letter on the subject from His Excellency the Governor.

A few words of explanation of the aims and objects of the Regional Committee of Western India may help to make His Excellency's timely appeal to the public on behalf of funds more widely appreciated. This Committee is formed of delegates from the most important Art Groups of Bombay, and comprises well-known Painters, Sculptors and Architects. Its object is to do its best to secure from Western India and the Indian States the best possible examples of the fine arts which have been produced since 1880. The forthcoming exhibition is to be held on Regional lines, so that the public of Great Britain (and probably of other European countries) may be able to judge what the different provinces of India are producing or have produced in Art in very modern times. The issue therefore is of great importance to Bombay, both artistically and industrially; and the value of the efforts which Bombay has made to promote Art in India for the last 50 years and more is bound to be estimated to some extent by the effect which this exhibition makes upon public opinion in London. It is no exaggeration to say that after many years of what may be termed a general ebb so far as Indian Art is concerned, the tide is turning. Everyone who is interested in art should do his utmost to make the most of this favourable moment which is not likely to recur for a long time. Bombay possesses Architects, Sculptors, and Painters, whose work may well be exhibited along with that of any other province in India. But in order to exhibit this work in the most effective and representative manner overseas, funds are very urgently needed for payment of freight to and fro, insurance and other expenses. I earnestly hope that His Excellency's appeal will once more awaken those generous instincts for which the public of Western India are famous, and that a great many will send their contributions, however small, to the undersigned as early as convenient.—Yours etc.,

PHIROZE SETHNA.
Chairman,
Regional Committee for Western India for the Exhibition of Modern Indian Art in London.
Canada Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay May 28.

Governor's Appeal

Government House,
Bombay,
17th May, 1934.

My dear Sir Phiroze,

As the time for the despatch of our exhibits to the Exhibition of Indian Paintings in London is now approaching rapidly, I have no doubt that your Committee have realised the necessity of doing all they can to collect funds for this purpose. Although Government have put a grant at their disposal, I am afraid this is, of course, not meant to be sufficient unless it is supplemented by contributions from the public and I hope your Honorary Treasurer and Honorary Secretary are doing all they can to collect funds for this purpose.

I can strongly recommend this Exhibition to the attention not only of the public of Bombay, but also of our neighbours, the Indian Princes who have so often given us munificient help in similar causes. I am sure the Princes and public alike will recognise that this Exhibition of Indian pictures and sculptures should do much to awaken the interest of the British public in India and her art, and indeed it may be hoped that the Exhibition will attract the attention of visitors from the Continent of Europe also.

As Patron of your Committee, I shall be very glad to know what progress you are making from time to time, and, if it is not putting you to too much trouble, I should be very glad to have periodical reports of the progress of your collections.—Yours sincerely,

SD/ BRABOURNE.
The Hon. Sir Phiroze Sethna, Kt., O.B.E.

"Working Hours In Government Offices"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have been closely watching the recent correspondence appearing in your columns on the above subject. Your correspondent "Reason" seems to be bringing in much irrelevent matter and I strongly object to his sentence. "This mentality bred by the invasion of Bombay commercial firms by cheap clerical labour from the Southern parts——."

In fairness to the South Indians, let "Reason" make a thorough and exhaustive inquiry as to the raeson why South Indians are preferred to others in several offices. He will find that they have proved themselves to be more hardworking, intelligent, industrious and efficient than the local men and they possess an infinite capacity for hard and long hours of work. The South Indians can throw up a challenge to any one to compete with them. It is not only in the mere routine of typing or taking down Shorthand notes that the South Indian is clever but in all other branches of office work also. It is this quality that brings him success wherever he goes.

One cannot understand why "Reason" who is so very proud of being a Government servant rushes to the press to complain of a so-called grievance after one year and thus himself commit a breach of the Government Servants' Conduct Rules. Is he true to himself and to his employers? And does he entitle himself to be "Your most obedient Servant?"—Yours, etc.,

R. RADHAKRISHNAN.
Krishna Building,
May 26.

Harijans For The Assembly

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Congress Parliamentary Board should select two or three Harijan candidates for the Assembly.

At present there is only one seat in the Assembly for Harijan and that to by nomination Mr. M. C. Rajah is the sitting member nominated by the Government. This time as the Congressmen are contesting elections Government will not nominate Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah Most probably Dr. Ambedkar will be nominated. Dr. Ambedker is a staunch supporter of the White Paper.

Mr. C. Rajah from the Madras Presidency one from Bengal, should be selected.

One member should be taken on Parliamentary Board too.—Yours, etc.,

"A SWARAJIST."

Aligarh Duty Society Deputation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As has already been published in the papers, a deputation from the Muslim University, Aligarh, has arrived in Bombay to collect funds for the Duty Society. The Secretary of the Deputation has appealed to the people of Bombay for liberal donations. I crave the indulgence of your esteemed paper for the publication of the following few lines regarding the work of this Society.

(1) It was founded by the great Sir Sayyad in the year 1890 to help poor and deserving students.

(2) It has so far advanced Rs. 382,543 as loans (quarze-hasna) to such needy students.

(3) At present 181 students in the Muslim University are being helped by its funds.

Among some of those who have been helped by it in the past include persons who are now well placed in public life and who would not have been able to occupy the high positions which they do at present had it not been for the help which they received from the Duty Society for acquiring their education.

The Duty Society, therefore, deserves every encouragement and help if our country does not want to be deprived in the future of men who although lacking means might yet be possessing qualities that make men great. It stands to fulfil the needs of such students and unless it is liberally helped the noble cause for which it exists might suffer owing to lack of funds. I hope Bombay which has in the past given generous donations to the Society will maintain its traditions of charity and liberality by responding to the appeal of the Secretary of the Deputation. It is true that our city is passing through a grave economic crisis, yet I hope there will not be wanting philantrophic and persons and institutions who would not like to belie the expectations which has induced the Deputation to visit Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

MUNIR HAINDADAY.
(An Old Alig).

An Appeal To Parents And Wards

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Before this week ends, the Matriculation results will be out. As usual there may be several cases of failures of deserving candidates. We have every year been hearing of cases of suicides committed by dejected candidates. This is an appeal to all parents and guardians to give good advice from now to their wards and to see that they do not resort to such hasty and rash step.

The dejected candidates should bear well in mind that no good results out of putting an end to a precious life. Let them recall the instances of several of those living high personages who were thorough failures in their school career.

One's failure in an examination is not a bar to his further career in life. Failure will take him to quite a different step leading to prosperity's ladder. Let the failed candidate rest himself contented with this ideal and restart his energies and he will soon find that he has changed for the better. Hard, sincere and conscientious work in the right direction will not go un-rewarded.—Yours etc.

K. MAHADEVAN.
Bombay Tramways,
May 28.

"Menace Of Money-Lenders"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter by Ram Narain under the caption "In the clutches of moneylenders," appearing at page 8 of the "Bombay Chronicle," dated, 24-5-34, it is common knowledge that this is one of the several thousands cases which happen every day in Bombay where people get into the clutches of the Pathan moneylender. No doubt people who resort to Pathans, are those whose credit is nil. All the same there is absolutely no reason why such lawless things are to be tolerated in these civilized days. Even women's honour is at stake under the circumstances detailed by Mr. Ram Narain.

The only way to put a stop to this sort of terrorising by the Pathans is to make them strictly amenable to law or make them quit the country. To this effect, legislation should be undertaken to see that they carry on their activities as peaceful citizens and put down the terrorism of the Pathans, who seem to think that India is no man's country where they could afford to do as they pleased.

(1) In the first place, every Pathan moneylender should be strictly licensed, having regard to his solvency, character and general desirability. The license should be granted only after due magisterial enquiry and certification at the place where he hails from. Very strict licensing would weed out effectively all undesirable persons.

(2) The maximum rate of interest chargeable by a Pathan moneylender should be fixed by Statute.

(3) To prevent trouble over the principal sum and the rate of interest, the entire transaction between the Pathan moneylender and the party concerned, should be reduced to writing and certified by a local magistrate, to be a valid transaction.

(4) When the transaction has thus been certified by a local magistrate, it is only then that a right should accrue to the Pathan to recover the money and that too only in a court of Law.

(5) If the Pathan moneylender is guilty of any objectional conduct i.e., harassing creditors, etc., his license should be cancelled and he be deported.

Side by side social welfare and charitable institutions should spring up to afford relief to the very needy and to put an end to the practices of the Pathan moneylenders.—Yours etc.

X. Y. Z.

Strikers Invade Mill Premises

Smash Furniture And Break Several Glass-Panes

A group of thirty strikers invaded the Raghuvamsi Mills and were in complete possession of the Mill premises for ten minutes late on Sunday night.

While they were inside the Mills, it is stated, the strikers broke several glass panes and smashed chairs and tables and other furniture.

By the time, the DeLisle Road police arrived on the scene, the invaders had disappeared.

Watchmen Hide

It appears that at about 10 p.m. a group of strikers gathered together in front of the Raghuvamsi Mills and began throwing stones at the Mills. Seeing that stones were showering in, the jamadars and havaldars in charge of the Mill took to their heels and hid themselves inside the premises.

After a while the strikers tried to enter the Mill premises, but were stopped near the gate by a Bhayya watchman. The strikers pushed him aside and ran into the time keeper's office, all the while throwing stones at the building and breaking window panes and glasses.

It is further alleged that the invaders smashed some of the furniture that was inside the room.

Invaders Disappear

Meantime the DeLisle Road police were communicated with and before the police arrived on the spot, the invaders had disappeared.

The Police are carrying on investigations and no arrests have been made so far.

There were several assault cases reported to the police on Monday morning.

A plainclothes Constable, who was standing in front of the Shapurji Bharucha Mills, was injured due to stone-throwing by Strikers. Rama Gondu, a striker, has been arrested in this connection.

A 'blackleg,' it is stated, who was buying a 'pan' in a shop during the recess time, on Monday afternoon, was assaulted with a stick in front of the shop. The victim who had a serious wound on the head, was treated in the Hospital. The Police have not arrested anyone in this connection.

Other Assaults

Four 'blacklegs' of the Bombay Dyeing Mills, who were going along the Cadell Road in the morning, are alleged to have been stoned by strikers. All the four received slight injuries. None has been arrested.

A worker of the Morarji Gokuldas Mill, it is stated, was stoned on the Parel Road in the morning.

The Strike Committee Volunteers were seen picketing the Apollo and Elphinstone Mills in the morning and eunuchs were seen standing beside the pickets, counter-picketing.

Twenty-three Mills were kept open on Monday. Very few Mills were working with a partial complement.

DEFYING POLICE BAN

Striker Alleged Caught Red-Handed Remanded To Police Custody

On a charge of contravening the Police Commissioner's order, prohibiting strikers' assemblies and processions in Bombay and also attacking the police with a view to prevent them from executing their duty, Jagannath Devidin, a mill striker, was arrested on Friday and placed before Mr. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, on Monday.

His Worship remanded the accused to the police custody till June 8.

An attempt was made by about 200 mill strikers to hold a meeting at Lal Baug Maidan on Friday last, with the intention of defying the Police Commissioner's order. When the police went up to the place, on receipt of information, it is alleged that the strikers threw stones at the policemen and it is further alleged that they joined another procession about 1,000 strong on Arthur Road Bridge and began throwing stones again at the police.

The accused, it was alleged, was caught red-handed. The police made a 'lathi' charge at the time.

The police applied for remand of the accused, saying that there were more arrests to be effected in the same section.

Mr. Pradhan, on behalf of the accused, applied for bail, stating that it was not a case of threat or intimidation. His Worship said "as the object of the assembly of which the accused was a member, was to overawe the police by criminal force, there is, in my opinion, a case of criminal intimidation also."

The accused was therefore remanded to police custody as stated above.

NIZAM'S ORDINANCE

Public Protest Against Restrictions On Public Meetings

MR. NAIK On KESHAV RAO'S SERVICES

HYDERABD,
(Deccan), May 28.

Two public meetings were held to pay tribute to the memory of the late Pandit Keshav Rao, a distinguished lawyer, High Court Judge, legislator, educationist, and public worker.

The Hindus and Muslims sinking their differences joined together to pay their humble tribute to the departed soul, who had done yoeman's service to the public of Hyderabad in various fields as social, educational, civil and political.

Advantage was taken of the public meetings to condemn Gashthi No. 53, an ordinance issued by the Government under which no public meeting can be held without previous permission.

Mr. R. S. Naik, who presided over one of the meetings, went so far as to declare that it was the enforcement of the Ordinance which killed Pandit Keshav Rao, for he felt bitterly the extent to which the Ordinance interfered with his public activities.—(United Press.)

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON "LOYAL" WORKERS

Pandoo Nagoo and Rama Balaji, two mill strikers, arrested by the police on Saturday, for alleged assault on "loyal" workers of Shapurji Broacha Mill, were remanded on Monday into police custody to June 5 by the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar.

STRIKERS REMANDED

Four mill strikers, Tukaram Bala and three others, were remanded to police custody till June 8, on a charge of alleged assault on a "loyal" worker of the Shapurji Broacha Mill, by the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar.

SYMPATHY WITH BOMBAY STRIKERS

AHMEDABAD, May 28

At a meeting of the local mill operatives held last night, resolutions were passed sympathising with the strikers in Bombay and calling upon the Ahmedamad mill operatives to contribute a day's wages to the Bombay Strikers Fund.

One of the resolutions strongly protested against lathi charges and firing on Bombay mill strikers.—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 7)

fecting the arrest of the second accused was not due to the assumption that he did not think that the second accused had committed a cognizable offence on the day of the procession but owing to the reason he had already stated in answer to the question put by the learned counsel for the first accused. Besides, he added, it was not possible for him to arrest the second accused immediately because confusion had resulted in consequence of the lathi charge. Witness also desisted from arresting the accused previous to the lathi charge, for the mere reason that the crowd which had grown excited would have greeted the arrest with a stronger showers of stones.

The case was adjourned for further hearing till June 8.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Bombay's Welcome To Mahatma

Mahatma Gandhi has accepted the invitation of the Bombay Provincial Harijan Board and is coming to Bombay on June 14. The Provincial Board, which met on May 18, passed a resolution endorsing the action of the president regarding the correspondence that passed between him, Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. A. V. Thakker. They further stated: "We are convinced that he (the President) did not wish at all to discourage Mahatma's visit to the city....." The Committee also resolved to invite Gandhiji to Bombay in connection with Harijan propaganda and Gandhiji has accepted the invitation. He will stay in Bombay for a week, visit Harijan quarters, discuss with the local Harijan representatives and address meetings. The Provincial Board has organised a Reception Committee which will make every arrangement to accord a welcome to Gandhiji and also to collect funds. The Reception Committee will be meeting on Thursday next, when they will chalk out their programme of work.

School With A Future

In the advertisement columns appears to-day an announcement regarding the "Pupils' Own School" at Vile Parle. Those who had the pleasure of witnessing the functions in connection with the "Annual Day" recently would not have forgotten the atmosphere of beauty and spontaneous joy which the children created. As an institution adopting psychological methods and attempting to work for the harmonious development of the child's faculties, we have no doubt that the school has a bright future.

Khar Motorists

The protest voiced some time ago by a fair correspondent in the columns of this paper against the rash and negligent driving indulged in by a number of Khar motorists has apparently fallen on deaf ears. For one still sees them driving their machines in a manner calculated to make the hair of even the most enthusiastic supporter of the "Speed First" campaign stand on end in consternation and concern. Indeed, from the absolutely reckless and go-out-of-the-way-or-you-will- be-killed manner in which they proceed along the roads, one would think they were competing for the world's land speed record. Along narrow streets, round dangerous corners, on uneven roads—they madly career along, forgetting in their excitement the exceedingly important fact that the inhabitants of Khar are all "big guns" and a superior and almost celestial class of persons who will not be trifled with. Thoroughly implacable and incorrigible, indeed, must be these motorists who do not allow even the presence of such great men (including that zealous and austere guardian of law and order—the City Magistrate of Bandra) to interfere with their lust for the full and utmost exercise of their "speed bone."

POLICE OFFICER EXPLAINS WHY LATHI CHARGE WAS ORDERED

Inspector's Evidence In Case Of Strike Leader Charged With Assaulting Public Servant On Duty

Prosecution led evidence on Monday in the case in which Mr. V. B. Karnik, Vice-President of the Girni Kamgar Union and Secretary of the All-India Textile Council of Action, and two others, S. G. Gharat and Devji Laxman, stood charged with being members of an unlawful assembly, rioting, and with assaulting public servants in the discharge of their duty, before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho Presidency Magistrate, Dadar. Inspector Mahnkal attached to the Kala Chowki Police Station was the first of the witnesses called in to give evidence.

MEETING AND PROCESSION.

Questioned by the prosecution counsel, Inspector Mahnkal deposed that on the 25th of April last, a meeting of the workers was convened at about 7-30 a.m. in the open place opposite the Swan mills at New Sewri Mr. Karnik presided over the occasion and both the president and accused No. 2 addressed the meeting. At about quarter of an hour after termination of the meeting Mr. Karnik and the accused led a procession numbering 400 strong along Sewri Road Cemetry Road, Sewri Station Road on to the Junction of Kala Chowki Road and Jakeria Bunder Road On the way they were joined by group of other mill-workers with the result that their number swelled to about 1000 strong. The third accused was also in the procession singing songs and slogans in company with them. As the processionists were approaching the junction information was received that another procession 2000 strong was coming from the Lal Bagh Maidan towards Kala Chowk Roadi Witness said that he asked the first and the second accused what their ultimate destination was. They did not tell him in the beginning what is was.

"THEIR RIGHT TO PROCEED."

As the Bombay Cotton Mill which was working that day lay across their route, witness had asked the accused not to proceed that way. It seemed to him that it was the intention of the accused to stop this mill from working. Both the accused started arguing with Inspector Mahnkal reiterating that it was their right to proceed along any route. Witness warned them again and again. The Commissioner of Police with some other police officers at this stage arrived on the spot.

LATHI CHARGE ORDERED.

On their arrival too the processionists refused to disperse. The accused began arguing afresh while from the midst of the crowd a fusillade of stones were hurled at the police. Subsequently a lathi charge was ordered.

To a question from the prosecution counsel witness stated that he did not see either their first or the second accused asking the crowd to throw stones nor did he see them throwing stones themselves. Witness had however, seen the third accused throwing stones at the police.

"POLICE STONED."

After the lathi charge the crowd dispersed in different directions. A police party stationed on the other side of the road were stoned by the retreating processionists. Inspector Mahnkal further said that the processionists also ransacked the shop of a Muslim dealing with flour for affording shelter to the police. The first and the second accused were put under arrest on the 27th ultimo while the third was arrested on the 30th April.

Mr. Gadkari appeared for Mr. Karnik.

When cross-examined by Mr. Gadkeri, Inspector Mahnkal said that he was not present at the meeting of the workers and so did not know the purport of the speeches made there. Except for the fact that the processionists were singing slogans he continued, the processionists were "all right". Witness stated that he could not remember the actual wording of the song sung by the processionists nor could he repeat it from memory. The slogans were in Hindi. The slogans were of ordinary composition and not classical ones.

EXTEMPORE SONG?

Cross-examined, witness deposed the processionists commenced singing slogans from the Sewri Railway Station about 60 yards from the spot where the procession was held up.

Court:—Was the song an extempore one?

A.—It may be that the song was composed for the occasion, I cannot say.

WHY ARREST DELAYED.

Referring to the delay in arresting the accused witness said that he was in no hurry to arrest them because they had previously been bailed out on some other offence and there was no possibility of their evading the police.

Mr. L. G. Pradhan, counsel for the second and the third accused then cross-examined the witness.

In reply to a question put by Mr. Pradhan, Inspector Mahnkal pointed out that the delay in ef-

(Continued in Col. 5)

THE PUPIL'S OWN SCHOOL

Vile Parle

Admits Boys and Girls from 2-1/2 years upwards. Run on lines of Dr. Tagore's famous institution at Shantineketan. Efficient coaching. Individual attention. Emphasis on Art and Music training. Boarding arrangements with house matron and resident lady teacher.

SPECIAL BUS ARRANGEMENTS for children living between School and Bandra, which may be extended to Bombay if sufficient number forthcoming.

Students sent up for Bombay Matriculation.

School RE-OPENS 15th June. Admissions from 1st June between 8 and 10 a.m. at the School premises, 22, Ghodbunder Road, Vile Parle.

For further particulars, apply SECRETARY.

Mr. SHADBY

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Your Palm is your perfect Horoscope. Consult me in all subjects of your worries futures Finances, etc.

Private interviews. Appointment also. Daily 9 to 12 and 2 to 6.

WEAK SPRAYS won't kill filthy insects

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It's useless to try to rid your house of flies and mosquitoes with weak insect sprays. It can't be done. You need the one and only powerful FLIT—the insect spray of proved killing power. Ask for FLIT by name. Demand the *sealed* yellow tin with the soldier and black band. FLIT is never sold in bulk.

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Belgian Diplomat Threatens Colonel

King Albert's Death Story Evokes Indignant Denial

Indignant denials from official and authoritative quarters have followed the suggestion by Lieut.-Colonel Graham Seton Hutchison, the well-known author, that the King of the Belgians did not die by accident, but was murdered.

In giving chapter and verse his reasons for refusing to accept the theory of an Alpine fall, Col. Hutchison called it "a journalistic lie" and "the biggest piece of spoof put over the world in the last six months."

"The King of the Belgians was tapped on the back of the head," declared Col. Hutchison, "and the story of his fate was in circulation in his country before he was dead."

Naturally, these extraordinary allegations created a painful sensation both at the Foreign Office and the [illegible] and [illegible] ed the Ambassador.

And M. Henry de Bitche, who is first secretary of the Embassy, exclaimed in passionate fury, "If that colonel will come to the Embassy and dare to repeat it to me, I will give him a punch on the jaw."

MILITANT CHALLENGE FROM THE EMBASSY

Col. Graham Seton Hutchison made his astonishing speech to the Nottingham Writers' Club. His audience were dumbfounded as he proclaimed, with emphasis and deliberation.

"Knig Albert, believe me, did not die in an Alpine accident. I know the facts. This spoof was put over by planned perjury in such a way that baffles intelligent people and is unbelievable in the annals of journalism."

"The story of King Albert's death," so Col. Hutchison proceeded to say, "was issued in Belgium before he was dead. A man with a rope round his waist does not go climbing alone."

Did the public realise that it was possible to motor to the spot where the King was supposed to have fallen and that his field glasses were found 300 yards from the scene?

Moreover, so far as the speaker had been able to ascertain, no bruises were observed on the dead monarch's body or hands.

"In other words," Col. Hutchison went on, "he was tapped on the back of the head, and that fact is known to-day in Belgium, where nobody dare speak now of the death of King Albert.

"The King was opposed to war. He would not play a part in the 'devilry' of France in conspiring against a defenceless Germany. He was a great unifying force between the Walloons and the Flemish.

"I am in the position of saying that when King Albert was dead the Communists, who in fact represent the interests of international finance, were able to stand on their hind legs and yell for revolution."

A COMPLETE LIE

Diplomatic circles in London were astounded at Col. Hutchison's speech.

The Foreign Office denied that there was the slightest truth in the colonel's allegation, and the Belgian Ambassador characterised it as a complete lie.

M. Henry Borel de Bitche, the First Secretary of the Belgian Embassy, went further.

"It is the most horrible lie ever invented," he said, "and if that colonel will come here and dare to repeat it to me I will give him a punch on the jaw and tell him it is the most scandalous thing I have ever heard.

"If one's worst enemy wished to invent a beastly lie about one, that is the kind of scandalous thing he would do.

"There is not a single person in Belgium who does not know the real facts of how our beloved King met his death, and they are familiar to the whole world.

"There are some people who to get a little notoriety will invent the most horrible lies. This man, whom I have never heard of, is obviously one of them.

"All decent-minded people throughout the world will, I am sure, treat such a statement with contempt and as unworthy of any gentleman.

"I say again to this Col. Hutchison that he is a liar. It is an outrage on the dead."

In Brussels, according to Reuter's correspondent, Col. Hutchison's allegations were read "with disgust."

"King Albert always used a rope when climbing by himself, and invariably took the precaution of securing himself to some ropehold.

"The suggestion that no one dare talk of the death of the late King in Brussels is nonsense. Motor-charabanc owners even to-day are making small fortunes in taking people to the scene of the national tragedy.

"As to the innuendo that the late King sustained 'a tap on the head,' there has never been any doubt as to how he was injured. People who visited the scene on the cragside where the King fell were able to see for themselves gruesome proof as to how his Majesty's head struck the rock."

THE FATEFUL CLIMB.

King Albert, it will be recalled, went rock climbing alone on the crags beside the Meuse River on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 17. It was a by no means unusual thing for him to do.

As he failed to return to his car, a search was instituted, and at two o'clock on the Sunday morning his body, with a severe wound on the head, was found at the foot of a rock.

There was evidence to support the theory that he had fallen about fifty feet as the result of the dislodgment of a boulder upon which he was relying for support.

Except to say that he was prepared to stand by every word he had uttered, Col. Hutchison refused to make a further statement.

Under the pen-name of Graham Seton Hutchison, D.S.O., M.C., leapt into fame as a writer with his spy story, "The W Plan."

Into his 43 years he has crowded a civic and military career full of drama and adventure. Two years ago he was appointed principal of the Shivaji Memorial School in Poona, but resigned owing to differences with the school committee. His home is in St. Peter's road, St. Albans.—"News of the World."

DEVASTATING FIRES IN HYDERABAD

Hundreds Of Villagers Rendered Homeless

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 28.

Two devastating fires in three days are reported to have occurred last week in Boorgam Panar village in the Warangal district, in consequence of which five hundred huts were burnt and a number of heads of cattle were destroyed.

The first fire occurred in the afternoon of 23 in a crowded locality in the village and spread so rapidly that little could be done to save either dwellings or cattle which were consumed by flames. As a result 400 huts were gutted and several hundred villagers were rendered homeless.

Details are lacking.—The authorities are sending assistance to the destitute.

A second fire occurred in the Muslim quarter in the same village on Friday afternoon which destroyed another hundred huts. People in the locality who were at Jumma prayers when the fire broke out rushed assistance and with strenuous efforts succeeded in extinguishing the fire before extensive damage was caused. No loss or injury to life is reported.

This is the fifth fire reported from the districts during the past one month.—A. P.

LOCAL RAIN IN MALABAR

Western Disturbance Lies Over Punjab

POONA, May 28.

The western disturbance has caused scattered dust or thunder storms in the hills of northwest India and plains of North Punjab with local rain in Kashmir It now lies over the Punjab. Associated with thunderstorms there has also been nearly general rain in Lower Burma and local rain in Bengal while a few falls have occurred in Upper Burma and Malabar. Temperature is above normal in East and North Punjab and West United Provinces and in and around east Central Provinces.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

Earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1960 miles away was recorded by the Bombay Seismographs at 19 hours 3 minutes, Indian Standard Time on Sunday, May 27.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL

Bassein four inches; Victoria Point and Myitkyina two; Amherst one and a half; Tavoy one; Rangoon and Kyaukpyu three-[illegible] Mira June 8.—United Press.

and Bogra one and a half; Sonamarg and Dras a quarter and Trivandrum a quarter.

FORECAST

Rainfall will increase in Lower Burma and occur at a few stations in Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal. Local showers will also occur in Kashmir and the Punjab Hills.

HEAT WAVE IN BARODA STATE

112 Degrees Registered At Amreli

BARODA, May 28.

During the week-end a severe heat wave swept over the Baroda State, the maximum temperature registered at Baroda being 108 as against 102 degrees at Navsari, 11 degrees at Mehsana, and 112 degrees at Amreli.

Lack of facilities of drinking water great, inconvenienced the passengers of the train arriving at Mehsana from Ahmedabad. The passengers seated in the Hyderabad-Dwaraka compartment in the Delhi Express experience terrible hardships on being obliged to detrain at Mehsana on account of their compartment being rendered intorerably hot. The removal of luggage from the heated compartment to another involved considerable discomfort to passengers.—(United Press.)

Excessive Heat In Benares

BENARES, May 28.

For the last four or five days there is excessiv eheat in Benares. Hot winds continue blowing from early morning till late in the night.

It become unbearable to go out after 10 a.m. There are some cases of faintings owing to intense heat. One death occurred yesterday due to sun-stroke.

Many are said to have received sun-stroke, but not of a fatal nature.—United Press.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m of May 28:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours, plus .017 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 86.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.5 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 92.8 degrees (1.8 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 82.3 degrees (1.9 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 66 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W S W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 123 miles.

Weather remarks: Variable seen.

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1960 miles away was recorded by the Seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 19 hours 3m. (I.S.T.) on Sunday the 27th May 1934.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED MAY 28

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 88.7deg F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.01 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

LET LADIES VOTE IN PURDAH

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 28.

The Hyderabad Municipal Corporation has decided that special arrangements should be made in connection with the ensuing municipal elections so that lady voters may be enabled to record their votes in purdah.—(United Press.)

GREATEST OF ALL ANIMAL PICTURES

GREATEST OF ALL ANIMAL THRILLERS
Genuine scenes of Asia's fiercest jungle beasts in fights for life.
DEVIL TIGER
Story by James O. Spearing. Edited by Truman Talley
Directed by CLYDE E. ELLIOTT director of "BRING 'EM BACK ALIVE"

ACTUAL SIGHTS—ACTUAL SOUNDS UNPRECEDENTED THRILLS—HITHERTO UNWITNESSED BY ANY LIVING MAN

AT ROXY

From NEXT SATURDAY

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KRISHNA

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KRISHNA

RE——BORN

RATNAGIRI SUPPORTS TEMPLE BILL

District Local Board's Answer To Govt's Invitation

RATNAGIRI, May 28.

The Ratnagiri District Local Board has passed at its quarterly meeting held on the 26th instant under the presidency of Mr. B. R. Nanal a resolution according its warm support to the Temple-Entry Bill introduced in the Assembly by Mr. M C Rajah.

This resolution has been passed in reply to the Local Government's invitation to the Board to indicate its opinion on the question.—A.P.

GOVERNOR AS PATRON

Society For Prevention Of Cruelty To Animals At Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, May 28.

A crying need of the station has been fulfilled by the formation of a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

His Excellency Sir Hyde Clarenden Goven, the Governor of the Central Provinces is the patron of the society.

Subpscription of Rs. 60 entitles life membership, while others are required to pay Rs. 5 annually for membership. All cases of cruelty should be reported to Major H H Marshall, the Hon. Secretary of the Society.—United Press.

A Dhar message states: The Tornode Dacoity Case, in which Radeshian and some others are being prosecuted before the Special Magistrate, is drawing to a close.

PIED PIPER'S ANNIVERSARY

The story of the Pied Piper of Hamelin, known in the whole English-speaking world through Robert Browning's poem, is unique in two respects.

No similar saga is known, and the year of its birth is definitely known—something which is probably true of no other saga in the world. It was in June 1284 that the uncanny piper in the varicoloured garments appeared in the old city on the Weser and offered for a specified sum to clear the town of rats and mice. The offer was accepted, and he went through the streets, blowing a strange melody on his pipe. The rats and mice followed him into the river and were drowned. When the greedy aldermen refused him his pay, he passed through the streets again, and all the children followed him to a hill, where they entered a door and were never seen again.

The saga probably goes back to the ill-fated Children's Crusade of a few decades earlier. Hamelin, or Hameln, as the German name is spelled, will observe the 650th anniversary of the saga from June 24 to July 2 with an elaborate programme of plays and processions. At the same time an automatic clock in the gable of the old Hcohzeitshaus will also be dedicated to the memory of the Pied Piper.

Arya Samaj Anniversary Celebration Banned

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 28.

Permission has been refused by the district authorities for the celebration of the Arya Samaj anniversary at Halikhed and the Arya Samajists waited in a deputation an the Home Secretary on May 25 for explaining their grievances.

The result of the representations is not known.—(United Press.)

Latest Commercial News

Local & Foreign Buying In New York Cotton

AMERICAN WHEAT AND STOCK MARKETS FIRM

London Gold Steady But Silver Unchanged

UNFAVOURABLE WEATHER IN AMERICAN WHEAT BELT

Bombay, May 28.

On Monday the sterling dollar and the sterling franc cross rates moved within a narrow range.

BETTER TONE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton market presented a better tone and trading was a little more active on some local and foreign buying influenced by a healthier feeling in other markets. Firmness of wheat and stock markets imported strength to the cotton market and prices steadily improved after opening slightly easy.

LONDON GOLD PRICES IMPROVE.

London gold prices improved a little but silver remained dull.

CHICAGO WHEAT FIRM.

Liverpool wheat opened steady but Chicago wheat ruled firm on account of further unfavourable weather reports in the wheat belt. Chicago oats were steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE INACTIVE.

The London Stock Exchange showed very little activity. Giltedgeds securities displayed some strength at first but subsequently a feeling of uncertainty prevailed.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(October 1934.)

New York, May 28.

Previous closing rate	11.63
To-day's opening rate	11.60
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing rate	11.63
Difference	unchanged

Broach Expectation July Rs. 197-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON (October 1934)

Liverpool, May 28.

Previous closing rate	5.86
To-day's opening rate	5.90
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing rate	5.94
Difference	+.08

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, May 28.

Trading was a little more active on some local and foreign buying influenced by a healthier feeling in other markets but the lack of aggressive purchases kept movements in a narrow range while continued favourable reports regarding weather also operated against any substantial advance.

Trading in October commenced at 11.60 i.e. 3 points lower than the previous closing. Trading was fairly active on the improved tone of Liverpool and prices subsequently rose to 11.64 at this level the market became quiet and uninteresting. However eventually the market developed some strength on the firmness of wheat and stock markets with October gradually coming up to 11.68. Business then became scrappy and movements were rather irregular under the alternate influence of buying and selling with less offerings from the south.

The New York Cotton market finally closed unchanged at 11.63.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

London, May 28.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American May (5.95) 5.92.
American May 5.95) 5.93
Egyptian July (8.22) 8.18
Egyptian July (8.25) 8.22

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 28.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.34/11.33) 11.40/11.38
October (11.58/11.57) 11.61/11.60
Dec. (11.69/11.69 11.72/11.71

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 28. 10-30 p.m.

Broach J-A. was traded in at Rs. 197 with New York opening futures 3 down but subsequently the rate improved to Rs. 198 with New York futures 5 point up.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 28.

Local silver opened steady at Rs. 53/13, 53/14 and 54. There was little business passing in the absence of any stimulating advices from abroad with the result that price movements were very small and unimportant prices finally closed at about the opening levels.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 33/15/6, 33/15/6, and 34. Prices improved on some scattered buying influenced by steadier dollar advices, otherwise there were no important transactions Prices closed steady at Rs. 34, 34 and 34/0/6.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, May 28.

Previous closing	5.09 1/8
To-day's opening	5.08 3/4
To-day's closing	5.08 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 28.

Previous closing	5.09 1/16
To-day's opening	5.09 1/8
To-day's closing	5.08 5/8
Difference	—.00 7/16

FRANC RATE

London, May 28.

Previous closing	77.09
To-day's opening	77.09
To-day's closing	77.09
Difference	unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 28.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 5.09 1/8 but later eased to 5.08 15/16, thereafter giving further way to 5.08 1/2.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 5.08 5/8.

The Franc opened at 77.09 and remained steady for some time but later in the session rose to 77.15

The sterling Franc cross rate closed at 77.09.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 28.

The market was quietly steady.

	Last price	To-day's Price.
Spot	19 1/2d.	19 1/2d.
Forward	19 9/16d.	19 1/2d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 28.

Gold per ounce	£6-16-6	£6-16-8 1/2

BULLION

London, May 28.

Influx (nil) £100,000.
Withdrawal (nil) nil.
Silver (19 1/2d.) 19 1/2d.
Gold (£6-16-6) £6-16-8 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, May 28.

3 months (15/16 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 15/16 p.c.
4 months (15/16 to 1 p.c.) 15/16 to 1 p.c.
6 months (1 to 1 1/66 p.c.) 1 to 1 1/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, May 28. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32) 1-6 1/32
Paris on Bombay (5.79 1/2) 5.82 3/8
New York on Bombay (38.37) 38.31
Berlin on Bombay (0-96 3/4) 0.95 3/4
London on Milan (59.84) 59.90.
London on Shanghai (1-3 1/2) 1-3 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 7/32

DEVELOPING SIGNS OF INSANITY?

Political Prisoner Removed From Andaman Jail

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Bimalendu Chakraverty, a political prisoner from Barisal, it is reported, has been brought back to Alipore Central Jail from the Andaman Cellular Jails due to the alleged development of signs of insanity.—United Press.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 28.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July at 55 and October at 57 7/8 i.e. about 1/8 penny lower. The market was rather quiet in the absence of anything important doing despite better advices from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, May 28.

Chicago wheat opened firm with July at 92 3/4 and September 94. The market was very active on commission house buying and good foreign demand influenced by further unfavourable weather reports in the wheat belt.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, May 28.

Chicago oats opened steady with July at 38 1/8, there was some speculative buying influenced by unfavourable weather news.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 28.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.

Tin (£233 buyers £233 1/4 sellers) £233 3/4 buyers £234 sellers steady.
Lead (£10 7/8 buyers £11 sellers) unquoted firm.
Electrolyctic Copper (£35 1/2 to £36 1/4) £35 3/4 to £36 1/4
Glasgow (70) 70

JUTE

Crop June-May (£14 7/8) £14 5/8 sellers.
Dundee May (£17 1/4) £17 sellers
Lightning May (£16) £15 3/4 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3

RUBBER

Spot (5 15/16) 5 7/8 buyers.
AprilJune (6 1/8) 6 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay May-June (£12 15/16) £12 15/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta May-June (12 3/4) £12 3/4 sellers.
Linseed La Plata May-June (£11 1/8) £11 1/4 sellers.
Rapeseed Toria May-June (£10 5/8) £10 13/16 sellers.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

CALCUTTA, May 28

Jute shares ruled easier in sympathy with weaker hessian market and poor outside support. Coals were steady and unchanged. Teas were firm. Miscellaneous were unchanged. Securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 89/1; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 98/6; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 103/8 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1943 104/11 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 115/14 odd lot; 5 per cent U. P. bonds 1944 109/7 small lot; 6 1/2 per cent treasury bonds 1935 105/1.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1354.

Cottons:—Kesoram 4/2; New Victoria pref 4.

Coals:—Bengal 254; Bokaro and Ramgur 9; Borrea pref 110; Burradhemo 5/8 small lot; Burrakur 14/10; Equitable 23/8; Nazira 9/8; Raneegunge 34; Union 13/12.

Jutes:—Anglo India 255; Albion 241/8 small lot; Bally 165 small lot; Bally pref 120; Barnagore 154/8; Belvedere 366; Clive 29/13; Dalhousie 335 small lot; Gourepore 435; Hooghly 65/8; Hooghly pref 18/4; Howrah 50/11; Hukumchand 13/11; India 261/8; Kamarhatty 528; Kanknarrah 448; National 23/6 ex div. New Central 360 small lot; Northbrook 42/12.

Miscellaneous:—Reliance firebricks and potter 7/12; Bengal chemical pref 14/8; Bengal telephone ordy old issue 16/12; Arthur Butler ordy 10/12; Bengal iron 4/2; Indian standard wagon pref 121 odd lot; Hooghly flour 12/6; B. I. Corporation pref 123; Bengal paper pref 130; Midnapore zemindary 64; Calcutta landing and shipping 10/12;

Sugar:—Balrampur 12/12; Carew and Co 19/14.

Teas:—Bateli 6/12; Dantmara 2/8; Dimakusi 37; Eastern Cachar 12/14; Ethelbarric 13 small lot; Ellenbarric 327 small lot; Teliapara 533; Tezpore pref 12/4.

Debentures:—6 1/2 per cent 1931/61; Great eastern hotel debentures free of income tax 112.—A. P.

FOUR SUSPECTS DISCHARGED

Three Of Them Re-arrested Under B. C. L. A. Act

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Nirmal Kumar Das, Pran Kumar Das, Debkumar Gupta and Sachin Choudhuri who were arrested in connection with the find of a revolver and some live cartridges in Central Calcutta on April 28 last were discharged to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The first three of these were rearrested immediately after under Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.—United Press.

RENEWED ACTIVITY IN GOLDMINING SHARES

FURTHER SHARP SETBACK IN CABLES AND WIRELESS ISSUES

Giltedgeds Adversely Affected By Selling Pressure

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 28.

On the Stock Exchange, activity was renewed in goldminings otherwise business in the new account failed to expand and the general tone was somewhat uncertain. Cables and Wireless issues suffered a fresh sharp setback owing to further nervous selling following the last week's meeting, while giltedgeds were rather adversely affected by selling to meet heavy calls due this week on recent new issues.

Among commodities Wheat was firm owing to the advance in America due to bullish weather reports.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 28.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £90.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 28. 3-30 p.m.

The Stock Exchange markets generally were quiet and irregular. Giltedgeds reacted after being firm. Oil shares were active. Industrials in general were dull.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£78) £77 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (102 7/8) £102 3/4.
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 1/4 ex div.) £109 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 1/4) £113 1/8
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 1/2) £102 3/8.
4 per cent. Victory Bonds (£111 3/8) £111 1/8.

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 9 1/4) dol 9 1/4
International Holding (dol 1 3/4) dol 1 3/4.
Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/2) dol 5 1/4
Musical Industries (31-6) 31-6
Princhin Johnson (38-0) 38-0.
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (35-4 1/2) 35-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical Def. (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2.
Woolsworth New Ord. (100-0) 99-0 ex. div.
Swedish Match (8-6) 8-6
Dunlop Rubber (50-0) 48-10 1/2 ex div.
University Ordinary (23-0) 23-0
Ford Motors (34-4 1/2) 34-0
Cables and Wireless (£8) £6 7/8
British American Tobacco (120-0) 118-9
Camera 'A' (£8) £7 7/8 ex. div.
Imperial Tobacco Ord. (126-6) 126-6.
P and O S N Co. Defd. (17-3) 17-0.
Distillers (89-3) 90-9
Bredrurd Dyers (15-0) 14-9.
British Ceylonese (11-6) 11-0.
J and P Coates Ordinary (64-3) 63-0 ex div.
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 50-6.
Fine Cotton Spinners (10-9) 10-9.
Wickers Ltd. Ordinary 11-0) 11-0.
Inter Nickels (25 3/4) 25 3/4.
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-10 1/2) 5-10 1/2.
Tata Iron and Steel (£113) £113.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 28. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£77 1/8) £77 1/8.
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£90 1/4) £90 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£110 1/4) £110 1/4.
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£111 3/8) £111 3/8.
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2.
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£97 1/2) £97 1/2.
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-65 (£111) £111.

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (28-0) 28-0.
Doran Tea (58-6) 58-0.
Empire of India and Ceylon (39-0) 39-0.

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (12) 12.

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (25-0) 25-0.
Gulla Kelampong (23-9) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (35-6) 32-3

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (58-6) 56-9.
Burma Corporation (13-6) 13-6
Rio Tintos (18 1/2) 18 1/2.
East Rand Proprietary (38-6) 38-6.
Rand Mines (140-0) 140-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (35-1 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Anglo-Persian (50-7 1/2) 51-3.
Burma Oil (108-9) 105-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (8-9) 8-9.
Shell Transport (50-0) 48-1 1/2.
Royal Dutch (£20 5/8) £20 5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 28.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.—

General Motors (dol 32 7/8) dol 33 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 14 1/4) dol 14 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 40 3/4) dol 41 1/8.
United States Steel preference (dol 85 1/4) unquoted.

MADHUBANI TRAINING CAMP

Students Will Migrate To Villages After Completing Technical Course

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADHUBANI, By Mail.

The Spinning Sub-Committee appointed by the Bihar Central Relief Committee which has been working in close co-operation with the Bihar branch of the All-India Spinners' Association since April, has received nearly 200 applications from students and workers desiring to join the Technical Institute which is going to be opened under its auspices on 1st June.

It is to be noted that no announcement was made by the Sub-Committee inviting applications, only the various Relief Centres were informed. Many of the applicants, besides, are not persons thrown out of employment and seeking work, but are persons interested in Khaddar production and who after aquipping themselves with technical processes which help considerably to production of Khaddar both in quantity and quality, are desirous of introducing improved methods of Khaddar production in their own villages or centres. 19 such workers have already arrived at Madhubani, of which 14 are directly connected with the A.I.S.A. three have come from Relief Centres in Champaran and 2 from Gaya who were working in Muzaffarpur District rural Relief centres.

Babu Laxminarayan, the Secretary Bihar branch A.I.S.A. and Joint Secretary Spinning Sub-Committee B. C. R C., has toured round most of the centres, from where the applications came, and interviewed the applicants personally.

The selection will now be made and the Institute will commence regular classes with the first batch of 30, from 1st June. Fresh batches of students out of the selected lots will be taken up, as the batches completing their technical course migrate to the villages for practical training.

Sjt. Mathuradas Purshottam of the Sabarmati Ashram, well known as the foremost carding expert will be in charge of the institute as Principal.

THREE MONTHS' COURSE.

Three months' course in ginning, carding and spinning processes together with a further course of practical training in the villages has been laid down. It will enable the student not only to conduct ginning, carding and spinning on improved lines but will make him capable of teaching those improved methods to carding and spinning women in the villages. This latter will result, it is estimated, in a definite improvement, both in quality as well as quantity of the yarn spun by the villagers at present, making a fair addition to their slender incomes and rendering easier the task of the village weaver who find the present hand-spun yarn more irksome to weaver.

Quarters in the form of temporary bamboo huts are under construction at Madhubani for residential as well as teaching purposes and a separate kitchen is also under contemplation.

Though, one or more paid cooks will be engaged, kitchen and safar work (cleaning quarters, court-yards etc) will be compulsory for the students. Mondays will be observed as holidays and no classes will be held. Working hours at the school will be 7., exclusive of an extra hour for sacrificial spinning.

Secretaries draw particular attention of all applicants and intending comers for technical Institute at Madhubani that no one should come without receiving an intimation from the authorities of the institute that he has been selected and that he should therefore come. Every student thus coming should bring with him his Thali, Lota and bedding unfailingly.

Shafee Daodi Goes At Congress Party

"In Mentality, Purely Maha Sabha Party In Assembly, He Says

PATNA, May 28.

"The implications of the Congress move to enter the Assembly without accepting even temporarily the position created by the Communal Award is a signal attack on the Muslim position in the future constitution of India. I cannot believe for a moment that Dr. Ansari could not see the game. Still, in a recent farewell message he remarked that a solution of the communal problem must wait till the formation of a Constituent Assembly and its decision on it. Even this remark, much guarded though it was, could not be read with equanimity by Congress leaders and their press."

TO MISLEAD MUSLIMS

I feel great relief in finding that Dr. Ansari's propaganda to mislead Muslim voters into enlisting their support for Congress has met with a strong rebuff from Pandit Malaviya, Mr. Aney and all others who count in the Congress camp. Pandit Malaviya who will actually preside over the Congress Election Board in the absence of Dr. Ansari has spoken out his mind very frankly and for that he deserves the thanks of all Muslims." Thus says Maulana Shafee Daodi, M.L.A. in an interview.

"PURELY MAHASABHA PARTY"

"Panditjee declared in unmistakable terms," adds the Maulana. "That there is no fear of acceptance of the communal award or any scheme of communal settlement based on separate electorates by the Congress. It is quite evident from Panditji's statement that the Congress party in the Assembly will be a purely Mahasabha Party in its mentality."

FORM MUSLIM MAJLIS

To protect their rights and interests the Maulana urges Muslims to form a united Muslim Parliamentary Majlis of all progressive elements having faith in the unanimous demands formulated at Delhi on January 1, 1929 (fourteen points) and prepared to give the fullest support to the award though it fails far short of those demands. The Majlis will be authorised to make a selection out of the candidates in the field who form a united Muslim Party of their own with as many associate members as may be willing to join them for the common cause.—A.P.

JOHN GEORGE ROBERTSON

President Of Goethe Society Who Popularised German Studies In England

On this day last year the English Goethe Society suffered a grievous loss through the sudden death, after a serious operation, of its President, Professor J. G. Robertson, at the age of 66.

Born at Glasgow on January 18, 1867, John George Robertson was educated at the University of his native city, where he devoted himself to science. The cultured atmosphere of his home early turned his thoughts to the humanities and, above all, to Goethe, to whom he was first attracted by some pictures of "Hermann and Dorothea" which hung on the walls of his father's house. His enthusiasm for German took him to Leipzig, then at the height of its scholarly and musical fame. He always looked back on these 'Lehrjahre' in Leipzig as the happiest of his life; his wide interests brought him into touch with artistic and musical circles, and made him a life-long admirer of Wagner. Here, too, he met the future Mrs. Robertson, better known to the literary world as Henry Handel Richardson. He graduated as Dr. Phil. from Leipzig and, in 1896, migrated to Strassburg as English Lector. He soon made a reputation for wide and profound scholarship and, when he left in 1903 to take up the London chair, was on the point of being offered a professorship of Comparative Literature, a rare distinction to fall to a foreigner in pre-war Germany.

SCHOOL OF GERMAN STUDIES

In London, with the loyal and active co--operation of Professor R. Priebsch, he suceeded in building up a school of higher German studies which was without rival in the country, and from which many of the present holders of German chairs in the British universities have graduated. He led the way by precept and example: he wrote what is certainly the best "History of German Literature" (1902) in English, and his scholarly editions of "Nathan" and "Tasso" spread his reputation in even wider circles. His chief concern was always with classical German literature: "Schiller after a Century" was the chief English contribution to the celebration of the centenary of 1905. But it was Goethe who was always in the forefront of his teaching in the University. With the active help of Lord Haldane and Dr. G. P. Gooch he was instrumental in reviving the English Goethe Society in 1924, at a time when German was still frowned upon in England. Under his energetic secretaryship and presendency the Society flourished as never before, and the level of its Publications reached a high degree of scholarly excellence which has brought membeship from the chief libraries of the world. He himself contributed numerous papers and, especially, a very valuable and definitive volume on the relations of Goethe and Byron (1925). His "Life of Goethe," which was issued by the Society as its Centenary Publication, was dedicated by him to the Society. The presentation of so handsome a volume was only made possible by its author's readiness to forgo all private profit, and the same generosity and interest is apparent in the wish which has secured that all his Goethe pictures and busts should pass to the Society.

HONOURED

As the founder and chief editor of the "Modern Language Review" his fame extended beyond the British Isles, and there was no English scholar who was better known abroad. In later years honours came thick and fast as director of the newly founded school of Scandinavian Studies at University College he was instrumental in placing them on a firm footing in the University curriculum. His enthusiasm on their behalf brought him the distinction of knighthood in the orders of the Northern Star of Sweden, and of St. Olaf of Norway. Manchester and Dublin both bestowed upon him their D. Litt. (He used jestingly to refer to his Manchester degree as the versity for having rejected him long ago, when he was a candidate for their German lectureship!) Two years before his death he was elected to a fellowship of the British Academy.

He was always ready to place his wide learning, his unflagging interest and his valuable library at the service of his pupils and colleagues, and there are few of them who have not, at one time or other in their career, been indebted to his tolerant criticism and kindly encouragement.

Convict Escapes From Jail

ALLAHABAD, May 28.

Bisweswar alias Biseambhar, a convict under sentence of death on a charge of murder escaped from Narendranagore Sub-Jail in the United Provinces. An appeal against his conviction and sentence is still pending.—United Press.

PACIFY HINDUS' FEELINGS

Withdrawal Of Case Against Pt. Ramchander Urged

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMER, May 28.

Sensation prevails in the matter of prosecution of Pandit Ramchander (Dehlvi) by the Nizam Government. A protest meeting was held on behalf of the Rajputana Central India Aryan, Representative Assembly, Hindusabha Nagar Arya Samaj Stree Aryasamaj, Ajmer Aryasamaj, at Dayanand Sadhari Ashram, this evening.

Mahatma Kanahiyalalji presided.

After speeches by Bhagwanswarupji, Kunwar Chandkaran the following resolution was passed:—

This mass meeting of Hindu Arya Samajists protests against the decision of the Bidar Police, charging Pandit Ramchander Dehlvi, the learned and reputed preacher of Arya Samaj with the alleged insult to Islam. The prosecution defeats the proclaimed policy of religious neutrality and toleration by Nizam Government. The meeting respectfully requests His Exalted Highness to order withdrawal of the case and pacify Hindus' feeling.

17 Politicals Sent To Andamans?

CALCUTTA, May 28.

It is understood that a batch of 17 political prisoners including five convicted in connection with the Ooty Bank Case were sent to the Andamans on May 12 last.—A.P.

FURTHER SMALL ADVANCE IN AMERICA

Little Selling Pressure From South Causing Scarcity Of Contracts

MARKET FLUCTUATING BETWEEN CONFLICTING FACTORS

Bombay, May 28.

NEW YORK

On Saturday, the New York cotton market was dull and featureless and traders adopted a waiting attitude, owing to favourable weather. Due to confidence in ultimate values, however, there has been little selling pressure from the south and the consequent scarcity of contracts in a small market causes an advance.

A little price fixing in the initial stage thus caused the market to open higher and October was traded in at 11.57. After losing a point the market was again sensitive and began its upward march owing to scarcity of constracts and touched as high as 11.64 during the short session of Saturday. The close was 9 points higher at 11.63.

The Spot cotton gained 10 points and closed at 11.60.

The highest and lowest levels of the day were 11.64 and 11.56 respectively.

The market is apparently fluctuating between conflicting factors of firm spot and confidence in ultimate values as opposed to favourable crop progress so far and poor trade conditions.

NEW ORLEANS

The New Orleans market was also steady and gained 5 points. July closed at 11.40 while October was 11.59.

The Spot also gained 5 points and closed at 11.50.

The Liverpool market was closed on Saturday.

ALEXANDRIA

The Alexandria market was better and closed 6 to 5 points higher. Sakel July closed at 15.19 and Upper June was 11.64.

PRIVATE CABLES—

From Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co.:—

New York: Absence of contracts caused firmness on small demand.

New York: Market is feeling the influence of no pressure to sell. Rather active demand.

New York: Price fixing and scarcity offerings causes advance. Weather favourable. Market shows resisting powers. Spot demand limited to fulfilment forward sales.

From Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj:

New York: Good undertone; crop prospects do not favour an advance. Sentiment remains rather bearish but market is feeling the influence of no pressure to sell, rather active demand.

From Messrs. Patel Bros.:—

Liverpool: Contracts more scarce.

Reuter's Cable: New York Cotton Weekly Review:

Developments in connection with the silver problem have evidently disappointed inflationists and the market eased on liquidation, scattered selling and reports of favourable crop progress, together with the dullness in cotton goods trade and firmer dollar rate. However prices later became steadier on covering. The absence of pressure from the South was reflected by the relative scarcity of contracts and the market in the latter part of the week was very sensitive to small orders.

Apart from some complaints of detailed germination in the Eastern belt, the crop is believed to have made generally good progress so far. Some reports claim that 90 to 95 per cent of crop has been planted but ideas of acreage under cultivation at the end of June are not expected to crystallize until planters' reactions to the Bankhead Bill allotments have been fully determined. Meanwhile the market is apparently fluctuating between firm spot situation and confidence in ultimate values as opposed to favourable crop progress and reports of poor goods trade.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 28

In the Bullion market, there is no new feature of importance and the business is mostly professional. Rates for Silver Ready, June and July are quoted at Rs. 53-13, Rs. 53-14 and Rs. 54 respectively.

Gold also remains inactive and rates for ready, June and July are Rs. 33-15, Rs. 33-15-3 and Rs. 33-15-6.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, May 28

In the Linseed market, there is the same dull appearance of the previous day and prices are stationary at Rs. 7-6-3 in the absence of any stimulating factors.

The Wheat section also continues to rule featureless and the rate for September is quoted at Rs. 4-3-9.

SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 28.

Castorseeds Delivery Sept. Opening Rs. 26/13/6; Closing Rs. 26/14.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 23/9/6; Closing Rs. 23/11.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 28

Following a rise of 9 points in New York futures on Saturday, our market opened at Rs. 196 3/4 for Broach J/A and there was no business whatsoever except some transference of long accounts from old to new Broach, which caused the difference between the two positions of Rs. 2/8 to widen as much as Rs. 4.

Liverpool opened 4 points higher against an expectation of 6 points and the rate was hovering about same level. The close was a bit better, prices at 5-30 p.m. being as under:—

Broach J-A. 197/4
Broach A-M. 201/8
Oomra July 175/8
Oomra D-J. 174/8
Bengal July 132/8
Bengal D-J. 137/8

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, May 28

	Extra sprfine	sup	fine	FG	good
M.G.—					
Bengal U P ...	137	134	131	126	
Panjab ...	137	134	131	126	
Rajputana ...	137	134	131	126	
Oomra No. 3	183	180	178	174	...
C. P. No. 1	196	193	191	187	...
C. P. No. 2	189	186	184	180	...
Broach No. 2 ...	203	200	198	196	
Punjab-Ame. ...	212	209	207	205	
Surat ...	263	260	257	254	
Rajpipla ...	261	258	255	252	
Navsari ...	265	262	259	256	

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 28.

40 Toyomankwak Neemuch 168
150 Toyomankwak Khandwa 2 on
77 Toyomankwak Jalna 164
500 Toyomankwak Neemuch 168
500 Toyomankwak Nimbhora 168
300 Viram Ludha Manuvadar 2 off
200 Narsi Nagshi Amraoti 4 off
43 Arjan Khimji Amalner 166
47 Cottonagent Nandura 168
100 Shamji Karamshi Jalna 8 off
58 Shamji Karamshi Sailu 166
175 Viram Ladha Manwathroad 171 1/2
67 Narsi Nagshi Jalna 6 off.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 28

Bengal Superfine	143
Bengal Fine	140
Bengal F G	137
Sindh-Punjab Fine	140
Sindh-Punjab F G	137
Wardha-Hingt	187/90
Nagpur/Savner	187/90
Pundhurna	180/82
Yeotmal	179/81
Arvi	179/81
Ellichpur	179/81
Amraoti-Berar	173/74
Khamgaon	173/74
Mulkapur	165/67
Khandesh	165/67
Jalna/Sailu	166/68
Burwah Sanavad	179/80
Broach Fine	204/05
Punjab/American	207/12
Punjab/American mi	202/05
Cambodia	267/72
Miraj/Sangli	209/12
Coompta Good	207/17
Bagalkot	182/87
Kampala	326
Busoga	323
Jinja	319

DAILY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, May 28

Receipts into Bombay Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	26-5-34	This year
Khandesh	284	258,605
Central India	127	198,923
Barsi and Nagar	...	160,869
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	43,563
Berar	1,363	412,155
Central Provinces	37	103,134
Total Oomras	1,811	1,177,309
Dholera	1,617	78,464
N W Provinces	...	8,529
Rajputana	194	46,116
Sind-Punjab	1,307	167,644
Broach	1,553	318,659
Coompta and Dharwar	337	32,415
Westerns-Northerns	527	24,965
Cocoanada	...	132
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	26,684
Persian	...	1,419
American	...	26,379
Egyptian and African	273	130,584
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	24
Total	7,619	2,039,323

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sep to 24 May

In full-pressed bales.

	26-5-34	This year
Europe	863	324,761
Japan and China	275	690,295
Coast Ports	...	14,790
Up-country by Rail	...	97,922
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	19,554
Total	1,138	1,147,322

A fire broke out in the Harijan quarters near Padma Kanda, as a result of which 10 houses were completely gutted.

The death has occurred of Lt.-Col. R. Godfrey Jones,

WALL-STREET MARKET

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of New York Stock Exchange:

New York, May 26

Dollars.

Amer Power and Light Com	7
Amer Power and Light 5 per cent P A	19 1/2
Amer Forn Power Com	8
Amer Forn Power Gold D	54
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	20
Electric Bond Common	14
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	42
Consolidated Gas	33
Columbia Gas	13 1/2
American Tel and Tel	114
Western Union Telg	44
Radio Corp	7
Chesapeake and Ohio	45
New York Central	28 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio R R	23
Erie R R	19
Pennsylvania R R	31 1/2
Union Pacific R R	121
Great North Pfd	21
National Distillers	25
Hiram Walker	80 1/2
Distillers Seagram	16
Amr Tobacco B	72
Dupont de Nemours	85
Goodyear Tyre	27 1/4
Bethelehem Steel	34
United States Steel	40 7/8
American Smelting	39 1/2
Noranda Mines	43
Int. Nickel of Canada	26 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	14 1/2
Kennecott Copper	19
Cerro de Pasco Copper	34
International Harvestor	32
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	21
General Motors	33
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	20 1/2
St. Oil of N J	42
Mid Con. Petroleum	12
Atlantic Refining	25
Socony	15 3/4
Plymouth Oil	11 1/2
American Radiator	14
Chase Bank	27 1/2
National City Bank	27 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	400
Celanese Corp of Amr	24
General Foods	31
National Dairy	17
Remington Rand	10
Montgomery Ward	24

Market dull but steady.

COMMODITY RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 28.

Receipts of various commodities into Bombay upto noon on Saturday, 26th May, 1934:—

	Cwts.
Wheat	19,355
Linseed	6,194
Rape Rai and Mustard seeds	376
Gingellyseed	60
Poppyseed	89
Groundnuts	11,081
Castorseed	1,905
Rice	22,273
Myrabollams	3,944
Cottonseed	7,643
Gram	3,611
Joowar	1,149
Barley	2,655
Bajree	1,985
Coal	2,100 Tons.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 28

B C RATE—
T T D D 1/5 15/16

LONDON BANKS—
Selling T T D D 1/6 May-Dec.
Selling T T 1/5 31/32 Jan-Mar.
Buying T T 1/6 1/32 May-Dec.
Buying D D 1/6 1/16
Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Mail
Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 June-Dec.

NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 264

NEW YORK—
Banks selling T T 262
Banks buying T T 261

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 575
Banks buying D D 585

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 55 7/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 55 5/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 79 7/8
Banks buying 60 days 78 5/8

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 96 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 87 1/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 95 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 5.09 26th instant
Shanghai/London 1/3 1/2 28th instant
Japan/London 1/2 1/4 28th instant
London/Paris 77.12 26th instant
London/Belgium 21.77 26th instant
London/Switzerland 15.65 26th instant
London/Italy 59.87 26th instant
London/Berlin 12.96 26th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 26th instant
London/Italy 59.87 26th instant
London/Berlin 12.96 26th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 26th instant
London/New York 5.09 3/8 26th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.50 1/2 26th instant
Java/London 7.46 26th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-16-6 1/2 25th instant £6-16-6 26th instant
Silver London Ready 19 9/16 25th instant 19 1/2 26th instant
Silver London Forward 19 5/8 25th instant 19 9/16 26th instant
Silver New York Ready 45.00 25th instant 45.00 26th instant
London Discounts 3 mos 15/16 per cent 25th instant 15/16 per cent 26th instant.
London discounts 6 mos 1 per cent 25th instant 1 per cent 26th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
MONEY:—
Call 1 per cent
3 mos 1 per cent.
6 mos 1 per cent
Tone: Easy.

CLASSIFICATION OF BOOKS

Science That Is Neglected In India

Classification of books was the subject of a lecture delivered by Professor K. S. Srikantan to the students of the Rural Reconstruction Class in Coimbatore who are undergoing library training.

The lecturer began by pointing out the importance of classification in a library. What mattered was not the number of books within the four walls, but the type of classification. It was a wonder, that, in spite of its value, the subject of classification had not attracted the people at large in India. Even librarians treated the science of classification with scant courtesy.

In spite of the considerable amount of literature upon classification, a correct definition of library classification was yet to come. The most generally-adopted scheme of systematic library classification, he said, was Mr. Melwil Dewey's. No system of classification had been so widely adopted or so generally appreciated and no other system had done so much valuable missionary work in the cause systematic classification.

The speaker then described the new system of classification introduced in the Madras University Library called the Colon Scheme of Classification. On a comparison of the Colon and Dewey classifications, the lecturer pointed out that the former had some specific advantages, particularly for Indian libraries.

GRIM REAPER SPURNS HIM

The grim reaper simply was not ready to take Daniel Conley, a resident of Gilroy, California. Three time he sought death, and each time he failed. He attempted to cut his throat with a knife, but it was too dull to inflict a fatal wound. Then he tried to sever the artery of his wrist, but could only inflict a surface wound.

He found a rope and slung it across a branch of a tree after slipping a noose around his neck. But the rope broke, and Conley fell into a shallow creek, where he couldn't even drown.

The marriage of Rajkumar Shri Pratapsinghjibhai Saheb, elder brother to his Highness the Jamsaheb of Jamnagar with Princess Vijayakunverba Saheb of Udepur, Mevar, will be celebrated to-day evening at Udepur by Hathewala.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Conditions In Securities

MILLS AND INDUSTRIALS RECORD FURTHER IMPROVEMENT

To-day's session of the Local Stock Exchange was also better and further improvement was noticeable all round.

The 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper opened at Rs. 89|0|6 and advanced further to Rs. 89-1-3, but closed easy at Rs. 89-0-9

There was little business passing in Securities to-day and conditions were rather easy in this Section.

Mill shares opened around last levels and kept steadily advancing right to the end.

Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 687-8, Centurys at Rs. 218-12, Kohinoors at Rs. 128-12 and Swadeshis at Rs. 180.

In the Industrial Section also, improved tone was noticeable, Indian Cements closing at Rs. 381-4 and Katnis at Rs. 326-4.

There was good buying in Andhras as well as Tata Powers, both.

Andhras closed firm at Rs. 1360 and Tata Powers at Rs. 1053-12.

Steels were equally in good demand and closed higher.

Bombay Burmas continue to lose and to-day's closing was Rs. 435-10.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, May 28.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ah. Advance	272	8
500 Bom. Cotton	20	0
250 Bombay Dyeing	687	8
250 Bradbury	91	4
100 Century	218	12
100 Central India	225	10
100 Colaba	76	14
100 Coorla	93	2
100 Crescent	7	4
250 Currim	5	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	401	4
1 E D Sassoon	0-1-9	
100 Elphinstone	0	12
1000 Finlay	80	10
1000 Framji Petit	95	0
100 Gokak	124	6
1000 Hindustan	1625	0
100 Indore	82	8
50 Kastoorchand	0	8
100 Khatau	49	12
100 Kohinoor	128	12
250 Laxmi	650	0
100 Madhowji	4	0
250 Madras United	65	0
1000 Morarji	695	0
250 Model	46	8
50 Mysore	90	0
200 New Great	111	4
100 Osmanshahi	N60	0
100 Phoenix	261	4
25 Sassoon Silk	30	0
1000 Sholapur	2,900	0
50 Simplex	75	0
100 Swadeshi	180	0
100 Swan	37	8
25 Tata	9	12
500 Vishnu	1406	4
1000 Western	725	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda	91	0
25-50 Central	26	6
500 Imperial	1,351	4
125-500 Imp. Conty.	339	6
50-100 India	108	0
5 Union	4	8
CEMENTS		
10 Bundi	28	2
70 Gwalior	90	0
250 Indian	381	4
40 Katni Def.	1280	0
100 Katni Ord.	326	4
75 Okha	165	0
10 Punjab	17	12
100 Shahabad	316	4
70 United	90	12
INSURANCE		
15-10 Jupiter	11-5	
15--75 New India	33	0
200 Oriental	4025	0
10-100 Vulcan	7	7
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old	139	6
1000 Andhra Valley	1360	0
10 Ajmer	7	14
50 Bombay Tram	137	8
100 Bombay Suburban	133	12
10 Broach	10	8
100 Karachi	202	8
100 Poona	187	8
100 Surat	171	4
100 Tata Hydro	138	12
1000 Tata Power	1053	12
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahm. Prantej	827	8
100 Amr. Patty	114	0
100 C Provinces	85	12
100 Dhon. Baramati	87	0
100 Gujarat	62	8
100 Mandra Bhon.	23	0
100 Pachora Jamner	81	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	83/4	
500 Tapti Valley	747	8
MININGS		
10 Shivrajpur	17	8
30 Tata Steel	231	14
75 Tata Steel Ord.	66	4
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock	172	8
60 Belapur Sugar	211	14
100 Bombay Steam	278	12
125 Bombay Burma	435	10
8sh. B. B. Petrol	2	11
50 Bombay Telephone	96	0
100 Ind. Bleaching	111	4
100 Indian Radio Ord.	552	8
100 Indian Radio Ord.	463	12
1000 Port Canning	573	12
15 Scindia	9	5
30 Tata Construction	68	4
25 Tata Oil	16	8
PREF. SHARES.		
7 per cent Andhra Vly.	1230	0
6 per cent Bom Steam	276	4
7 perr cent Bom. Trams	78	12
5 per cent Central India	476	4
7 per cent Katni 1st	125	0
7 per cent Katni 2nd	136	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	4
7 per cent Tata Hydro	126	4
7-1/2 per cent Tata Power	1301	4
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	170	10
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	133	8
5-1|2 p.c. Tata Mill	17	8
7 per cent. Vishnu	650	0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 28.

SETTLEMENT

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett. 89-0-9
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 89-1-6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett. 103-8.
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 103-9.
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett. 116-1-0
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 116-2-6

TAX FREE.

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 103-10.
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 115-4.
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 109-4-0.
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 105-10.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 98-6-0
4 per cent 1934/37 100/9
4 per cent 1943 104-4.
4 1/2 per cent 1934 100/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 109-12.
5 per cent 1939/44 107-12.
5 per cent 1940/48 108-10.
5 per cent 1935 103-2-0
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108-12.
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 105-2-0.

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES.)

4 per cent B P T 1974 98-10-0
4 per cent M Deb. 1974 99-0.
5 per cent M Deb 1959 108-12.
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 119-12.
6 per cent K P T 1956 119-12.
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 108-8

Note:—The 3½ per cent Government Paper opened at Rs. 89-0-6 and advanced to Rs. 89-1-3 but closed easy at Rs. 89-0-9.

Man Who Saved America

Englishman Contributes Vivid And Intimate Close-Up Of President Roosevelt

The man whose "New Deal" has brought hope and confidence to America is entering upon the most critical period of his great experiment. Capt. Kenneth Twits an Englishman, who worked with him when he was Governor of New York State, and came to regard him as a personal friend ,contributes a vivid and intimate close-up in the following article.

Roosevelt—a name with which you are very familiar, but a man about whom you possibly know next to nothing.

What is he really like, this President of the United States, who deserves to rank among the greatest of that country's national heroes, so ably has he extricated America from the crisis which threatened to overwhelm her? As an Englishman who has resided in the United States for many years, and who held the position of publicity adviser to Franklin Delano Roosevelt when he was Governor of the State of New York, I think I am well qualified to answer this question.

Alertness And Activity.

From 1927 onward it was my duty to handle all publicity pertaining to New York State affairs. This meant constant and close association with the man who is now President, and in the course of my work I saw and heard many things significant of his alertness and activity.

Once a month I had to visit the Governor at Albany, the State capital of New York. I would go into conference with him and tender my monthly routine report. At these conferences business of vital importance was discussed, and I used to marvel at the wonderful memory and brain of Franklin Roosevelt.

I would mention events of current interest, and he would invariably respond with "I knew that yesterday," or, "I discovered that an hour or two ago." He seemed to miss nothing, for all the great weight of work on his hands.

In one of my journeys from New York to Albany my train was delayed. I arrived full of apologies for my lateness, but before I could explain the Governor said: "It's all right. I know what happened." He then told me just where my train had been delayed, and for how long!

That was typical of Roosevelt—and in this characteristic of extraordinary alertness he resembles that other great member of his family, Theodore Roosevelt.

Wonderful Kindness.

One of the finest things about "F. D." is his wonderful kindness of heart. Consideration for others is ever his first thought.

I was accompanying him through the administrative offices in Albany one afternoon when suddenly he stopped. He had seen something I had not noticed—a young stenographer typing with one hand, while with the other she held her head. The Governor crossed the room and went up to her.

"What's the matter?" he asked gently.

The girl complained of a headache. Roosevelt insisted on her ceasing work immediately, and ordered his chauffeur to drive her home. Moreover, before she left the office he bought two dozen oranges and a box of aspirins for her.

Personal Pensioners.

Another incident that occurred in my presence was when Roosevelt came upon an old man begging on Fifth Avenue. He stopped abruptly, gave the old chap a pound and told him to report at his office the following morning for light work. That man has since grown too old for even the lightest jobs, and to-day he is one of the President's many personal pensioners. For three months I myself paid his allowance to him, on Roosevelt's orders.

While such humane acts are everyday occurrences in the life of the President, he can be terribly severe on the wrongdoer, for whom he has not the least compassion.

"This country must be cleansed and sterilised," he told me one day, "and, with the help o God, I am going to do it!"

He has done it—with a vengeance. Chicago, New York, and other cities are to-day far freer from crime than the majority of people in Britain imagine. Once again a law-abiding citizen can walk abroad in safety at any hour; no longer do the gangsters reign supreme. The sensational Dillinger episode does not affect the truth of that statement. It was because he and his gang knew the game was up that they ran amuck.

Fine Tribute.

My personal associations with President Roosevelt when he was New York's Governor were almost as numerous as my official ones; prior to the Presidential elections I was in his company almost hourly. I met nearly every member of his personal staff, and I knew his State officials. Every one of them was devoted to Roosevelt, a fine tribute to the quality of the man.

Mayor Walker, the very man that Roosevelt removed from office, said to me three weeks afterwards: "He is severe, but fair, and a gentleman." And the New York State Attorney once described him to me as "Washington returned to life." No American could speak more highly of a fellow-countryman.

The President of the United States is now knows as such to the little children in New York hospitals, but as "the nice gentleman who brings us chocolates."

Of all the tributes paid to Franklin Delano Roosevelt, this is the one, I think, which he appreciates most!—(From "Answers.")

Daring Raid In Baroda Village

BARODA, May 28.

Information has reached here of a daring raid in evening twilight successfully carried out at Kanvarada, a village situated at some distance from Dabhoi.

The total body seized by the desparadoes is estimated at about Rs. 3,5000.—United Press.

ZEMINDAR AND HIS BROTHER INJURED

Sequel To Free Fight With Tenants

GWALIOR, May 28.

News reporting a free fight between the tenants and zamindar's party, who arrived in Anghoura a village in Sawalagarh tehsil, to realise land revenue from tenants resulting in injuries to the zamindar and his brother, has reached here from Lasker.

It appears from the account, that the tenants, on being asked to pay their dues, expressed their inability to pay, on account of financial difficulties and requested the zamindar to remit or suspend the land revenue for the year to which the zamindar did not agree. This led to an altercation and a free-figfht between the tenants and the zamindar's party.

The police are investigating the case.—United Press.

Hyderabad (Dn.), May 28.—The Gazette Extraordinary issued today announces June 4 to be observed as public holiday in honour of King Emperor's birthday. —A. P.

"RESTORE OUR WATER SUPPLY"

Ratnagiri City Fathers Request To Govt.

ARREARS DECIDED TO BE PAID

RATNAGIRI, May 27.
(By Mail).

The Ratnagiri Municipality at its first general meeting of the new Board resolved to pay under protest Rs. 1,300 arrears of water contribution as demanded by Government, and request the Government to restore the water supply. It further appointed a Committee to negotiate with Government for a settlement of the annual water contribution to be paid to Government.

In pursuance of this resolution, the Municipality is reported to have communicated the resolution with a request to restore the water supply. Government however are said to have insisted upon payment of some amount as water contribution. Accordingly the Municipality paid Rs. 300 towards the water contribution whereupon the water connections have been restored from to-day.—A.P.

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JUPITER GENERAL
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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1934

WAR ON CUTCH SILVER SMUGGLERS

SIMLA BRAIN TRUST FOR LONDON

To Help Willingdon's White Paper Mission

PLANS TO SPEED UP PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, May 28.

That everything depends on the report of the Committee of Privileges regarding the future programme of the White Paper Scheme is the opinion held here among those who are in a position to throw some light on the subject.

LATEST ADVICES.

According to the latest advices from London, the final report of the Joint Select Committee will not be published till the end of July and the Bill may not be ready for introduction in the next session of the Parliament.

Enquiries here, however, do not endorse this statement, and a hope is expressed that the programme already outlined will be adhered to. In fact, Lord Willingdon, before going to London, told some of those who interviewed him that he was determined that a provincial autonomy be introduced by autumn of the next year, even when the Central Responsibility is not granted.

FEAR OF ANOTHER PATEL.

Moreover, plans made here of letting some very important officials take leave this summer gives weight to the idea that the programme will be adhered to. For instance this summer Political Secretary, Mr. Glancy and Army Secretary, Mr. Tottenham will be on leave, and will be used for giving advice on these two most important departments which are to be reserved in British hands under any new constitution. Sir Lancelot Graham will be there for looking into draft of the Bill so that another Patel may not rise, and defeat the purpose of the British Parliament.

Rumour has it that Sir Sikandar Hayat, the Acting Governor of the Punjab is also going on leave from the day he hands over the charge to Sir Herbert Emerson and will be available in London for advice.

INDIA BILL.

All told, therefore, Simla authorities are keen to see the India Bill will be enacted at an early date, but the danger lies in that they will be satisfied if the provincial autonomy alone is granted for the time being. In fact, they are not at all now worried at the prospect of displeasure of the Sapru section, as they feel that neither the Congressmen nor the Liberals want the White Paper, and that, therefore, it is better merely to grant the Provincial Autonomy at present.

KIDNAPPED MAN RETURNS HOME

Relates Story Of His Escape From Custody Of Dacoits

GWALIOR, May 28.

Mr. Panna Lal, an ex-Overseer of the Drainage Department of Gwalior State who, on the night of April 20, was kidnapped from his house by a gang of dacoits and was held at ransom, and over whom the Police had an encounter with the outlaws, resulting in the death of a constable and the escape of the dacoits as well, has, after a detention of about one month, returned home safely.

Mr. Panna Lal, in the course of a statement, gave a graphic description of his adventures, and stated, that since being kidnapped, he was kept under strict vigilance by the dacoits who were constantly shifting over from one place to another.

Continuing, he said that in spite of their being desperate characters, they never gave any trouble to him, but always tried to provide him with as much comfort as possible.

Escape From Custody.

In conclusion, he said, that one night, on getting an opportunity, he escaped from their custody, and covering about 30 miles, travelling mostly at night and resting by day, in the hollows of the trees, etc., and living on wild fruits and roots, arrived home.

The Police, on the strength of his statement and from clues afforded, hope to round up some of the ring-leaders of the gang at an early date.—United Press.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT ON GOVERNOR'S LIFE

Six Joydevpur Suspects Discharged

DACCA, May 28.

Chittaranjan Chakravorty and five others, who were arrested at Joydevpur, wherefrom the alleged assailants of the Governor of Bengal hailed, in connection with the Darjeeling Shooting Outrage, were discharged on Saturday.

Out of the seven youths who were remanded to Police custody, in this connection two, Dalimkumar Guha and Prankrishna Gupta, were subsequently bailed out.

The former, Dalimkumar Guha stood first in the Matriculation examination of the Dacca Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, this year.

Devendranath Shaha and six others were arrested in connection with the Kapasia Arms Conspiracy Case.

Prafullakumar Das, the Revenue Agent at Dacca, was arrested on Saturday, in connection with the Deobhog Shooting Outrage.—United Press.

POSSIBILITY OF CORDON

HYDERABAD (Sind), May 25.

It is understood that the Government have deputed an I.C.S. Officer on special duty to investigate into the smuggling of silver through Kutch into Sind from the State Ports between Karachi and Bombay.

It is believed that the outcome of the investigation will be a land customs cordon throughout the boundary between Thar Parkar District (Sind), and the adjoining States in Kutch.—A. P.

NOT YET TRACED

Two Prisoners Escape From Coimbatore Central Jail

COIMBATORE, May 27.

Two Muslim prisoners are reported to have escaped from the Coimbatore Central Jail on the night of May 23, and have not yet been traced.

It is understood that these prisoners belong to the Pollachi Taluka, one sentenced to seven years rigorous imprisonment and the other to ten years' rigorous imprisonment in connection with a criminal case.

Police are making vigorous search.—A.P.

COLLECTING FUND FOR FARMERS

AHMEDABAD, May 28.

Mr. Chandulal Desai, who is authorised by the Working Committee of the Congress to organise Congress Committees in Gujerat before August 30, is, at present, busy collecting funds for the relief of farmers in Gujerat, who suffered during the Civil Disobedience campaign. He will shortly begin enrolling Congress members who will be called upon to elect the various Congress Committees.—A.P.

MATRICULATION RESULTS

The Full List of Successful Candidates

WILL APPEAR IN

"THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE"

On Friday

WIFE HYPNOTISED?

Refuses To Accompany Her Husband But Wants To Travel With Stranger

TANJORE, May 27.

A Brahmin village schoolmaster in the Trichinopoly District, had to stand the agony of witnessing his own wife gazing fixedly at a Muslim fellow-passenger in an Express Train for a full hour till the next stopping station, where the blow was still more shocking when he became aware that she would not leave the Muslim in the train and go with her husband.

This was the strange story related at the Tanjore junction last night, soon after the arrival of the Indo-Ceylon Express bound for Madras, when the platform was all in a flutter over the news that a young Brahmin woman passenger refused to leave the train with her husband, but insisted on remaining in the compartment with the Muslim.

The Railway officials and the Police went to the rescue of the husband and ultimately the woman was bodily removed from the compartment; whereafter she fainted and had to be removed to the hospital, where, on regaining consciousness she expressed surprise to know that she was in a hospital.

The Muslim who has been eventually arrested, denies having done anything to the woman.

It appears that the couple boarded the Express at Trichinopoly Junction, when at the same time, the Muslim got into the compartment, and during the journey, it was alleged, he was keeping chanting.

After a while, the woman's eyes became fixed on the Muslim, as if hypnotised, and she made no reply to her husband's questions, but only said that she wanted to go with the Muslim.

The woman declared after regaining consciousness that her mind was ablank since her departure from Trichinopoly.

It is stated that a similar incident was brought to the notice of the Police a fortnight back, and vigorous investigations are being persued to put an end to this sore of menace.—United Press.

DOCTOR ARRESTED

Sequel To House Raid And Seizure Of Cartridge Cases

MYMENSINGH, May 28.

Two brass shells believed to be live bombs, ten handmade revolver catridge cases, several pieces of lead were seized following a raid on a house of a medical practitioner in a village of Tangail subdivision.

The doctor was arrested.—A. P.

Pandit Jawaharlal In Dehra Dun Jail

Loses Weight & Does Not Get Sufficient Exercise

DEHRA DUN (By Mail)

Mr R. S. Pandit, who interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on Friday in the District Jail during the course of his talks with me on Friday afternoon said that Panditji was cheerful as usual but looked rather pale. His weight which was 140 lbs. before he went to jail was now only 132 lbs.—a loss of 8 lbs. says the "Hindustan Times" Correspondent.

He is allowed the daily "Statesman" and electric light, but no fan. The lighting hours, however, are regulated. Panditji's present abode consists of aa rectangular room or cell, the size of which is about 8 feet by 12 feet, the entrance to which is from an open verandah of about the same size. The living room or cell has also a window and sky-lights. In front of the cell and the little verandah is an open space, the narrowness of which is not its only defect since the height of the walls has been increased with the result that nothing but the sky above is visible from inside. Within a few feet of Panditji's cell is a brickwork W C for the use of the warders confined with Panditji. Next to this is a closet for Panditji's use to which is attached a small room for his bath and next to it is the itchen. It is unfortunate that the closets are so close to Panditji's cell and the kitchen.

VIRTUAL SOLITARY CONFINEMENT.

In the Alipore Central Jail Panditji was permitted to have a walk during a stated period inside the jail. Here, however, he has no opportunity to have a as he is locked in day in and day out within the one narrow enclosure. He is thus deprived equally of fresh air as well as the relaxation of exercise which he had at Alipore. He is thus segregated and put in what virtually is solitary confinement. During the term of his last imprisonment in Dehra Dun during 1932-33 Pandit Jawaharlal was permited to walk both in the morning and evening.

Ordinarily a prisoner looks forward to his interview. It brings him news of his home and it means a little chance from the place of confinement as prisoners go from their barracks to the jail office or other place fixed for interviews. In Panditji's case, the interview was held within the enclosure and he thus had no chance of moving out of the place of isclation even for a little while.

This enclosure was formerly used as the phansi-ghar up to the time executions used to take place in this jail.

Poona Writer Denies Defamation Charge

Says Criticism Published In Bombay Paper Was Substantially Correct

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, May 29.

When hearing was resumed this morning in the Court of the First Class Sub-Judge of Poona, of the case in which Khan Bahadur Dr. K. D. Khambatta, a Parsi inhabitant of Poona charged Mr. J. D. Jenkins, a European, resident of Poona, with defamation, Mr. D. B. Poonawalla, counsel for the defendant, submitted a statement in the course of which he said:

"The defendant admits having written to the "Times of India," the letter referred to in para two of the plaint, but denies that the said letter contains any matter which is defamatory or injurious to the reputation of the plaintiff or which refers in any manner to the plaintiff.

No Malicious Intention.

"The defendant further strenuoulsy denies that he has wantonly or recklessly published the said letter or that he was actuated by malice in writing it.

"The defendant further denies that by the publication of the said letter, he has made himself liable to pay any damages to the plaintiff.

"As regards para two, sub-paras 1. 2 and 3 the defendant denies that the matter is defamatory or in any wise refers to the plaintiff, and maintains that the statement contained in the said sub-paras are substantially true and made for public good, in good faith and in the interest of the public. The defendants further maintains that the said sub-paras contain a fair criticism upon matters of public interest and regarding public servants in the discharge of their duties as such.

"Substantially Correct."

"The defendant further maintains that the criticism contained in his said letter to the "Times of India" was a substantially correct and fair interpretation of what transpired at a meeting held by the Collector of Poona on the 24th August 1933. The said meeting was convened by the Collector to discuss the plague situation then raging in a pandemic form in Poona, with the Citizens and Health Officers of the district including the plaintiff. The Collector at the said meeting strongly commented upon the "inadequate and inefficient" measures adopted by the Health department of the City Municipality and the criticism of the defendant in his said letter was made in a good faith and was a fair comment of the plague situation as revealed at the said meeting. The defendant craves leave to produce the necessary evidence to substantate his said allegations, if and when necessary.

"The defendant denies that the plaintiff has suffered anything at all by the publication of the said sub-paras.

The claim of the plaintiff to recover his expenses for prosecuting the defendant is against law and the alleged expenses over the prosecution is not even remote damages and the plaintiff is not entitled to it. This defendant maintains that the plaintiff is not entitled to nothing by way of damages.

DEMOLISHED BIHAR MOSQUES

Fund Started For Repairs

(From A Correspondent.)

PATNA, May 24.

A meeting of the working committee of the United Behar Central Mosque Fund was held on May 18, presided over by Maulvi Mohammed Ismail Khan Saheb. It was resolved that members should as far as possible refrain from making speeches which might create ill feling or be detrimental to the object in view.

Mr. M. C. De's letter (Manager of the Murshidabad Estate) regarding repairs to the Fakhruddola Mosque in Patna city was read, and it was unanimously passed that a letter on behalf of the Committee be sent to the said manager accepting his proposal and requesting him that a sum of Rs. 4,300 be advanced to the committee and the balance of the estimated amount about of Rs. 1,000 be paid out of the Fund of the Committe and the reconstruction work thereof be started immediately on receipt of the amount from the estate.

FROM PUSA TO DELHI

Agricultural Research Institute May Be Transferred

SIMLA, May 28.

Detailed plans are being considered for transfer of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research from Pusa in Muzaffarpur District of Bihar to somewhere in the neighbourhood of Delhi.

The institute was badly damaged in earthquake and would require about Rs. 9,00,000 in rebuilding of a great part of it. The occasion served an excellent opportunity for remedying what had long been thought a serious anomaly in the institute's position.

The institute was founded in Lord Curzon's time with the help of a donation of £30,000 given by an American named Mr. Phipps for agricultural uplift in India.—United Press.

4 MEN CRUSHED TO DEATH

Tree Falls On Hut During Wind Storm

VIRUDHUNAGAR, May 27

News has reached here that four men were crushed to death by a big tree falling on a hut in which they took shelter when a terrific wind blew on the evening of May 24 near Krishnapuram village, 30 miles off Virudhunagar —A. P

The Mehsana District Co-operative Conference which was to be held on June 4, under the presidentship of the Suba Saheb, Srimant Pilajirao Gaekwar has been abandoned "sine-die" owning to the prevalence of epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis.

TERRORISTS CONVICTED

Five Years' R. I. For Extorting Money

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Found guilty on charges of conspiracy to extort money in furtherance of terrorist movement by issuing threatening letters to different persons and putting them in fear of death or grievous hurt, Mahammad Salahuddin, Mahammad Ibrahim and Ranesh Das were sentenced by Mr. H. R. Sen, Special Magistrate, Alipur, to five years' rigorous imprisonment each.

The ulterior object of the accused, according to the prosecution story, was purchasing fire-arms for committing terrorist outrages and murdering officials, including the President of Chittagong Special Tribunal, which sentenced to death Surjyasen the ring-leader of the Chittagong Armoury Raid.—United Press.

MISSING MAN FOUND DEAD

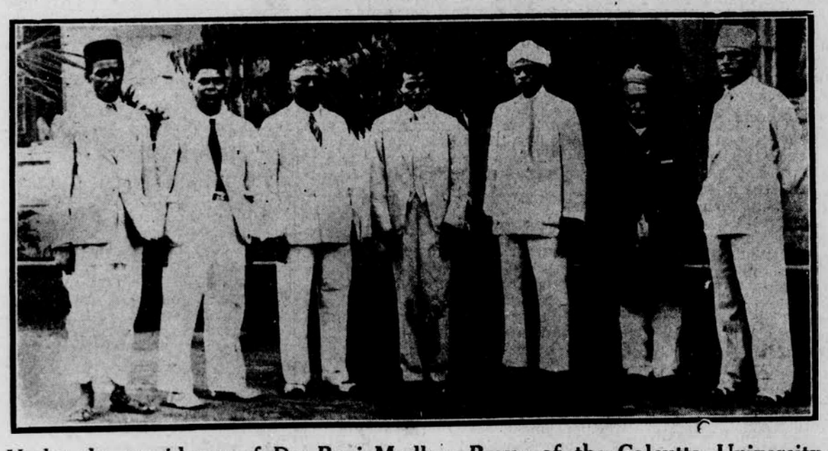
JUBBULPORE, May 28.

The mysterious disappearance of Durga Pershad, a wealthy man of a village in Jubbulpore District was solved by the discovery of his dead body, in an advanced state of decomposition at the bottom of a deep ravine.

It is presumed that the body was thrown after he was done to death.

The victim, Durga Pershad, belonged to Bhilari village and had been missing from his home for six days prior to the discovery of his body.

Police investigations are proceeding.—United Press.



Under the presidency of Dr. Beni Madhav Barua of the Calcutta University, Buddha's 2558th Thrice-Sacred Anniversary was celebrated at Anand Vihar, Lamington Road, on Sunday. Dr. Barua (centre) with Managing Committee of local Buddha Society.

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